The Seattle Dain Cimes

**Forecast** 01 U. S. Weather

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### BY CYCLONE

## ARRESTED FOR

C. H. Yoshimura, Publisher of The Seattle Asahi Shin Bun, Is Held in the County Jail in Default of \$2,000 Bail.

YOUNG WOMAN OBJECT OF ALLEGED ATTACK

Name of Yamahiko Used, but It is Declared it is Synoni-flous With Kodama, a Clergyman's Charge: 🗀 🖰



THE EDITOR READY TO EDIT.

H VOSHIMIRA editor and noblisher of Asahi Shin Bun (Rising Sun Newspaper), a daily newspaper published in the Japanese ing Sun Newspeper), a daily newspaper published in the Japanese language in this city, was arrested shortly before noon today at Sixth Avenuo South and Dearborn Street, by Deuty' Sheriff Fred Hilt. He is held at the county jail in default of \$2.000 bail bond, on a charge of criminal libel, preferred in an information filed in the superior court yesterday by Prosecuting Attorney Kenneth Mackintosh.

The person who is alleged to have been slandered in Yoshimura's newspaper is Sei Kodama, a Japanese girl who has been making her home for sometime with Rev. S. Yoshioka, pastor of the Japanese Methodist Episcopal Church. The latter appears as prosecuting witness in the proceedings. According to H. J. Kato, an associate editor of the Asahi Shin Bun, if Sei Kodama is Sei Yamahiko then she has been libeled, but if Sei Kodama is not Sei Yamahiko then Sei Kodama and Yamahiko, are synonymous words.

According to a translation furnished by Rev. Yoshioka, obtained from the Genkal, the standard dictionary of Japan. "Kodama" is a noun, meaning "a spirit that dwells in the mountains." It also means "Yamahiko: The same dictionary says, that "Yamahiko: is a norm meaning "a spord the mountains." It also means "Yamahiko; is a norm meaning "a sood of the mountains." It also means "Yamahiko; is a norm meaning "a sood of the mountains." It also means "Yamahiko; is a norm meaning "a sood of the mountains." It also means "Yamahiko; is a norm meaning is "Kodoma," or "an echo".

A second meaning is "Kodoma," or "an echo."

In the issues of April 15. 16 and 27. a story was run in serial form under the title of "A Rotten Egs." One Sel Yamahiko's alleged life was laid bare in a manner that has since caused the federal authorities to declare they will prosecute the publishers for sending obscene literature through the mails.

Rov. Mr. Yoshioka, guardian of Sei Kodama, declaring that his charge was the subject of the alleged libelous articles in question, laid the matter hefore the prosecuting attorney. Although the name of Yamahiko was used as the family name, the clergyman says it is synonymous with Kodama.

When the information was filed, Judgo A. W. Frater fixed the ball at \$2,000 for the alleged offending editor and publisher. Up to a late hour this afternoon he had not obtained a bond for his release.

#### C. H. BAKER IS HERE ON A BUSINESS TRIP

Man Who Built Snoqualmie Power Plant Passes Through City en Route

Charles H. Baker, who for years was a prominent business man of Scattle, and who designed and built the great electric power plant at Snoqualmie Falls, which was a number of his morning from New York on a business trip. Mr. Baker met a number of his old-time friends here and discussed Scattle business affairs with them. Scattle man spent several hours here and then resumed his 'ourner to Taçoma, where business calls him.

Prince Is Pursued By American Girl



### INJURED LABORER COUNCILMAN ASKS HEAVY

Dan Varsarevic, a Hungarian, Begins Suit for Recovery of \$45,000 for Loss of Sight and One Hand.

JUIT was begun by Dan Varsarevic in the superior court of King County this morning for the recovery of \$45,000 from Charles J. Johnson, a rock tunnel contractor, for a total loss of his sight and his lêtt hand in an explosion which occurred in a tunnel on the Milwaukee road at its approach to Snoqual-mile Pass.

Constable Alex McKnight served a copy of the complaint on Mr. Johnson this afternoon. He lives at 1920 Fourth Avenue North.

