



# New Caches of Stored Jap Farm Tools Found

With both State and Federal action under way to release large quantities of Japanese-owned farm machinery for use by the State's food producers, Frank M. Kramer, supervising inspector of the State Department of Agriculture, yesterday reported that new caches of stored equipment are being reported daily.

"As a result of publicity given the problem in The Times, farmers throughout the Southland are calling and writing in to report places where this idle machinery is stored," Kramer said.

Many other farmers, he declared, are complaining to the State Department of Agriculture that they are hampered in putting in as large crops as they would like to because of the shortage of man power and mechanized equipment.

One woman rancher is unable to put in a 500-acre crop of lima beans, an essential war crop, for this reason, Kramer asserted.

He said that enough Japanese-

owned machinery to farm 3000 acres had been discovered in a garage in Culver City but the caretaker of the property would not permit him to inspect it. Explaining that he had wired to Federal Relocation officials for permission to investigate this equipment, he said that the State Department of Agriculture was continuing with its survey.

"We hope to cut the red tape and get some of this machinery in the hands of our food producers in time to help them," he added.

*Send me, Sentinel*

Saturday, March 6, 1943

## Former WRA Chief 'Gratified' By Reopening of Army to Nisei

In a letter to the Pacific Citizen, official JACL weekly, Milton Eisenhower, associate director of the office of War Information and former director of WRA, declared that he is "deeply gratified" by the War Department's decision of reopening the army to nisei soldiers. The text of his letter follows:

"Like millions of Americans, I was deeply gratified when our government reopened the ranks of our Army to loyal Americans of Japanese descent. Those who are eligible for enlistment have an opportunity to make a particularly significant contribution to our common fight for a better

world.

"This war will end in absolute triumph for the United Nations. This war must usher in a day of greater decency and brotherhood among all men. In such a war, the participation of men from every land, men of every descent, is the strongest possible force and guarantee for a reborn and strengthened freedom.

"The Japanese-Americans who have faith in our common cause and our common future will share an adversity which must inevitably lead to the sharing of greater and enduring democracy."

# California Legislative Actions Seek to Revoke Citizenship of American-Born Japanese

Lowrey, Thurman Texts Indicate Line of Attack on Nisei in America

SACRAMENTO—Two legislative resolutions, which are directed at Americans of Japanese ancestry, were introduced in the California state assembly on Jan. 7.

Both memorialize the President and Congress to enact legislation to restrict the rights of American-born Japanese.

One, introduced by Assemblyman Lloyd Lowrey, would revoke the citizenship of any American holding dual citizenship, although the supporters of the resolution indicate that it is aimed specifically at American-born Japanese.

The other, introduced by Assemblyman Thurman of Colfax, seeks to prohibit the use of land by any person of Japanese ancestry. This resolution is similar in content to resolutions submitted by the grand juries of Imperial Los Angeles and Sutter counties.

Both bills have been referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

The texts of the two resolutions are as follows:

## THURMAN RESOLUTION

Assembly Joint Resolution No. 3—Relative to memorializing the President and the Congress of the United States to enact adequate legislation by the United States Congress to prohibit all Japanese, both alien and native-born, from owning, enjoying, using or occupying agricultural lands.

WHEREAS, The law enforcement officers of the State of California have made a complete and detailed survey of all operations of the Japanese in the 58 counties of the State of California; and

WHEREAS, The law enforcement officers of the State of California have made a complete and detailed survey of all operations of the Japanese in the 58 counties of the State of California; and

WHEREAS, As a result of such investigation, it has been found that the Alien Land Law of the State of California is, and has been for a number of years, flagrantly and openly violated by all Japanese, both alien and native-born, by numerous and ingenious schemes and devices, all of which were condoned, aided, abetted and encouraged by many American citizens; and

WHEREAS, It has been further found as a result of said investigation, that the Alien Land Law of the State of California is inadequate and unsuited to meet the war emergency which was inflicted on the Pacific Coast by the various attacks made by the Japanese upon Pearl Harbor, Alaska, and other possessions of the United States in the Pacific Ocean; and

WHEREAS, Appeal has been made to the Federal Government to evacuate and remove all Japanese, both alien and native-born, from the states bordering on the Pacific Ocean, to-wit: California, Oregon and Washington; and

WHEREAS, On March 2, 1942, the Headquarters, Western Defense Command and Fourth Army, U. S. A., at The Presidio, San Francisco, Cal., did by Proclamation No. 1, issued under and by authority of Executive Order 9066, dated February 19, 1942, by the President of the United States, establish and proclaim certain military areas on the Pacific Coast from the Mexican border to the Canadian border, designated as Prohibited Zone "A1," and restricted Zone "B," and did in said

proclamation require and order all Japanese, both alien and native-born, to be immediately evacuated from said zones; and

