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 MaGAZINE



$\uparrow$he sun beats fiexcely on the barrack window pones and the air hangs still and sultry.
From the dubious sanctity of our little cubby hole at 1608, I gaze across the field of shifting dust. A stiff wind picks up the dust and blows it full on a passing woman.
"I'va got to get out of here," I tell myself. "I've been here long enough." Life in the Project is meaningless and without purpose. The world will not fait for me and it will be horder eack passing day to readjust myself to normolly changing coaditions.

Yet it's hard to tear ones elf away from a scene that nolds suma pleasant memorics, especially when I recall that cortain moments wore tho happiost in my lifo. Strange it is that happy days wore spont hore within the colfinas of this projuct--bohind barbodwire fences and in the shadow of sentry towers.

This year in Tule Lake was a transition; a time borrowed for escape from tho grim roality of life we know prior to ovacuation. We wore transient workers, my father and I. In the summer, I would accompany my roll of blankets into the hot dusty pear arehards to

pick that luscious Cal ifornia fr uit which is so glamorously advertised by the states Chamber of Commerce. The white powderly arsenic spray got into our noses and oyes. The ladders are 12 foct hich and they became exceedingly heavy in the late aftemcon. We figured it would bs cheaper to stay in musty, squalid labor camp shacks, living on fish and bean soup, than to make ouds meet in the city worectac sor a Jepanoss merchant fac $\$ 50$ a month.

Aftar the leat pact wat Dean packud frum the tidos. would throw our bionkets an the outgoing truck to seak orploymatrt in the foxaus Lodi. vineyards. Jobs wore plentiful of the ranclus but the work was dirty as well as it was chacp. In the wintor, the harvest of colory was in full swing in the San Joaquin valley. Most of the Japanoso laborors wore contiant to stey in the marm city boarding housos and spend their monay during the cold winter months.

During the froquent rainy days, the men played poker in the bunkhouses. Then weather permitted, we trudged out into the wet field, our feet sink-- (Continued on pago 28)

## TULEAN Dispatch MAGAZINE SECTION

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##  REV. SHIGEO TANABE

(This is a 1 ull text of the semmon delitered by the Reveretid Shigeo Tanabe of The Tule Lake Union Church on July 27, 1943. It is being published with the -editoris' views that individual plans for relocation should not be postponed any longer. For our regular nisel personality feature, a sketch of Rev. Tanabe is presented elsewhere in this issue.)

0In some poopls our evacuation and confinement here have made no impression at ail. They will prokably emerge from all this with no serious change of heart or mind. For them this experience will be $a 11$ loss and no gain.

But for you it will be different. In spite of all that is wrong and bad about our present life y. $u$ have gained something here wich you might have missed otherwige. Tho crowded living condition here has taught you mafy valuable lossons in self-control. You have learned to be more forgiving, nore patient with your nelghbors. The noise and turmoll around you, which arc always annoying, havo strongthomed your power of concontration.

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For some of you this confinement has providad an opportuntty, never available before, to look after and dovelop the neglected side of your life. And for all of you, freedom is no longer just ar empty slogan. It is now packed with meaning reaped from hard experience.

You also lanow something about what it means to have your earthly treasures and securities stripped from you. And this experience has helped everyone here to get down nearer to the bed-rock of life. And so wo might go on cataloguing your gains.

But it seems to me that the time has nov cone for you to leave this camp iife. I would not saty that there is sowethlrg wrong with you if you do not leave. That would be woliy lackine in sympathy and understanding. Some of you are nct in a gosition to da part this summer or thie foalu. You javo your ona personal problems to take care of. It nay ba that it's your well-reasoned out cholec not to go our, choice which you do not oure to change or ennet change just now.

I am oonfident that you whe are detexwined to rum mein are equatly dotermatnod to make tho zost of the batter side of lifo incu. Taking wiso cut iran bouter T. Washington, you too will sack out tha adwantegis in the disadrantises of lifo here. Eruin ir therworat of human situstions you can still live nobly and creatirely, if jou so rill.

## LIFE IS TEMPORARY HERE

 your future today there aro many cogent reasons for laaving this lifa behind. Thers is a fooliag Funning through oar cammuity that lifo hara is tenporary. The Japanise word "kari-ni" is being overWorkic. This attitude colors life here from top to bottor. This feeling of tomporarinegs is-refloctod in our work, in our specch. in our mannors, in our social pattorns, even in our friendships.Life hare runs along on tho surface. It's super-
ficial and shallow. Nothing is done from the 3 depth of your being. Life here is only an imitation. As one young woman said, "Yau just can't put your heart and soul into the thing you are doine." This kind of living robs you of lifels deeper satisfactions. The deepest joys and the richest gifts in lifé come to you only as you live from the very depth of your porsonality.

Here is something else which is part of tho vary air you breaths each day. It has now become your deep-scated habit to blame somebody out there, sometimos the eovorument, somatimes the army, semotimes tha gancral puolio outside, for the plight jou are 17. Of course I roslize that cur errecuation has been a terrible failura from srazy point of view. In spite of the foecnt ruliag of the United Ststes Supern court, I an convinesd that tho wholeselo remuval of Anerican aitizons at least was uot altogother wise and just.

But on tio other hand, this unforgiving attitude, always gruabling and blaming somebody elso for the troublo you aro in, will surely get tho better of you. It will warp 3 lur peraonality. To live continuously in this atmusphore of unforgetton gruage con bixly dry us yuar innor roscureas and finally nako you incapable of ceping with lifomsituations later. You have suen moral dwarfs, whe aro alvays blaming tho circumstonces or somobody else for their ow moral failuros.