According to the story told by Deputy Prosecuting Attorney John F. Murphy, counsel for Varsarevic, the plaintiff has been turned out of a hospital and is an object of charity at his home in Cle Elum. Over in the southern part of Austria-Hungary a wife and three children are left destitute.

Varsarevic, a Hungarian, 34 years old, was one of seven laborers, who entered the tunnel in the Cascades on the evening of July 10. 1907. At 4 o'clock the following morning the crowbar in the hands of one of the men struck a stick of dynamite that had failed to explode the night before for the day crew. Three men were killed, three escaped uninjured and Varsarevic remained in a hospital at Ellensburg until January, when the institution closed, and he was obliged to return to his boarding house at Cle Elum. From a strong, able-bodied man, carning \$3.20 a, day, the Hungarian is reduced to a helpless cripple.

His, attorney says that a tender of \$1,000 in cash and a ticket to his family in Hungary was made to Varsarevic, but it was declined.

#### FORMER WEST VIRGINIA STATESMAN IS DEAD

J. M. Camden, Who Represented That State in the United States Senate, Dies in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE Md. Saturday, April 25.

Former United S'ates Senator J. N.
Camden of West Virginia died here today.

# USES THE BIG

President of Body Appears Before Police Committee and Succeeds in Pruning Number of Extra Men Wanted.

OUNCIL PRESIDENT HIRAM C. GILL descended upon the police committee late yesterday afternoon, made a bitter attack upon the plan to increase the force of detectives and patrolmen, insisted that the Ballard precinct station should have no patrol wagon and declared the use of natro precinct station should have no natrol wagon and declared the use of an automobile touring car by the chief of police a wasteful and useless expenditure of public money. He succeeded in cutting out the employment of two drivers for the touring car and impressed it firmly upon the minds of the committeement that the police force now has thirty patrolmen who are drawing salaries without warrant by ordinance.

Charles Sullivan, secretary of the police department, was the only representative of that branch of the city government at the committee meeting, and it was upon him that "the big stick" of Hiram Charles Gill was principally used. Sullivan had requested the committee for eighteen additional patrolmen.

"What do you want them for?" demanded Gill.
"To patrol the city," replied Sullivan.

"I thought you wanted the police

van.
"I thought you wanted the police force to have additional salaries," snapped the council president.
"I do."

"I do."

Police Petted and Pampered.

"Well, you cannot have a salary increase and 'ring in' eighteen new patrolmen on us, too,' Gill retorted. "This police department has been petted and pampered and given everything it wants long enough and what is it giving us in return? Why, in one month there were more murderers made their 'get-away' than in any other city in the United States. What fou people want to do is to cut out about half of your worthless detectives, etc half a dozon good detectives to take their places, make your pairolmen work for the city instead of acting as private watchmen for corporations, as many of them' are doing now, and got results. Then come to us and ask for more men.

(Continued on Page Two.) (Continued:on Page Two.)

## MACKINTOSH GETS BOUILLON SLATED HUNDREDS KI ROAST FROM FOR CHAIRMAN TODALA

Hot Shot Into Prosecuting Attorney in Discussing Suburban Roadhouses

SAYS COUNTY OFFICIAL ATTENDED PRIZE FIGHT

Also Asks Why Seattle Man Did Not Suppress Gambling at North Ber wo Years

give umbrage and offence to me as a man, and to cast an unfair imputation upon the morals of the citizens of ourcity, by unjust comparison with the people of other localities, it is not welcomed and the spirit of that portion of your letter is resented.

"That you are not actuated by good resolution in tendering your services to cooperate with me as mayor to lessen law lesions in our.city, is obvious to the most casual observer of your official course

cooperate with me as mayor to lessen law lesions in our city, is obvious to the most casual observer of your official course.

In a Front Seat.

"From most trustworthy sources the information comes to me that on the 20th day of April, 1998, at a place named Sound View, near the City of Seattle, you occupied one of the front seats at a prize fight between Attell and Kelly, Such official maifeasance is most reprehensible, and it ought to invite the malediction of men that by their votes entrusted you with position and power. The incident cited confirms my estimate of you as an officer, and at the same time it tears completely from your official face the mask of sincerity you have been wearing in your pretentions purpose of law enforcement in Georgetown.