WHEREAS, That by reason of the emergency which now exists, this is the proper time for the enactment of necessary and proper legislation and the adoption of such Constitutional Amendment for the protection and preservation of our American rights and to restrict the Japanese, either alien or native-born, from becoming citizens of the United States, or to own, hold, enjoy, occupy or use agricultural lands in the States of California, Oregon, Washington, or any of the States of the United States; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly and Senate of the State of California, jointly, That the State of California through its legislature respectfully memorializes the President and the Congress of the United States to enact the necessary federal legislation or Constitutional Amendment as will prohibit and prevent any Japanese, either alien or native-born, from becoming a citizen of the United States, or to own, hold, enjoy, occupy or use any of the agricultural lands in any or either of the states of the United States of America; and be it further

Resolved, That the governor of the State of California is hereby requested to transmit copies of this resolution to the President and Vice President of the United States, the speaker of the House of Representatives and to each senator and member of the House of Representatives from the State of California in the Congress of the United States, and that such senators and members are respectfully urged to support such legislation.

## LOWREY RESOLUTION

Assembly Joint Resolution No. 5—Relative to memorializing the Congress of the United States to initiate proper action and legislation to determine the identity, and forfeit the citizenship of those holding a dual citizenship in any other country and prohibiting such citizenship.

WHEREAS, The war in which the United States is engaged has focused attention upon certain traitorous and disloyal elements in the citizenship of this country which have used their technical citizenship; and

WHEREAS, Attention has also been focused on nationals of foreign countries, who have regarded their primary and real loyalty to the country of their origin and their American citizenship as only

# Fighting War Ahead

## Survivors Explain Slow Growth Pacific Fronts

### ZOIDES

Recent weeks are obviously secondary in importance and devoid of particular significance. Besides, whatever major activity is to take place in Burma will have to be limited by weather conditions. As a matter of fact, less than three months still remain before the monsoon rains set in.

### Not Smooth Yet

Speaking of the United Nations, it is quite evident that we have not as yet reached the

a necessary convenience in securing the material and political advantages which this great nation holds forth; and

WHEREAS, These elements have been weakening factors in the unified body of loyal Americans believing in the traditions and principles of American democracy; and

WHEREAS, An outstanding evidence of the existence of these elements has been the acceptance of a dual citizenship status by acknowledging allegiance to the sovereignty of their native country, particularly among the Japanese, German Bundists and Italian Fascists; and

WHEREAS, Foreign countries have held forth such dual citizenship status for their nationals in this country for the purpose of retaining their sovereignty and jurisdiction over said nationals and for the purpose of commanding their loyalty and obedience in peace and in war; and

WHEREAS, This war has made us aware of the necessity of scrutinizing more carefully our citizenship in order that by infiltration of disloyal elements our democratic processes are not perverted from their original purposes and used against our own interests; and

WHEREAS, The safety and protection of the American democracy requires the immediate weeding out of said disloyal elements and the forfeiture of, and exclusion from, American citizenship of those nationals of other countries practicing dual citizenship or for whom dual citizenship is held out; and therefore,

Be it resolved by the Assembly

# DECLARES TO HONOR VIET PACT

## Agreement to Be Cited, Foreign Minister; Argentina Praised

By Associated Press  
intends to respect her pact with Soviet and assumes that the government will do the Japanese foreign minister, Isayuki Tani, declared, according to versions by Axis radios.

Speech to parliament version recorded by Associated Press quoted Tani that Tokyo's "policy of the neutrality pact and union concluded, has undergone no change. This attitude, he based on the assumption that the Soviet government likewise respect the

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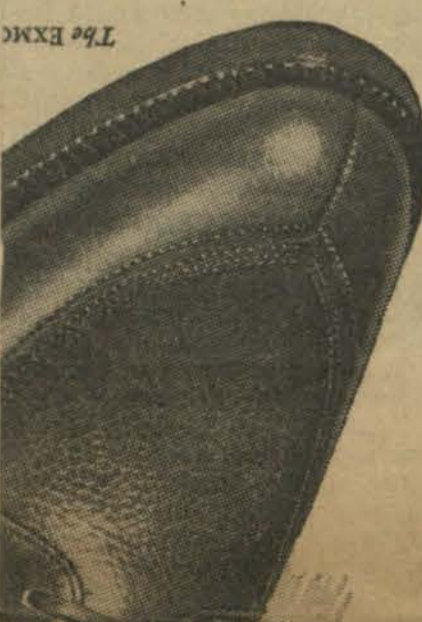
and Senate of the State of California, jointly, That the Congress of the United States be, and the same is hereby memorialized to institute proper action and legislation: (1) To determine the identity of those persons in this country of Japanese ancestry or otherwise subscribing to citizenship, or making themselves amenable to sovereignty, of any other country; (2) to forfeit the American citizenship of such persons, and (3) to prohibit any person now or heretofore holding or exercising a dual citizenship from being or ever becoming an American citizen; and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be forwarded to the President and Vice President of the United States, to the speaker of the House of Representatives and to each Senator and Member of the House of Representatives in the Congress of the United States from California.