It is a well known Eact to you that the farm which you own and oporate or the business which you ecatrol gives you a fooling ef security. But when the evacuation came along it stripped our pecple of overything, and this in turn swopt away their froling ot thoir own im


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portance; their sense of security.

## REGAIN YOUR SENSE OF SECURITY:

Fifhen a human being is deprived of his sense of security and feels cornered by a life-situation one of two things can happen to him. He either comes to his senses like the famous prodigal son and repents, "I have sinned against God," Or he gives up part of his humanity. That is to say, he tends to be less and less of somebcay and more and more of nobody. The tendency is for him to forfeit his high privileges and forego the rasponsiblitios of being a real person, and reduce himself to a clay man wio has ro sense of duty or obligation. This temptation to be nobody is frightfully contagious; yourre catching it and IIm catching it; and in the end it will stunt the growth of your personvility.

I don't want to be too personal about this, bat people here admit therselvas that thaz are stinne lazy. But they were not born lazy, not any wroe than people of other races. Laziness is just a ncther way of saying that they are on thair way to bacoming nobody.

I cannct think that our race of all the races ases born with the speciel instinct to carry away lumber belonging to the govormmant. Stealing in our caso
 is another way of saying that we have given up the responsibility of boing real parsons.

Thore is a general feeliag of irresponsibility running through this community. Last fall no one cared whether the potato crop wes harvested or nót. This attitude also can be traced hank to the loss of our sanse ot security. This txond
downard from the human to the animal level can breed all sorts of rulgarlties and indecencies in our speech, in our manners, in our relationships with one another. But on the other hand, there is every reason to believe that if and when the people here find a new sense of security, as a few have already done, the moral life here will be lifted up. You might make a note of this that people who never lost their sense of security because their lives were anchored in things unshakable and permanent have even grown in their moral stature since coming to this Center.

Here are other reasons for leaving this Center. For some of you there is a distinct gain in going back to college. There will be many opportunities for technically trained men and komen inv. Europe and isia after the war. More important still, in order to win the peace after the war there will be a great demand for mentally and morally disciplined people with a strong sense of what is right and good for men around tho world.

I have a feeling there is gruater security for you outside; and now is the time to resattlo. Jith the rising tido of racial antipathy ovor the country against $\mu \mathrm{s}$ in theso Centers the insecurity of life hers is almost sure to increase. Later on it might bacome more difficuit to got out of this piace. You certainly don!t want to be here whon the war onds. If you aro still here thon there is danger of you bocoming a lost and forgotton race.

Then too your willing noss to stay hera can bo interpretod to mean that you bolleva in race se$\cdots$ gregation or courisc you


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don't. But this conviction of yours must be translated into action at pretty nearly all cost.

Frankly speaking, there is altogether toomuch racial feeling among you; :much more than I can comfortably admit. Some of your heve prejudices against the Negroes, some against-the Filipinos and some against the Caucasians. The only way to get rid of your racial bigotry and intolerance is to get out and mingle with all sorts of men and women. Thless you are prepared to live with all races you are not yet ready to live in the brave new world. You still belong to the old worla whichis trying hard to die.

The old world. was self-centered. Avary ego taied to moke itsele secure by graspiag for mire and more power over man and over thiless. Consuquently no on e was able to breathe frealy, 10 one was frae frem feax ond millions were not fre frow wint. Hot hive had enough of the old world. You aro duterninue not to go back to its selfish motives and falge saouritios. You will soek your now cacurity in things that do not pass away with timo, in high purpose ane in God. Your heart is no longor set upon sotherine money and things for you hava lyamad in your exparience here that you "can live on lass whun you have more to live for:"

## LOVE AND FAITH

究 inolly without sucr skouldering a gun you fight for democracy and human freedom where you resettle. While others are fighting to win the war you asn strive to win the peace and a now, pragressive world-community. But in doing so it is well to remember that the only safeguard against anarchy, which is not ó nough goveramant contwole
and planning ana against tyrmny, which 1 s too much government control, and rogitantation is not simply a: better politicel set-up or a more efficient educational system but: it is something deeper, and more basic. The only saféguara is your faitit in the cod of iove who conmands you: to loove Him enough so that you will love your fellowmen. Only as you are free within to live in complete obedience to the law of love can you share in the creation of a society which guarantees froedom to men and women. --END

## relocation

Kust you sit and 1dle by?
Watch the world drift busily by?
Nays Roll up your sleeves young man!
Grab that hamer and make it swing;
Hit that anvil and make it ring
Let its echo from every corner refrain
The merry peal of countless hiands again.
Don't you see those faces----so mutely pleading?
Grab that shovel and make it swing;
Hold that hoo and make it sing.
Don't you know that we must fulfill
A dream of replenished breadbaskets for the world, still? Don't you hear that clarion call---high and claar WAKE UP! WAKE UPI WAKE UP! YAKE UPI
--Minoru Kimura

## 8 NISEI PERSONALITY ADJUSTMENT

 NISEI NEED TO FIND THEIR PERSPECTIVES THROUGH SELF-ANALYSIS. A VAIUABLE ARTICLE FOR ALL EVACUEES ESPECIALLY RESETTLERS.By JAMES SAKODA (The author is a graduate of osychology from University of Califormia. The article was written before evacuation but it still is pertinent)

Havo you noticed the for lowing behavior in your fellow nisei: झe likes to keep to hiniself and shuts up like a clam when approached by a stranger. He is axtramoly conscious of being a Japanesa.珢 is cliquish and ic jealous of the success of other nisel. He blames issel and kibei for Lic Woss. Fe is confused; ie feels insecure. All of these are sicas of a dítizbea per sunality.