"The Sound View affair makes a good index to your official character, which, I trust, will become more of a fixed quantity as you increase in age and ripen in experience.

"Charity cautions me to be fair in criticism of your attitude towards me, and I must admit that your youth and the impulsive acts of an immature judgment should be considered in extenuation of your official behavior. Don't let the Sound View business occur again and then you might continue the good work you have commenced at North Bend—an employment you delayed engaging in for about two years. Why not explain what ocasioned that long delay? And if Georgetown is to be purged of all tenderloin features, why not prace all municipalities on an equal footing in this respect, and when you have completed the good work in all suburban towns, tackle the great restricted district of Seattle and writted with and out like Attell did Kelly?"

#### **MEXICAN MUTINEERS** TERRIFY MAZATLAN

rwenty Soldiers Loot Town and Attack Women, After Which They Turn on Their Comrades.

NOGALES, Ariz. Saturday, April 25.— Twenty soidlers of the Eleventh Mexican Battailon, quartered at Mazatlan, recently gave the citizens of that city a good scare. Carrying their arms, they marched out of their barracks, looted many stores and attacked a number of women. When the police interfered the soidlers fired on them. The mutineers then marched out of the city with a detachment of their comrades in pursuit. No further details arelas yet available.

#### CIVIL SERVICE RULE SUSTAINED IN TACOMA

Court Holds That New Mayor Cannot Appoint Successor to Replace Fire Chief McAlevy.

TACOMA, Saturday, April 25.—Judge Clifford decided today that Chief George McAlevy holds his office in the fire department under civil service rules and that Jesse Poyns, appointed by Mayor Linck as chief, will have to resort to legal methods to put him out. Counsel for Poyns gave notice of appeal,

# OF BOARD

Superintendent of Public Utilities May Be Named by Mayor John F. Miller as Head of Public Works Department.

THOMSON WILL QUIT AFTER TWELVE YEARS

Mayor Explains That Appointee Will Be Man Who Can Give the Duties the Most

mayor that Bouillon will be the next chairman of the board Mr. Younga, whose duties are heavy, the mayor believes, is more conversant with the office than the others, save Thomson who the office than the others, save Thomson, works convened as usual but was not called to order by Thomson, who was awaiting an announcement by the mayor as to who should act as chairman. Thomson, waited upon the executive for half an hour. When he appeared he announced that he had made no selection as chairman but that he desired that the business of the hoard should proceed as usual. Upon such intimation Thomson assumed the chair and the work of the body proceeded.

### TO FREERKSEN

Former Mayor of Bremerton, Tried for Undue Political Activity and Cleared, Gets Better Job at Navy Yard.

The Times Special Service,

PUGET SOUND NAVY TARD. Saturday, April 25.—A. H. Freerksen, former ly mayor of Bremerton, has been appointed recorder and writer of the board of labor employment at this yard. For some time he has served as clerk in the same department and the new assignment is an important promotion, as it carries an appreciable advance in salary. Freerksen was recently on trial for undue political activity and violation of the civil service rules, presumably preferred by former political opponents. At the time no damaging testimony was given against him and the findings were sent to Washington.

Nothing was heard of the case until today's notice of his promotion. Particular mention was made that the new assignment comes as a recognition of Freerksen's efficiency as clerk of the signment comes as a recognition of Freerksen's efficiency as clerk of the labor board.

#### **BLAMES STANDARD OIL** FOR TUCKER'S TROUBLE

ttorney for Uncle Sam Company Declares John D. Tried to Gain Control Without Success.

TOPEKA, Kan., Saturday, April 25.—
Albert Wilson, attorney for H. H.
Tucker, Jr., secretary of the Uncle Sam
Oil Corypany, now on trial for misusing
the mails to defraud, declared here yesterday in his opening speech for the
defense that the Standard Oil Company
was the instigator and controling influence behind the troubles of the Uncle
Sam Company. Wilson stated that
Tucker has retained control of the voting power of the Uncle Sam Company
in order to prevent the Standard Oil
Company from gobbling the stock in the
open market and in that way putting
this competiting company out of business. The Uncle Sam Oil Company is
now in the hands of receivers.