are exposing a large in vital war

the supply of rubber which they previously obtained from the southwest Pacific regions, they now are so uneasy and distressed they cannot succeed in concealing their predicament."

**FLORIAN**  
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## Removed Japs Keep Residence Rights

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and recently had been photographed receiving prominent visitors.

(The theory has been expressed in various quarters since Hitler failed to speak at the 10th anniversary party in Berlin Jan. 30 that Germany's present period of mourning for her setbacks in Russia might actually have been caused by Hitler's death.)

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# Los Angeles

FRIDAY MORNING,

## Vegetable Given Charge



## Vegetable Lack Feared

Scarcity of Tomatoes, Beans and Squash Declared Likely Soon

Despite an encouraging flow of eggs to the Los Angeles market during the last week, the food outlook took another serious turn yesterday as two government officials forecast probable new shortages.

Just returned from a survey of Imperial and Coachella valleys, Frank M. Kramer, supervising inspector for the California State Department of Agriculture, declared:

"Southern California is faced with an acute scarcity within the next 10 days of early tomatoes, beans and squash as a result of the disastrous freeze of Jan. 19, which killed 80 per cent of the plantings of these three crops in the Imperial and Coachella regions."

### OUTPUT DIMINISHED

He and others also called attention to the diminished vegetable production, expected from manpower shortages, and recommended increased importation of Mexican workers. Indorsing The Times' Victory Garden project, Kramer said:

"Every one who can should start a Victory Garden at once."

The other warning of a possible scarcity came from Dr. Arthur G. Coons, economist and State price officer of the O.P.A.

### DISTRIBUTION PROBLEM

"Unless the distribution system is made more uniform, there is the danger that rationing may simply freeze whatever maldistribution already exists," Dr. Coons warned.

Pointing out that rationing of meat won't work unless the meat is distributed properly throughout the nation and available to those who have ration coupons and the money to buy, Dr. Coons suggested that government allocation of meat to specific areas may be necessary.

### CONDITIONS ABNORMAL

"The problem of uniform and equitable distribution over the nation of the supply of scarce commodities cannot be solved simply by manipulation of prices," said Dr. Coons. "Too much blame for our shortages has been placed on price ceilings. They may be and often are one factor. But they are not the only factor. Wartime economic conditions are not normal. Under scarcity, producers sell where possible to the nearest outlet, neglecting those more distant."

The economist then explained that the evenness of distribution cannot be assured solely through price adjustments, even if freight differentials are taken into consideration.

### TRADE CONNECTIONS

"Trade connections," he said, "play an important part. To perfect rationing, more uniform distribution must be assured and it may be that the only dependable device will be the use of special allocations by geographical areas and by types of outlets to consumers to assure that goods will be reasonably available when consumers present their coupons."

"While allocations may prove to be imperative, the O.P.A. meanwhile is working to improve its price regulations at all levels of distribution. Particularly do we wish to have in effect, before meat rationing, a relatively uniform national scheme of specific dollars and cents retail prices for the prime meat cuts."

"In order to assure reasonably uniform supplies at the retail

## Army to Accept Loyal Japanese

Starting Feb. 23 Men in Relocation Centers May Apply for Duty

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 5. (AP)—Patriotic Japanese in California's two large relocation centers will have the opportunity starting Feb. 23 of proving their loyalty to the United States—an opportunity which many have long looked forward to. Col. Kenneth H. Leitch, State Director of Selective Service, disclosed today.

On and after that date, Col. Leitch announced, Japanese who are suitable for general military service will, in accordance with Army orders, be permitted to volunteer for combat duty.