## FIND THE CAUSE

Most of the sources of such uneasinèss; and even dospair, are ofter unlmow to nisei. Since the mere knowledge of tine cause of worries will reduce them tremendously or removo them entirely, we should find out exactly why wo are disturbed. Many of our inforlority complaxes, fot instadge.
cen be tracod to discrimination by Caucasians and criticisms from issai, both of wich hav; bem suavoidabls to a great extont. Our confusion can bo explained by cultural conilicts-bbing oxpastad to act in two dixforgnt yous both

 mericar and baine rategtad. It
 tho idecus and hogeas that W
 studints hara bogun to arutiou in tha face of a roalictic
 tion) and that thesc must be ruplacad uith mors practical olios.

## FACE THE FACTS

Thile kowledge of the disturbing oloments in or about us is invaluable, humanly wo want to avoid the unpleasant truth. But not until we fica the facts squarely will we be able to trakle the problem dircctly aid adequatoly. Bducation, like any investment, is a.risk, and with somu excep-
tions, it is becoming increas ingly clear that for most of us the returns are not measuring up to the original calculaticns. Thite-coll ar jobs open to nisei are usually not promising. Corsequently, most of us are afraid of becoming failures. We must ackowledge such facts in ordor to work directly on the sources of our anxieties. Any attempt to cover up realities en only result in a graater strain on our personality.

## DO SOMETHING

The standard criticism of nisei is that they complain about their plight, but do very little about it. Thile we should act-do something to change conditions--tackling the basic causes of our worries if possible, a few other indircct attacks should be noted.

## JOIN A GRJUP

From obserwation, those nisei who take an active part in some group activity have better adjusted personal ties than those who do not. It is important that those of us who are lonesome and bevildered seek the protection of some sympatinetic group. 換 should find a group well-suited to our nature, possossing ideals
and aititudes similar to ours. To become a part of this group. we must learm its ways, neither lagging behind nor forging ahead obtrusively. In a rap-idly-changing society, which is characteristic of the nisei morld, it is wise to ifollow the group. More can be gotten out of a group by finding a suitable place in it and being active in that capacity than by attempting to excel in all of the group activities.

## LOSE YOURSELF

One of the most undermining hajits to one's peace of mind is the constant preoccupation with oneself. If we could see our problem, not as being unique, but as a part of the greater Anoricar problem, it would help to shift the attention centerud on ourselves. Butter still, if we could lose ourselves in a movoment or interest that absorbed all of our onergios, we would have little timu left for self-pity. Joining a religious movement, interpreting cultures of the East and the West, and studying the problems of the nisef are all to the good. Developing an interest, whether it bo carrying on sciontific inVestigations or painting picturas or vriting poums means a chance to lose onosself. Those who want to frec thomselves of

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constantly worrying about themselves should inte rest themiselves in others or in the things that go on about them.

## PHILOSOPHY

Everyone must believe in something, and for the person who has a personality problem it is important that he possess a workable philosophy of life. Some of the standard
ones are to trust in the middle path of moderation; to see the brighter side of life; to appreciate the humbler things about us-friends, Nature; to do our best at all times and not worry about becoming failures. Religion, organized or personal, should have much to offer. Each one nust weave his own philosophy to fit his own needs. End

## Glounin

Hissing your evil molody, you rise from the goulish mie. In misty billow you rove on the sission of dacin; Swiftly you descend, whiped by the wind of wrath Stunned by your first misty blast, numbed by the next, slowly dies the fire:
Cloud my brain with your devilish mist, Dim my viston, abolish my hearta glowing light; Rust and fill my mind with bitterness of cruel delight, Then I become a disciple of hate, every joy is missed. I bolt, fright, then fall defeated under thy grasp. - The living fibers of joy are ceased; sin begins. $\therefore$ Aimlessly I drift, sails idle, for gone is the mast. - But the mind will work, the soul seek through the fog a path And dawn the path I strike into the light laughing, as gloom spits his wrath.
(This is an account of a trip made by a delegate to Student Christien Faculty Conference of Rocky Region at Estes Park, Colo., July 12-19.) by SHUJI KINURA.
Itris funny, but we had a feeling of homecoming, not whon we returned to the Tule Lake Project, but on our way out, a few hours after we left camp. It was in a little town, the first tom out of ccmp. It Wes the first gas station we saw in mofe than a yecr. The red, crecm, and light grean paint of the Associatod 011 was half obliterated, tho station was empty, the groase rack hed weeds growing by, with a rutty Ford body lying beside it, but it was a thrill. People talic about the stetue of Liberty groeting thom as they return from foreign lands, of the emotion of boing home in America again. Our Statue of Liborty was tho dilapidatod gas station.

## BIGGEST LITTLE TOWN

Heno is a charming place. It is not $a$ eity, jet it is
bigger than a town. It's supposed to be a wlcked place, but it's really virtuous. You don't have to walk down from tie sidevilx into a heavydoored basement, of climb a stair in en obscure street to gemiole. You walk in with a business-like tread into a place just like tho loading bank of a town. Aiother hallmark of Rend is the signs on the lighwey aproaching the city: "Get Married: Rings. License." It's quite a jolt to a romenticist who wints his gambling in tho "doas," and to whom maxriage vows is a mattor of tears and wilsponed words, but it is a very healthy attitude, indead.

