

EDISON TECHNICAL SCHOOL

NATURALIZATION CLASS

1. Name the 3 departments of the Federal Government and tell briefly what each does.

- (1) レビスレフ make law
- (2) X カフネフ carry out law
- (3) シフネフ explain of the law

2. What is the name of the representative in Congress from your district? Mr Thomas Kelly

3. How many representatives in Congress does your state have? 7 seven

4. How many senators does your state send to Congress? 2

5. What determines the number of representative sent from each state? number of people in each state

6. What is the total number of senators in the United States Senate? 96

7. If a new state is added how many senators will be added? 2

8. What are the qualifications the Constitution requires for the person who wishes to be President of the United States?

- (1) American Born citizen
- (2) 35 years old up
- (3) Living in at least 14 years at the time when elected

9. What are 3 qualifications for a voter in most of the states of the U. S.?

- (1) citizen of the state
- (2) Resident at a same place for certain periods
- (3) To be age of twenty-one years

10. Can all citizens of the U.S. vote? Yes or No No

11. Name 5 great Americans who have taken an important part in our government.

- (1) George Washington
- (2) Thomas Jefferson
- (3) James Madison
- (4) Abraham Lincoln
- (5) Alexander Hamilton

12. Name three Federal courts? (1) Supreme Court
(2) Court of Appeals (3) District Court

13. How do the judges of the Federal courts get their jobs? appointed by the President

14. Taken together what are the first 10 amendments called? Bill of rights

15. Which/written first, the Constitution of the U. S. or the Declaration of Independence? Declaration

16. Who is called the "Father of our Country"? George Washington

17. How many states first united to form the Federal Union of the U. S.? 13

18. How does "check and balance" work to maintain democracy? President other branches from acting too fast or becoming too strong

19. When become naturalized, of what two governmental units do you become a citizen?

- (1) Federal
- (2) State

20. Can the President of the U. S. issue decrees or orders which are contrary to the laws made by Congress? No

21. If Congress makes unwise laws what two actions can happen?

- (1) Veto by the President
- (2) Declaration by the National courts

22. What are the names of the two Houses of our Congress?

- (1) Senate 議會
- (2) house of Representative

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2. What is the name of the representative in Congress from your state?

3. How many representatives in Congress does your state have?

4. How many senators does your state have?

5. What is the total number of senators in the United States Senate?

6. At a new state is added how many senators will be added?

7. What are the qualifications the Constitution requires for the person who wishes to be President of the United States?

8. What are 3 qualifications for a voter in most of the states of the U.S.?

9. Name the officers of the Federal Government.

10. Name a great American who has been an important in our government.

11. Name three Federal courts.

12. How do the judges of the Federal courts get their judges?

13. Taken together what are the first 10 amendments called?

14. Which is the first of the amendments of the U.S. or the Declaration of Independence?

15. Who is called the "Father of our country"?

16. How many states first united to form the Federal Union?

17. How does "check and balance" work to maintain democracy?

18. How does the President of the U.S. have control of orders which are contrary to the laws made by Congress?

19. If Congress makes a law which the President can veto?

20. What are the powers of the President of the U.S.?

Legislative

Executive

Judicial

President

Arthur Pomeroy
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23. Before a bill becomes a law Congress must pass it, then what is necessary?

President must sign it by the President

24. What part of our government can declare a law unconstitutional?

Judicial

25. What power does the legislative branch have to check the other branches?

Impeachment

26. Tell how the Constitution of the U. S. may be changed. An amendment must be suggested by 1/3 of Congress and then it also must be 3/4 of the states

27. When an immigrant becomes a naturalized citizen, he or she becomes eligible as a native-born citizen for any office in our government except President Vice President

28. How many rights can you name which are guaranteed to you in the "Bill of Rights?"

- (1) Right to keep and bear arms
- (2) No quartering of troops
- (3) Right to privacy
- (4) Freedom of religion
- (5) Right to a fair trial