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# Jap Fanatical Fighting Shows Long War Ahead

Reports From Hornet's Survivors Explain Slow Advance of Allies on South Pacific Fronts

BY POLYZOIDES

Details of the sinking of the U.S.S. Hornet, as given out by survivors, have once more testified to the desperate determination with which the enemy is fighting against us. There is something weird and uncanny about the way in which the Japanese are carrying on their war, never for a moment giving a thought to their individual selves and going into battle with a kind of fanaticism seldom encountered in the annals of modern wars. To ignore the difficulties attending our struggle with Japan is worse than foolish and, under certain conditions, it may prove suicidal.

### Explains Slowness

This situation goes a long way in explaining the long series of operations in the Solomons, Guadalcanal, New Guinea and everywhere where we came to blows with the enemy. And it does not necessarily take a military expert or a professional strategist to prove that if the time element involved so far in our operations in the Pacific should become the standard of measurement, it will take many years before the fighting is brought closer home to the major Japanese positions, to say nothing of striking at the very heart of the empire.

### Battle to Survive

This is so well understood throughout the country today that the need of the greatest budget of any country in all history is accepted without grumbling, while the realization that this is everybody's individual and personal war is no longer a matter of discussion. This conflict will have to take, in our country, the same aspect that it has taken in China, during the last five years, or in Russia since 1941. The only difference being that America has not been invaded and that our production, far from being impaired, is growing by leaps and bounds, breaking every previous record of accomplishment.

### Attack Ring of Steel

The enemy has thrown a ring of steel around his Pacific conquests all the way from the Aleutian island of Kiska to the proximity of Guadalcanal. Our task is to break through that ring, either to the north reaching the strongholds of the Caroline Islands or the Marianas, or to the northwest where the Philippines are awaiting the avengers of Bataan and Corregidor. These seem to be our immediate objectives, although at this writing they seem rather remote. Malaya, the Dutch East Indies and Burma are still out of the picture so far as immediate realities are concerned.

China and India in themselves constitute perhaps the key to the solution of the entire Asiatic situation but both are still in the problem stage. Such minor moves in Burma as were recorded in

recent weeks are obviously secondary in importance and devoid of particular significance. Besides, whatever major activity is to take place in Burma will have to be limited by weather conditions. As a matter of fact, less than three months still remain before the monsoon rains set in.

### Not Smooth Yet

Speaking of the United Nations, it is quite evident that we have not as yet reached the point where we have an effective and smooth-working organization embodying the entire membership. There is plenty of evidence of Anglo-American co-operation in North Africa, of the fullest and most successful teamwork between the United States and Australia, especially in New Guinea. Our splendid airmen under Lieut. Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell and Brig. Gen. Claire Chenault are lending a helping hand to China. And we manage to supply Russia to the best of our ability. But it is not enough.

### Nazis Powerful

Meanwhile our naval and air forces in the Pacific are holding the line against Japanese power in the same way that the land forces of Russia are smashing Hitler's armies on the Don and in the Caucasus. Anglo-American efforts made it possible for us to get a foothold in North Africa, as well as Morocco, clear through to Senegal. But although the British forces have successfully negotiated the long road from El Alamein to Misurata and although they are within striking distance of Tripoli it is still a fact that Nazi power remains supreme in continental Europe and is troublesome in the Mediterranean.

### Must Do More

Who is to blame for all this? Possibly ourselves and the fact that we still want to win the war without any too great interference with our peacetime comforts. The shift from peace to wartime psychology has taken us much longer than any other belligerent. And in so doing we have allowed the enemy to gain some advantages that should remain only temporary, if our war is to end not only victoriously but within a reasonable length of time.

It is in this connection that the request of \$100,000,000 for our war effort, coupled with some of the most striking evidence of the character of our task in the Pacific, is already acting as a warning and as a call to arms for the nation. This is nothing less than a mass levy of man power resources and enthusiasm for something more than a cause, because this war has to do with our very existence as a power and as a nation.

[Hear Dr. Polyzoides over Station KHJ every Sunday evening at 9:45.]

# I DECLARES TO HONOR VIET PACT

Agreement to Be Signed, Foreign Minister Says; Argentina Praised

By Associated Press

Argentina intends to respect her pact with Soviet Union and assumes that the government will do the Japanese foreign minister, Masayuki Tani, declared according to versions of his speech to parliament broadcast by Axis radios.

A version recorded by the Associated Press quoted Tani as saying that Tokyo's "policy of neutrality pact with the Soviet union concluded in 1941, has undergone no change." This attitude, he said, was based on the assumption that the Soviet government likewise respect the

### NEUTRALITY SEEN

pressing the diet as it after a long new year session marked that "almost all states, including those now succumbed to the Axis, are members of the United

States and will maintain friendly relations with Argentina and her allies.