Towns in Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama Destroyed, and in Addition to Fatalities at Least 2,000 Persons Are Injured.

NEW ORLEANS, Saturday, April 25.—The dead, estimated at 500, the injured at least 2,000; these were the grim facts which came to light today when a little of the wreckage of yester-

light Friday until mid-afternoons Many hours after trains bearing nearly 200 injured came crawling cautiously out of the tornado districts, leaving behind them one town, Purvis, Miss., utterly demolished, five others practically blown away, and fifteen little villages in more or less acute stages of ruins. With the wounded came the details of one of the worst wind disasters in the history of the gulf states. First of all it became known that negroes comprised most

The identified white dead today numbered forty-six, and the number of negroes killed was between 150 and 175.

The towns which suffered the worst damage in addition to Purvis were Amite, La.; McCallum, McLauren and Winchester, Miss.,

The following fifteen towns were more or less damaged: Richmond and Lamourie, La.; Wingate, New Augusta, Columbus, Walls, Braxton, Belle Grove, Melton, Lorman, Pine Ridge, Quitman's Landing, Fairchilds Creek and Wahalak, in Mississippi, and Bergen, Alabama.

MOST ARE SMALL TOWNS.

Most of these are merely a collection of a few stores and dwellngs, so that the property losses will not reach very large figures. No estimates of property damage have yet been made, with the exception of Amite, La., and Purvis, Miss., the two worst sufferers. The most damage was done to timber lands, to plantations and to railroad property scattered throughout a belt about thirty-five miles

The destruction at Purvis, Miss., occurred at about ten minutes after 2 o'clock Friday afternoon and was all over in a few minutes' time. Of about 200 dwelling houses, only seven were left standing. The courthouse, the only other building in town to withstand the wind, was immediately packed with dead and injured and served as

the only available hospital within many miles.

C. W. Cromwell, in attempting to describe the storm, said that all he could realize was that the air was full of falling timbers. These timbers dealt death to many persons who sought safety in the open air, while the falling of walls was a still greater peril to those who remained indoors.

One child is said to have been kneeling in prayer, her uncle bending over her in an attempt to shield her, but despite his care, a timber which did not touch him, killed the girl.

Scarcely one brick of the schoolhouse was left. The school had been dismissed only a moment before the tornado struck. Near the town a farmer who was plowing saw the storm approaching and managed to get the members of his family outdoors and behind stumps before the wind struck. The house was blown away but none of the farmer's family was injured. One of the children killed is said to have been lifted high in the air.

### DEATH AND DESOLATION.

An air of death and desolation marks Purvis today. The total death list in this vicinity has now reached sixty-two and it is believed that further particulars from the surrounding country will add materially to these figures.

Reports received here today say that at McCallum, Miss, probably twenty persons were killed and several injured in yesterday's storm. The McCallum trestle and 400 feet of track were blown off the right-of-way, nothing being left of the trestle but the piling.

Amite, La., was so badly damaged that it was put under martial law at once by order of its mayor. The storm struck there just about noon, killing two white persons and thirteen negroes outright and injuring many others, mostly negroes, so badly that physicians were rushed into the town in relief trains from several points. It is said the total death list of Amite would reach at least twenty-five.

Rev. Father Felix Pumpf was possibly the first person killed at Amite. He was in the bell tower of his church, having just finished ringing the noonday bell. He was crushed to death by the falling

Mrs. A. N. Ogden. of Amite, was caught by the tornado as she was driving to her home. A tree fell across her horse, killing the animal, but she was unhurt.

Forty persons were at Jinner at the Commercial Hotel when the storm struck and the roof was carried away but not one of the diners was hurt.

#### PATH OF TORNADO.

The path of the tornado was about two and a half miles wide and when it had passed Amite stood a wreck. Large numbers of farm animals were killed.

The greatest loss of life among negroes occurred in the vicinity of Natchez, Miss. In Concordia Parish, La., across the Mississippi