## NEVADA

Travoling for a whole day through tho arid sagebrush country of Nevada, one begins to roalizo the moking of economics. Hour aftor hour, as far. as the oyo cen see, sogobrush and rolling hills. Contrast it with the dark timberlands of Oregor and Washingtori, their tight green pastures, or the

12 tremendous Pruit orchards, vineyards, agricultural. lands of California; or the seaports of the cosst, hazy with srcoke from liners and manufactories, and one begins to understand the contrast between the University of Nevada on the outskirts of Reno and the campus of the University of washington, imposing in its spaciousness, or the science buildings and laboratoriss of the University of Celisomia. We h„va been living in rich statsis. Then tilink of tha wealts of the graat Nississippi FaIlay, the grent citios of tho Atiantic suiboard. One beging to undorstend why liinnosote cud Wisconsin produce lasting reseurch in their laboretorios why Harverd and Yele nre grent. Woll, gentlamen, whera aic you heading?

## "NOW SHINTO"

The bus stopped at a midnight lunch counter in a small Colorado town. Tiero were some young army redio technicions telking cboutreligion. Somenow Bill Osuge, our student of philosophy, boceme involved in the conversation, and soon he was explaining about the religion of the Japanese. It may have been the beginning of a beautiful iriendship, for ke found out that those boys mere golng to

Walerge, now an army camp. A week later, up at our cabin in Istes Park, he asked me how to spell "díarrhea." He was

wcrniag kian now soldior friond about something that hit him ebout a weok cftor ho hit Ws-亡егga.

## THE NIGHT SINGAPORE FELL

the Jupereso Rethodist Churi ch of Domior is an old church. built by Gomuai Iutinerans uany years ago. Inside is dark and cool, the walls being of brick, the windours of stcined glass. He noticed thet the stained glass moscic was irroculur, and that the difforeat panos did not bclance and match aach other. The pestor then told us that on the night that singapore fell, some people had angrily tinrown rocks through the windows, and had broken wany panes. It must have been a tense time for the Japanese congregation. Fowever, the Denver council of churches
heard about the incident, asked the other churches of Denver to contribute to a fund, and used this fund to restore the windows of the Japanese church Hearing about the story, I was glad that the panes did not match. The church can turn Evil to Good.

## WILL'YA BUY ME A SANDWICH

She talked with me, walking about under the trees by the bus stop at a place called "Echo Valley" in Utah. She was as black as she could be,with a shiny face, and she wore a rumpled white cotton dress. She was a young Negro woman in her early twenties. She had got on our bus at Cheyonic. She said that she was from Momphis, Tenn., and thet she was going to Brighem, Uteh to visit the Mevy Hospitel where her husbend wes. Ho hind bean in the navy, end wo undod in action off Australia.

We perted at Ogảon. Leter at Scilt Leke, Hirosil seid to me, "Do you ramambor thet Nogro girl witir tho white dress? Aftor wo ato bruakfast this morning at that little town I found out thet all the resteurants hed refusod to scrve a Nogro. She was hungry, so she ge.ve me a quartor end asked me to buy her a sendwich. They get it plonty tough ${ }^{\text {m }}$.

I thought of her travcling
all the way from Memphis aione; I thought of her husband wounded in action. Our "Democracy" has a long ways to go yet.

## QUAKER MEFTING

On the way to lininidoke, we got into Twin Fealls early in the morning. Opening the door of the bus station, we canie face to face with Gordon Hirabayashi. We shook honds, and he told us that he was going to Minidoka too. He had heard over the radio that the supreme Court had defeated his protest as citizen ageinst the curfew and ovacuation, so he was going to visit his iriends in Niinidoka before going beck to finish his sontence. Kon, Gordon, and I decidod to bank together.

Sundey morning, Gordon thought of having a Queker Mioting beforo going to church. There viore two other Quakers in Minidoke, two Caucasion girls who wore sponding their summor as nurso's aides at the Minidoke Hospital, receiving the evacuec wagos of $\$ 16.00$ a month. Since one girl was on duty, Isthor, Schmoe and Gordon woro tho sola mampers of the "Qucker Moeting." I wis tho guest. We found our way to the edge of the irrigation canel, and found a grassy spot. Ho set.- down. For twenty minutes we set together in si-


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lence. We watched the moving water and the deep blue sky. At the end, Goidon said.in a few words, a thought that had come to him. Then we went back to camp.

That was the noraker Meeting." There is something fine about being able to sit with your friends, in silence. It is the beginning of brotherhood and true religion.

## SWAMS

At Bend, Oregon, we had the last steak dinnor before returning to the macaroni, beet, and potatoes, fish cycle of tile mess ralls. It is an expansive feeling to walk down the Main Street with a steak inside. Io and behold, at a street corner was a sign reading: MEintering Military Area No. l." \& graceful hint to the Japs to walk on the east side of the Main Street. Naturally $m y$ companion and I (one charming laćy named "filice," of 1808) walked to the west, and entered the forbidden territory. The results were gratilying. We wandered into a beautiful park-lawns, yellow and purple iris blooming, lam sprinhlers sending out their cascades, tall trees, sky half hiddon. As a beautiful background was the broed slow moving Deschutes River Rlowing through the middle of the town

We strolled. He felt the cool soft grass. At the water's edge, more iris, and then đucks and ducklings swimming about, and believe it or not, several stately white swans. Swans-min this hidden paradise. We stood and watched the beautiful creatures on the cool evening water. (I shall rom regret to my dying day that we did not hold hands.) Then we went to watci a soldier fishing for trout with oread for bait. Fie put the bread on tho hook and tied it on with a striag. Tho string inada the bread look like a bug. He didn't catcin anything while we were there. Taen we walced back to the safety of the kilitary Area iNo. 2, and barely caught tie ius for Klemath.