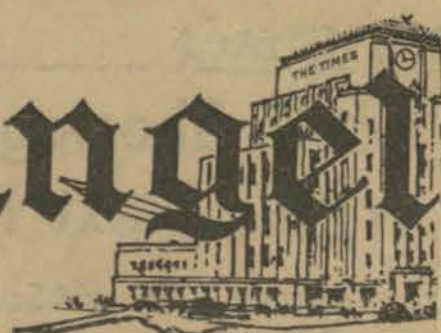
Argentina maintains its neutrality and this (United States) assurance we shall endeavor to secure for our aid. "It is the desire of the Argentine government to continue relations with Argentina."

Foreign Minister Tani said that victory over Japan's armed forces last year had laid the basis for certain victory in the United States and

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**FLOR**  
**ALL DAY**  
**KEEP ON THE**

The EXMC



## Reuters Says Hitler at His Headquarters

LONDON, Feb. 6. (AP)—A Reuters dispatch from Zurich today said reports have been received in Switzerland that Adolf Hitler is at his military headquarters and recently had been photographed receiving prominent visitors.

(The theory has been expressed in various quarters since Hitler failed to speak at the 10th anniversary party in Berlin Jan. 30 that Germany's present period of mourning for her setbacks in Russia might actually have been caused by Hitler's death.)

# TANI DECLARES JAPS TO HONOR SOVIET PACT

Neutrality Agreement to Be  
Respected, Foreign Minister  
Asserts; Argentina Praised

By Associated Press

Japan intends to respect her neutrality pact with Soviet Russia and assumes that the Soviet government will do the same, the Japanese foreign minister, Masayuki Tani, declared yesterday, according to versions of his speech to parliament broadcast by Axis radios.

A Berlin version recorded by the Associated Press quoted Tani as saying that Tokyo's "policy of respecting the neutrality pact with the Soviet union concluded in April, 1941, has undergone no modification." This attitude, he added, was "based on the assumption that the Soviet government would likewise respect the pact."

### U. S. INFLUENCE SEEN

Tani, addressing the diet as it reconvened after a long new year recess, remarked that "almost all the American states, including Chile, have now succumbed to the pressure of the United States."

Chile broke diplomatic relations with the Axis last week, leaving Argentina the only American state still on friendly terms with Japan and her allies.

"Should Argentina maintain her policy of neutrality notwithstanding this (United States) pressure we shall entertain all the more respect for her," Tani said. "It is the desire of Japan to continue friendly relations with Argentina."

The same session heard Premier General Tojo outline Japan's position in the war.

Premier Tojo said that victory achieved by Japan's armed forces during the past year had laid the foundations for certain victory over the United States and Britain.

The premier boasted that Japan's position both for offense and defense had been completed by the establishment of outlying bases and by the acquisition of vast natural resources.

"In contrast to our position," he said, "the United States and Britain—which boasted of their wealth and resources before the war—now are exposing a great shortage in vital war resources."

"As for the supply of rubber and tin which they previously obtained from the southwest Pacific regions, they now are so uneasy and distressed they cannot succeed in concealing their predicament."

## Serious Japanese Quake Predicted

SCHENECTADY (N.Y.) Feb. 7. (U.P.)—According to the law of averages Japan should not be far from another serious earthquake—perhaps this year—the Rev. J. S. Lynch, S.J., of Fordham University, declared in a General Electric Science Forum address here.

Speaking on the subject of "Earthquakes in Japan," Father Lynch said that the last major earthquake in that country was in 1933 when 3000 lives were lost.

"The quake previous to 1933, strangely enough, was in 1923," he pointed out. "Will the next be in 1943?"

A resolution proposing the plan to form a United States Army unit of Japanese who are now in the United States.

## Japs Display Worry in Korea

BY YONGJEUNG KIM

Director of Public Relations United Korean Committee in America

Through their trickery the Japanese occupy more territories than they can swallow, and Korea as a dagger pointed toward the heart of Japan has just assumed new importance.

Now, Tojo is as jittery as Hitler in Europe.

According to a wireless message received by the United Korean Committee in America from the Korean Provisional Government exiled in Chungking, which was established by the people of Korea when they declared their independence in 1919, the Korean borders are closed airtight by the Japanese. No one is permitted to enter or leave the country even to and from the occupied territory of Manchuria. It seems that the Japanese are ominously nervous. Among many guesses it may mean that the Koreans are about to revolt openly against the long-threatened conscription or the Japanese are secretly preparing to try to blitz Vladivostok before Hitler is crushed in Russia.

It has been the practice of the enemy to slaughter Koreans under cover so that no news of the atrocities would leak out. Whether it is meant for the Koreans or for the Russians, as usual a smoke screen of secrecy is laid before the Japs start committing their treachery.