29. What two methods of nomination are found for determining who are the candidates running for office? (1) Nomination convention

(2) Blanket primary election

30. The polling place is where a citizen goes to Vote.

31. When a person is running for office his name is placed on the Ballot

32. What is the name of the two major parties in the U. S.? (1) Democrat

(2) Republican

33. What is the name of the capital of the U. S.? Washington D.C.

34. A city and county is divided into Wards District

35. Write the Pledge of Allegiance to the flag. I pledge allegiance to the flag of the United States of America and to the Republic for which it stands one nation indivisible with liberty and justice for all

36. Name five powers delegated to the national government.

- (1) to borrow money
- (2) to coin and collect taxes
- (3) to declare war
- (4) to regulate interstate commerce
- (5) to regulate war

37. Name three powers prohibited or denied to our government. (1) writ of habeas corpus

(2) tax on export (3) give title of nobility

38. Our national government is sometimes called Federal Government

39. Name the 6 purposes or objectives as found in the Preamble of the U.S. Constitution

- (1) to form a more perfect union
- (2) to provide for the common defense
- (3) to promote the general welfare
- (4) to secure the blessings of liberty
- (5) to establish justice
- (6) to insure domestic tranquility

40. The lawmaking part of most state governments is called state legislature

41. There are 2 methods of direct legislation in most states - name them.

- (1) Initiative
- (2) Referendum

42. The chief executive officer of the state is called what Governor

43. Name four other state officers.

- (1) Secretary of State
- (2) State Treasurer
- (3) State Auditor
- (4) Attorney General

44. Name two kinds of juries? (1) petit jury (2) grand jury

45. What is the difference between civil and criminal cases? Civil is between individuals, criminal is against the state

46. Who can veto a law passed by the State Legislature? Governor

47. The name of the county I live in is King County

48. The most important county officer is County Clerk

49. There are 3 general forms of city government - name one Mayor Council

50. (1) Tell how a bill becomes a law or (2) describe the method of electing the President of the United States. Mayor Council

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23. Before a bill becomes a law Congress must pass it, then what is necessary?

24. What part of our government can declare a law unconstitutional?

25. What power does the legislative branch have to check the other branches?

26. Tell how the Constitution of the U.S. may be changed.

27. When an immigrant becomes a naturalized citizen, is he or she considered a native-born citizen for any office in our government?

28. How many rights can you name which are guaranteed in the Bill of Rights?

(1) _____

(2) _____

(3) _____

29. What two methods of nomination are found for determining candidates for office? (1) _____

(2) _____

30. The polling place is where a citizen goes to _____

31. When a person is running for office his name is placed on the _____

32. What is the name of the two major parties? (1) _____

(2) _____

33. What is the name of the capital of the U.S.? _____

34. A city and county is divided into _____

35. Write the names of all states to the left.

36. How is the power delegated to the national government? (1) _____

(2) _____

(3) _____

37. Name three powers prohibited or denied to our government. (1) _____

(2) _____

(3) _____

38. Our national government is sometimes called _____

39. Name the purpose or objectives as found in the Preamble of the U.S. Constitution. (1) _____

(2) _____

(3) _____

40. The lawmaking part of most state governments is called _____

41. Name two methods of direct legislation. (1) _____

(2) _____

42. The chief executive officer of a state is called _____

43. Name four other state officers. (1) _____

(2) _____

(3) _____

(4) _____

44. Name two kinds of taxes? (1) _____

(2) _____

45. What is the difference between civil and criminal cases? _____

46. Who can veto a law passed by the state legislature? _____

47. The name of the court is _____

48. The most important county officer is _____

49. There are 3 general forms of city government - name one. _____

50. (1) Tell how a bill becomes a law. (2) Describe the method of electing the President of the United States.

Judicial

President and Judicial

Final

Democracy

Demo

Legislative

Democracy