## WONDERFUL COUNTRY

Looking back over the tripthere is an over-all atmosphere of worider at the beauty Ena the grandeur of. the western states. So wonderfuI ib oul country--tio safobrush, the waters, the skies, the tremendous scope of the best--compered to their grandeur the evils of men and their lavs and fears seem petty, and one is tempted to become a Roussecan. But we don't want to escepe into nature. Rather, we mant to become worthy of thisgreat country.

## NISEI PERSONALITY

 THEREVEREND SHGEO TANABEThic Rev. Shigeo Tenabe, turned down an offer. to do research study in Sociology at Harvard and instead accepted a teaching position at the Aoyama Gakkuin, a Möthodist Mission school. of 3500 students, in Tokyo. Thus he forsoak the iffe of a sociologist to become a minister of the Gospel.

Born some 30 odd joers.ago in the extreme Northwest; namely, Terbook, Washington, to famer parents, Shig, as he is popularly known has faced many hardships and setbacks.

Shig leit home when he was in the eighth grade to shuffle for himself. He moved to Duvall, Washington, where he Pinished his freshman year of high school. He then mored to Seattle and attended the Broadway high school and finished his prep school training at the Garfield high school.

College beckoned and Shig enrolled at the College of Puget sound in Tecome. He decided to major in Sociology, minor in philosophy.

In the meantime two things

SKETCH NO. 2
happened: He met his present wife, then Haru Semba; he accepted the leaderahip of the Tacoma M.E. Boy Scouts and their Junior co-horts, the Cub Scouts.

Meny were the times that Shig, taking advantage of a lull in the scout meetings, would be caught red handed holding hands with Miss Semba and whispering sweet words to his lady. The cub scouts, women hatcrs to the last man, would hecle and bittorly denounce this carrying on; but to no avail.

In 1931, Shig recoived his B.A. degree from the college and was all set to further his studies in the soriologcal


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fleld at Hervard when he suctdenly decided that teaching in Japan held more fascination and interest. To Japan he went.

While in Japan, Shig made trips to Korea and China under the auspices of the Wesley Foundation. he came back a few years later, determined to eater the ministry.

He mariled his lady and ontercd the Paolfic School of Roligion in Eericoley. Aftcr gtudying threc yeers, he recoivod his first pastorata, tho Sacremento Japanese Muthodist Church.

When asked what influencod nim to enter the ministry, Rev. Tanabo repliod thet saverel factors wore rosponsiblo裡 tro change.
"Frobebly the most important wor? the Colloga wicA, my
church pastor; and Nr. Hall. father of Mrs. Helon Ritter of this Projeat, who Was My Sunday School teacher," Rev. Tanabe stated.

Rev. Tanabe's iuture plans and aims are to help the evacuees resettle, to work for the intor-racial merger of ail churcher and to eventuaily occupy the pulpit of ones of these churcies.

The buty Twio Leco paotor is prouacst of tho fact thet he made soven trips to Alaske

 s1lace.



bevo boce mazilse wa dervord



0 , Worit, thou hast not mexch To afiur at thes hour: In Itghting to a nuwer This lifo we wasts and buch - Is but our lot we aratch, inile in tho Ayril showor The manicst wajside flowir That lifts her head cen teuci Lie with a thought too deep For sons. 0 , God, this, tions

By which our own desire Eeconis divine, shall kecp Us here with joy and bliss The.t maise us all espire.

- K. $_{\text {. }}$



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The angry ring of the mess gong awakened hini. Its incessant clamor called him from the dregs of unconsciousness. He caltiously opened one sleep-3maged eyelid and oiserving the room unocupied, save for himself, omitted a loud, delicious yam. Finding its way by mere sense of touch and familiority, a strong brown hand retrieved a crumpled pack of cigarettes from a littered bed-side table. The well-trained memoer obediently picked out a droopy length of weed, plantoa it between dry lips and without hesitation began another wary search, this time for a book of matches. After completing its mission and findine his master serenely inhaling the nicotinious vapor, the hend duveloped itself into a fuirly comfortable head-rest; its brothes limb took over the task of fooding tho grabrant smoke.

The intorior of the bachelor's quarters slowly came into focus, as he languidly chowned luxuriant lungfuls of the stimulating weed. Fie made out the dusty Varga elippings, the ajirty, soot-smirchod winCwe, the greasy tawels and ties draped around the cheap canteen mirror, the diagonally nailed, G.I. blanket serving as a closet ana feebly hiding
the slip-shod hanging of its occupants. The battered card table with its. Ioad of winkl-" ed issues of the Dispatch, the browning cores of mess hall apples, the half-finished lettters, and the dog-eared poker chips, stood discouragedly in the midale of dust, dirty socks, shoes, and geta-strewn floor. The only aspect of order and neatness in the room was the display of luggages. On a fairly substantial shelf stood a goodly row of Gladstonès, Overnighters, Pullmans; and a few othar nameloss zrips. Pride of all travelers and buchelors, they stood in all their glory of batteroances, usefulness, and smucness of Personal Proporty Mo. 1

He lay there and stared at the luggages, then by maneuvering lis strong neck and by exerting his lungthy frame to its side, ha obrervod his orm Gladstones by the door. Of full rich brown Buffalo hide they :rara, lookine their importance in the array of stickers and scuffed cornors. And they werc fat too, by God, thet's right, he was going to leava tomorrow morning. "Dannits itid be good to be out again. Thi bast thing that happened in this ciamned camp", he thought, as he reached up and unpinned the memo from the Leaves Office off the wall.