As far as Japan's continental campaign and its national defense are concerned, Korea holds the key. If the Japanese are driven out of the peninsula their armies in Manchuria and China will be isolated and it will place their home islands in a very vulnerable position. Therefore they will try to hold Korea at any cost. But the Koreans are only hiding time to strike their ancient enemy. A free Korea will spell the end of the Japanese menace in the Pacific.

### MISSION OF AGGRESSION

When Japan seized her peaceful neighbor, Korea, in 1905, it was the beginning of her divine mission of aggression. The methods which she used put Hitler to shame. In 1904 she attacked Russia on the pretext of preserving Asiatic security and forced upon Korea a treaty which amounted to a defensive and offensive alliance. Korea had no malicious intent of any territorial gain, but she was forced to accept the unwanted "alliance" against her will just because she was hopelessly unarmed. The Japanese on the other hand had no altruistic desire to defend Korea, but they had ulterior motives. They wanted to use her harbors and highways and eliminate Korean hostility at the time when they were at war with Russia. Finally they wanted a bloodless conquest of Korea by infiltration of their troops under the terms of treaty. In a modern sense the Japanese employed fifth-column methods.

What did Japan do with her hand-picked "ally" after the victorious conclusion of the war in 1905? Did she share the spoils with her "ally"? No, Japan shamelessly strangled the ancient kingdom with her triumphant army despite the fact that she guaranteed the independence and territorial integrity of the Korean Empire in the "Treaty of Alliance."

On August 29, 1910, Tokyo with bayonet point imposed upon Korea a final treaty of annexation in which it said, "The Emperor of Korea is to make complete and permanent cession to the Emperor of Japan of all rights of sovereignty over the whole of Korea." It was certainly a handsome present—an empire. What a beautiful lie! For centuries Korea had been standing guard on the mainland against Japanese invasions and had been a stumbling block in their road to conquest. Finally they cleared away this obstacle. Not only the 4000-year-old freedom of 23,000,000 people was destroyed but the security of Asia as well.

### JAPAN'S MISTAKE

It was a Korean "Pearl Harbor." The people of the Land of Morning Calm have never forgotten Japanese treachery and the traditional hate for their aggressor has been inflamed more than ever now. They have sworn to avenge their country and restore freedom. They have been continuously fighting their enemy actively and passively. It was a mistake on the part of Japan to try to conquer the people whose civilization and love for freedom are stronger than her own. The Koreans will never submit to the barbaric rule. Realizing this fact, the Japanese did not dare reduce their vigilance and armed forces in Korea and have therefore increased the number of the occupational army.

## Worker Shortage Inquiry Approved

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9. (AP)—An investigation into the farm and industrial labor shortage in the Pacific Coast and Rocky Mountain States was approved today by the Senate Military Affairs Committee.

The committee recommended Senate passage of a resolution directing a subcommittee to make the western trip and agreed it should be headed by Senator Downey (D.) Cal.

The resolution would authorize an expenditure up to \$5000 to cover the cost of finding means of relieving shortages threatening "the efficient and successful prosecution of the war."

## U. S. SETBACK HELD SPUR TO JAP LEADERS

Former Secret Agent Warns of West Coast Attacks; Deplores Delay in Offensive

"Our setback in Africa will greatly encourage the Japanese to launch sporadic submarine and air attacks against the West Coast," Kilsco K. Haan, Sino-Korean People's League Washington representative warned here yesterday.

Addressing a Los Angeles Credit Men's Association meeting at the Biltmore, Haan, who formerly was an American Secret Service agent in Hawaii, added:

"It must not be forgotten that General Jiro Minami of the Japanese Privy Council declared they would be ready for action against this coast between June and October."

He deplored the delay in launching a vigorous attack against Japan.

"By not hitting at their weakest spot, we are giving them time to consolidate," he said. Their weakest spot is the Kurile Islands, 850 miles from Kiska. If American forces occupied those islands, they could strike at the heart of Japan and force her to call in her forces to protect the home country."

He warned the delay is also playing into the hands of Japan psychologically, giving her time to indoctrinate people in captured territories with the theory of "the inevitability of Japan's success," and promising "independence under a dominant Far Eastern policy."

Senator Ward revealed that a group had been organized in Santa Barbara to discuss this "important problem," and hopes that it will be extended to a statewide basis.

Reduction of higher bracket income taxes and the raising of personal exemptions was urged in a resolution presented by the tax committee under chairmanship of Horace S. Wilson.