It stated that one Joseph Ishit was to leave for St. Paul. Minnesota on May -, 1943 , at 10:00 a.m. May, 1943. what the hell. was I doing in May, 1942? That's right, tiwas before evacuation and was in a sweat trying to get out of corning here," he thought "But a year sure flies fast, seems like only yesterday-..."

Laughing and joking twentyodd Geology students .-sweated their toiling way up the col'orful walls of Grand Canyon. Student ixpedition during spring session--laugh and horse around, the world is your to conquer 1 --Fifteen proud, eager young men in black and white facing the worla with the stern-faced presidents: conGratulations in their ears and a. mining engineer's degree clutched in sweaty hands- fm mediate offars from one of the largest oil companies, "The hell with the starting salary, let's go boysj". Days of riding the-crazy old Dodge station wegon, through sage, mesquite and alkali ̂́ dust: Heavenly nights beneath the purple, desert skies: Sing, think and dream of some cute gals back homo-Dewy daws--eggs, bacon, and coffée, a man's breakfast for, a man's day. Cuss, sweat and curse the day you slgned up, büt you'll mever say quits to .this geolog

21 Istis Iff-Mexican puebles, ice-cold Amorican beer and flaming senoritas, then back to the sweaty grind. Seven men and enough equipment for a mining. company in a six-passonger station wagon. HHell around boys, we left trouble, worry, and strife with the folks back home--

What a lifej But we all love it; don't we boys? You're right, we do. Now steady Joe, whilo I plink that jackrabbit behind that bush." Spring; 1942, -- "Sorry Joe, ole boy, but its back to the concentration camp for you"-Tearful regrets behind those jokes and taunts-mone big blow boyss ncimon Joe, let's cleon out this Chink chop house and let's stop muriching on those Four Roses and really drink. What's the matter with you birds? The kid's only going to jail. Damn those dirty politicians anywayg" What a groct guy, joking througit that heavy fog of despairl Strong handclasps of friondship, cémonted by conredeship and mutual härdship--gruff "So long kids, seo you again real quiok, huh ${ }^{\prime \prime}$

Joe Ishil hoard the first of his bachelor roominates returning from the mess hall. "Hell, I'll be rid of them," he thought as he watched the oldstamuoisely chowing and

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then spitting out fragments of an apple from the morning's penu into the open lid coal stove. Then sensing the impending doom of any more quiet, with the return of the rest of the issei, he hastily clothed himself, and grabbing the equipment of $h$ is morning's toilet, the tall lanky youth strode for the wash room.

She was gracefulily belancing a basket of soiled clothing in one arm and a bottle of Clorox in the other. "That new gal in the block surely
takes the cake for looks, " he thought, as, he quickenod: his stride so as to intercept her. "Good morning to you, Meikocant She stopped, and her long lashes quivered slightly as she found the source of the greeting.
"Oh, hello," she drawled and searching his faca with the luxuriant ease and serenity of an innocent child, added, "You're a sleepy head, Mr. Ishil." And then as if remembering her task, she turned and her lithe, young body mov-
ed in the sunlight. She was a dozen foet away, whon she heard that chuckle. Low, ví brant and holding an amused note, it mimicked, "Mir. Ishii" and then rolling on boside her, it kept her company during her morning's chores.

He carefully adjusted the mirror on the single nail hook and then brushed his teeth while awaiting the hot water pipe to run itself out of its prolimingry cold content"s Testing the temperature first, he wrung a not-too-clean wash cloth and then by a process of heat transfer, got. his face ready for lathering. a pan of deep-set Un-Japanese-1ike eyes, topped by a fliaty, black haix and backed by: a resolute chin; looked at him as ho gently scrapad the gold-plated razor. across the night-old growth. "ieli, whatill wo do today, Joe?" he askud softly to the image and roviowod his plans for the day. Tho moraing could bo spont in last minute chockups for his plons for his departure and for briof visits to his relations. "Damin nuisonces, rolations," he thought and wincud as a tough hair refused to be mowed. Then there was the hiking date to Castle Rook with Derleen. He grinnod as he thought of her; loose, wild and strikingly attractive. What a gixl so differont from

Mako and her haunting beibuty "Oh, yes, there's a dance on tonight, Illi taice a chance and ask Mieko." He carefully wiped off the last trace of moisture and hummed "Slack MaEic" as he absent-mindedly watched the last sediments of the soapy water swirl, pause, then race itself around the brink of the drain and fall, leaving the galvanize tin sink unruffled again.

Ife caught her as she was on: her way back for some forgotten raiment.

MOh, Mieko, just a minute please." She stopped and fac-ed-him. The sunlight struck the tiny beads of porspiration or her brow and lit up the dark pupils of her vistful cyes:

- Mould you care to go to tho dance tonight with me?"

She: slowly wipod the porspiration on the rolled-up slueves of hur blousio and gazedintontly at him. "Damn those eyos," ho thought as hefollowod up his load.
"I'm going to leave tomorrovi and--*.
noh, aro you really, and for where?"
"To Liinnesota, on a general surveying and mining expedition job, and as I was saying, I'd. take it as a very kind favor if you'd go with me tonight and make my life oomplete

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here."
She seemed to see past him into an exciting picture and the slight breeze possing by, softly ruffled her soft hair. Why is she so different from other girls? Why doesn't she say something?" he thought, half angry at himself for esking.
"I'll go," she said with the same child-liko reserve which he could never penetrato "Call for me at eight," and she was gone.

He stood there in the sunlight, extracted a cigarette from a shirt pocket and lit it. Soon he was lost in the interest of two ant-like figures racing down the greening slope of Castie Mt. MTherelll be quite a faw up there today," he observed, "hope welll get some privacy." The breeze wrapped a curl of smoke around - his eyes. "I'd better stock up on tobacco," he thought, "it's cheaper here."

She watched him from behind the curtains, a strange glow throbbing within her. "Mother, I'm going to a dance tonight."
"With Masao-san I suppose."
"No," and she said it slowly again, "no, not with Mas. I'm-going with Joe, or, Mr. Ish11."
$\therefore$ And a slow, vibrant chuckle filled the room. MMr. Ishif.n

She turned to look gatng:
but he was gone.

Darleen had packed a delicious; if plain, lunch. They sat beneath an overhanging ledge and watched the eray, sooty, camp spread below.

She leaned back against him, her soft, smooth, shoulders resting easily and feeling deliciously warm and exciting.
"Joe," she said his name caressingly, "I'm going to miss you like nobody's business."
"Will you, hon?" he chucicled softly inwardly at the thought:
"Yes, oh, darling," she turned her perfectly chiseled face up to his, "why do you have to go?"

Tears, false or gonuine, clouded the immaculate eyes. He kissed her then, slowly and with deliberate patience. He knew she liked, it and the pressure of her velvoty lips, soft and sweet with yielding tenderness, was not unpleasanto He held her closer to him, her long hair pillowed by an oncircled arm. Again he kissed her in his same, slow, demanding way, resolute and breathtaking. Her kisses became insisting and he could feel the pliant beauty of $h$ er young body. He thought of the little Mexican bur maidef the that bor-

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der town, of the same passionate, love that had possessed him thon, and he chuckled again very quietly; and she, mistaking the meaning, gave out the full measure of sincerity in her caresses. He mat her domands, chuckling all the while.

A sea gull watched the two occupants of the ledgc, wheelod, and screeched its loneliness to the dusty camp bolow him.

88ieko was roady at eight. "She never looked lovelior," he thought as the giri, clotiod in the warm yollow of a new spring attire, answared his knock. A mollfitting sueater-blouse and a bow of the same color set off the rick blackess of hor hair and eyes.

The dance mas 'of the usual social evolt hela evory whek. The few crepo paper docurations feebly aid tleix best to make the dancers forget to sce buyond their nakedness and into the raftors and beams of the mess hall; the heavily scuffed, uneren linoloum flocr hid its shabininess with a faint coat of wax and talc; the orchestra blarod loud and strcng in all its awareness as the caly group in the camp. The dancers all moved with the unconscience mechanicalnass of

those who have danced week attor woek at the same mesa halls, with the serommecurit, tions, and to the same music; youthful figures all trying to forget their unuseful existence. Pcor kidss trying to forget, or striving to catch some part of the old everyday wonders of life that was theirs by their American heritago, just a little more than a year ago.
"She's surprisingly smooth," he thought, "for a gal who seldanaly goes out." His last

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night in camp. "By 10:00 a.m. tomorrow morning I'll be rid of this dust bowl, then its yeal dancing in real places," he mused and then grinned faintly at the thought of the honky-tonks and dime-a-dance hall existence that was his pocial life before May, 1942." There was Connie of the "Silfer Slippers," a fiery red head, five-foet two, and eyes like liquid dymmite. "How she danced!. I wonder if she's still there," he pondered and tightened his hold and smiled dovm upon the hatatingly, fragile face of his partner.

The night was warm and the aoft breeze, fresh and swect; the stars all huag in their placas and gave their soft glow to the graveled road. The open "fire-break broke the dul1 monotony of tor-peperod barracks and the sparsely grassed sand was under them.
".Fe stoppod and she lockad up at him. He saw the age-old look in those soft, warm oyes, the dewy lips, siightly partod and expectant. His foet shiftod in the yielding sand as ho gathered the girl into his arms. He could smell the faint fragrance of her hair, whon his nose momentarily touched it as his lips went soarching for hers. He tasted the full richness of young love in that warm quivering mouth and the
night seemed warmer and the stars brighter. He whispered, "Darling," tenderly and emotionally and for the moment belièved he loved her.

Darleen finished the letter she's started, scanned over it and ended it with, "I'll always be waiting." She liked those endings; it always gavo such a dramatic touch to her soldiar friends letters and anywhy, those proor kids out there needed some kind of encouragemort.

She looke at har watch and notod that it was time to get ready for her date with that dumb, neighbor's kid. "Oh, well, ho was dependable and didn'b get so tcuchy-itss too warm to be pawed over tonlent, anyway."

She thcughtof Joc and windered witere he was. "Lucky fellow, I guoss bo was glad to gat cut of here."

The kid called for her some half an hour late.
"What hold you up stupid?" she domanded as she held her mouth up for his kiss.

Mieko, Masao-son is hore," Wher mother announced.

The soft spring twilight bathod the room and cast soft shadows against the plas-ter-board interior.

MMicko, whatis the mattory.
are you sick, laying on the bed?" came the worried query.

She nodded and turned her eyes to the wall again. The child-like quality were not in them, but a softer light burned deep in those haunting deptis.
"Oh, JOe; Oh, JOe," the girl wispered, and comforted herself in her painful loneliness. She remembered the spring moming, the exquisite night, and the boauty of their. momeats together. She remembared ins eyos and that dram of the Musky voice. The soft chucke oncz azain inilea her heart, tizo roum, the universe, and she knaw sheid weit forevor.