The move, it was stated, should be made in view of the fact that under the new Federal budget, California's share will be about \$3,500,000,000 or some 12 times the amount of all property taxes collected in California.

**ANTICIPATED SURPLUS**  
The reduction, it was stated, could be based on the anticipated \$90,000,000 general fund surplus next June 30. It was also urged that Federal income taxes be made state deductible items, and that the Legislature aid local taxpayers by subsidies to local governments.

Harold Miles, Southern Pacific special representative, urged support for repeal of the California Full Crew law of 1911, which makes mandatory three brakemen for every freight train of 50 or more cars, and additional brakemen for every 25 cars extra.

## JAP EXCLUSION BEFORE COURT

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 19.—(INS)—The contention that liberty for all classes, creeds and races is at issue was raised today as arguments opened before seven Federal judges of the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeal in three cases testing constitutionality of Army orders excluding American-born Japanese from certain West Coast areas.

The three Japanese who filed the appeals, all of whom were convicted of violating the military orders, are Fred T. Korematsu, 23-year-old Oakland high school graduate; Minoru Yasui of Portland, Ore., who as a student at the University of Oregon won a reserve commission in the U. S. Army, and Gordon K. Hirabayashi, former University of Washington student and Boy Scout leader.

While legal representatives of the Federal Government, state of California and the Army listened attentively, Frank L. Walters of Seattle, one of the attorneys for the Japanese declared:

"If this can be done to the Japanese of American birth it can be done to the Chinese, Negroes, Jews, religious organizations and other minority groups, and we will face the danger that when our boys come back from the front they will find the liberty for which they fought wiped out."

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# Serious Japanese Quake Predicted

SCHENECTADY (N.Y.) Feb. 7. (U.P.)—According to the law of averages Japan should not be far from another serious earthquake—perhaps this year—the Rev. J. S. Lynch, S.J., of Fordham University, declared in a General Electric Science Forum address here.

Speaking on the subject of "Earthquakes in Japan," Father Lynch said that the last major earthquake in that country was in 1933 when 3000 lives were lost.

"The quake previous to 1933, strangely enough, was in 1923," he pointed out. "Will the next be in 1943?"

A resolution protecting the plan to form a United States Army unit of Japanese who are American citizens but who now are held with other Japanese in control centers on military orders was adopted yesterday by Los Angeles Parlor No. 45 of the Native Sons of the Golden West.

"The enrollment of Japanese would be inimical to the welfare of California, the United States and will undoubtedly create a dangerous threat to a proper and adequate defense of this country," the resolution states in part.

The group asks that Congress nullify the "declared intention of the War Department to organize and enroll such a unit."

# Worker Shortage Inquiry Approved

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9. (AP)—An investigation into the farm and industrial labor shortage in the Pacific Coast and Rocky Mountain States was approved today by the Senate Military Affairs Committee.

The committee recommended Senate passage of a resolution directing a subcommittee to make the western trip and agreed it should be headed by Senator Downey (D.) Cal.

The resolution would authorize an expenditure up to \$5000 to cover the cost of finding means of relieving shortages threatening "the efficient and successful prosecution of the war."

# U.S. SETBACK HELD SPUR TO JAP LEADERS

Former Secret Agent Warns of West Coast Attacks; Deplores Delay in Offensive

"Our setback in Africa will greatly encourage the Japanese to launch sporadic submarine and air attacks against the West Coast," Kilsoo K. Haan, Sino-Korean People's League Washington representative warned here yesterday.

Addressing a Los Angeles Credit Men's Association meeting at the Biltmore, Haan, who formerly was an American Secret Service agent in Hawaii, added:

"It must not be forgotten that General Jiro Minami of the Japanese Privy Council declared they would be ready for action against this coast between June and October."

He deplored the delay in launching a vigorous attack against Japan.

"By not hitting at their weakest spot, we are giving them time to consolidate," he said. Their weakest spot is the Kurile Islands, 850 miles from Kiska. If American forces occupied those islands, they could strike at the heart of Japan and force her to call in her forces to protect the home country."

He warned the delay is also playing into the hands of Japan psychologically, giving her time to indoctrinate people in captured territories with the theory of "the inevitability of Japan's success," and promising "independence under a dominant Far Eastern policy."

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# JAP EXCLUSION BEFORE COURT

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 19.—(INS)—The contention that liberty for all classes, creeds and races is at issue was raised today as arguments opened before seven Federal judges of the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeal in three cases testing constitutionality of Army orders excluding American-born Japanese from certain West Coast areas.