1e looked out the windon, saw tie blackness rushing by and heard the steady click of tho epinning vieels. Somenkore aivad, tho engine roared its defiance to the nigit: He looked at the telegram, the porter had handed him. Theylll be waiting at the station, that old gang of his; course a few were miss ing, what with the draft and wax but the main bunch was there. Itill be great to be back with them again.

He thought briefly about the camp. One whole year he among his poople, among the women of his own race, and

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Jearnad thate eirls more practically the same the country over. There were always two kinds. The nice ones were, well, like--Darleen, vivacious, exciting and nice to be with. The good ones--a girl with haunting, dark eyes came to his mind, "what the heck was her name, oh yeah, Mieko." Darleen and Mieko, two different girls, two different pages in his life. Derteen coula love anyone; Mieko loved him, he knew. But that love was not for him, not wile he was diffrent from ather men. H a couldn't love like other men.

Mieko's face was there again and he cursed aloud, cursed the war that had drawn tham togetier, the same war other decent fellows were in, doing tiveir bit.

Joe lay back against the plush seat of the Fullman and stárod grialy at his fect. They were curious, those legs on that sturdy frame, one, long and tapering like a football player's, and the other, futl three inches shorter and encased in steal supports.

THe argine wistled loud and long; it awoke the roosting fowls on the near-by fam and a night hawk paused in his nocturnal fligit.

Ho snuggled down deeper and stirred once in his tired sleep. -END

ing in the cold mud and the the sharp wind biting our fees. Day after day, I told myself that $I$ would quit and go back to the city; but somehow I stuck it out.

Apier celery, asparagus and cherry suascias followed. Such a life would continue untill we died of old aga. Man tho swot under tho scorching sum in tho facile for works would go into town and blow in the fruit of their toil: in a single night. They would como back and begin all over again. We had no. friends other than - those wis loner in the bunkhousos, and going into town meant little more than standing on the struet cornor, all dressed up and no place to go.

After a yours work in tho fields, I could only show a couple of hundred dollars. Sick of that lire, I came back to the city. Then follow ad weeks of tramping about the
streets seeking work, any kind of work, during which I: passed through the usual vicissitudes of hope and disappointment.

A flood of joy came over me one day when an official looking letter informed me that I was to report for duty at one of the large granite buildings in Sacramento, owned by the state. I had taken a civil service exam a year ago and had all out forgotten about it

It gave me a respectable feeling to be attired in white shirts and tie, walls nonchalantiy down the Japmase torn
 Forcing for the state. There was lithia lat a lacy dollars a month after paying for board and room, buying clothes and having tiler cisternod or laundered. it duties as a clark tara not vexcasite nor dificult-only foolishly triovial and unbearably tiresome. I was not saving money and days dragged by monotonously. I decided to go to colugo to prupare mysule for something better.

Tc sustain myself for an oxpensito campus lifo, I managed to find a job as houseboy in a dormitory of several collego studunts. Tho woman I worked for was physically rugged, disciplinary, full of rebakes and exacting. I was timid and afraid, lodgodin a
strange big Caucasian home． Consequently I was easily han－ died．I helped the woman set the table，prepare dinner and serve it．Mountainous piles of greasy dishes and pans stacked up on the drainboard． After I had washed and dried them each night，I mopped the kitchen floor．When I dowsed the light at nine and descend－ ed to my makeshift room in the cellar，I was too tired to stu－ dy．

On Saturdays，wile my em－ ployer was out shopping，I dusted，swept and scoured the house in and out．Many a time I fort like running away but －had no place to go．I had no money．I did not have the courage to argue over my sal－ arg：board and room plus eight collars a month．At nights，I occasionally cried myself to sleep．
－On Friday nights，I was free to go out．I would saun－ ter up and dom the brightly It t streets，all alone，window shopping，knowing that I could Hover buy this sweater or that radio．Tho weekends were al－ ways filled with tho frivilous activities in which college students participate d with wild enthusiasm．A dance was held woolly in tho campus gym－ nasium．I could soc through the windows，the rhythmic and beautiful movoments of tall
dark boys in tweed suits，the slim blonde girls in their arms with the lush background of soft music and subdued lights．

The theater around the cor－ net advertised a double lea－ Lure，third or fourth run pic－ tires，at 15 cents admission． I went in and forgot my dreary existence for a couple of hours in tho world of make－believo．

Evaluation cane to me in a a sense as a temporary fe－ liof from all this－－a blessing in disguise．It had to be temporary because it had lift－ ed 陁 out of the normal stream of tho competitive world into govemment caro．Also it was not a solution to our problem of being doniod a living with－ out barrios of projudice，ha－ tread and discrimination

Despite the deprivation and many inconveniences，the so－ cial life in the Project was interesting arc happy for me． It has been a year crammed with activitios，with nowly－ made friends who，like me，


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were. reduced to the vars fundamentals of life, making tine best of what we had.

Fifteen thousand poole iving together under the same kind of roofs was not easy. But after, we had thrown off all the superficialities of the life we had just left, we acquired a icing that the real value of life was not found in outward form. impression of one year in the Project is somewhat kaleidos-
conic: Saturday night dances, barrack. room parties :and bull sessions, jitterbug lessons, open air forums, carnivals, church services, the little Theater, all super-imposed on \& memory of wholehearted followship.

These happy moments are all too close now. They will jell into memory in the years to como, perhaps, niter I am again wandering along in a big, strarse city.

- Find