The three Japanese who filed the appeals, all of whom were convicted of violating the military orders, are Fred T. Korematsu, 23-year-old Oakland high school graduate; Minoru Yasui of Portland, Ore., who as a student at the University of Oregon won a reserve commission in the U. S. Army, and Gordon K. Hirabayashi, former University of Washington student and Boy Scout leader.

While legal representatives of the Federal Government, state of California and the Army listened attentively, Frank L. Walters of Seattle, one of the attorneys for the Japanese declared:

"If this can be done to the Japanese of American birth it can be done to the Chinese, Negroes, Jews, religious organizations and other minority groups, and we will face the danger that when our boys come back from the front they will find the liberty for which they fought wiped out."

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# Halt to Farm Inductions

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Asserting the nation already has under arms "more men than it can transport and maintain abroad," Senator Downey (D.) Cal., called today for an immediate halt to military inductions.

He said more farm help is needed to avert "world-wide hunger."

Downey told reporters Agriculture Secretary Claude Wickard's testimony before the Military Committee yesterday that he could not guarantee 1943 food production goals on the basis of available farm workers would bring increased Congressional demands for a lowering of military personnel goals.

As he spoke, Senator Reynolds, chairman of the committee, added his voice to the growing clamor for a re-examination of military and industrial manpower demands.

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# Pacific Years

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# JAPS' STATUS IN POSTWAR ERA DISCUSSED

## State Chamber Hears Views of State Senator Ward; Tax Reduction Another Topic

"Sharp revision of the status of Japanese in America must be made at the end of the war," State Senator Clarence C. Ward of Santa Barbara told a California State Chamber of Commerce Southern Council meeting at the Biltmore Hotel yesterday.

"While those who are American citizens are entitled to full protection of the 14th Amendment," he stated, "a trend of thought must be started which will forever abolish some of the unsound thinking that has prevailed."

The peace treaty, he stated, must force Japan to forever relinquish her claims of dual citizenship, Japanese language schools must be abolished, and Japan must never again be allowed to promote financially or otherwise the business interests of any Japanese in this country.

### CUSTOMS ASSAILED

Further, the Senator declared, such a foreign custom as fathers selling their daughters in marriage must be ended, and legislation passed which will in fact enforce the intent of the alien land law by making it impossible for an alien Japanese to profit by becoming the guardian of a minor.

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## United Nations Speakers Here Warn Military Domination Necessary to Keep Nipponese in Line

Bad news for Japan on another front besides Guadalcanal was shaped up in Los Angeles yesterday.

This time it was on the punishment and retribution front, for use after the war.

The United Nations Committee of Southern California, representing a cross section of world opinion, heard a hard-boiled analysis of what must be done to and for Japan following the "unconditional surrender" outlined in the Roosevelt-Churchill Casablanca conference.

It was told that there must be complete and absolute military domination of Japan by United Nations forces.

### NO TRUSTWORTHY GROUP

It was told there is not a single group in Japan worthy of being trusted with any peace negotiations or governmental political control because every single one is dedicated in one way or another to the goal of gaining world domination.

It was told that the United Nations must rigorously supervise Japanese education for at least two generations to root out the Japanese idea of trying to rule the universe.

It was told that China must have a large voice in the regional supervision of the Nipponese.

These definite opinions and conclusions were offered to the committee by spokesmen for several of the many nations making up the membership.

John B. Hughes, representing the United States, in a discussion presided over by the Netherlands Consul, Dr. Adrian Hartog, declared that even the so-called conservatives of Japan could not possibly be trusted because they would try to conquer the world by a slow economic penetration—just as they undermined Siam—and that therefore in the long run they are just as dangerous as the violent militarists, with whom they disagree only on methods.

### BREAK UP MYTHS

He contended that during a long period of rigid supervision there must be such an absolute control of education that the Japanese myth of a superior race is eliminated.

Two Chinese, offering unofficial opinions as individuals, voiced the view that this being a practical world there undoubtedly will be some Japanese left in the world after the war and that trade with them will be necessary, and that even China will participate in that trade. But they emphasized military control over the Japanese and the demand that Nippon conform through long years of tutelage to certain general rules of thinking and living be-

than any other nation—ever since its seizure in 1910—had its say. Yongjeung Kim, Korean spokesman voiced the hope that if Japan's military defeat is complete enough there will be no need to worry about the Japanese threat "for some time to come." He pointed out that after Korea trounced Japan back in the 1500's, Japan had to be good for three centuries.

The main point of agreement seemed to be—and this was the theme many committee members were anxious to get before the public—was that there be no negotiated peace with any faction in Japan, because all of them are untrustworthy and capable of another Pearl Harbor at any time by any means that seem handy.

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