#### Kansas City Democrats Vociferous.

#### A Mighty Non-Partisan Demonstration for Gov. Roosevelt.

By Leased Wire.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Monday, July 2.—
Governor Roosevelt was given a remarkable reception in this city today. The
Governor, on his way from New York to
attend the annual reunion of the Rough

Goyernor, on his way from New York to attend the annual reunion of the Rough Riders, which takes place this week at Oklahoma City, arrived here about 9:30 a. m., and for an hour Democrats and Republicans allike united in giving him a vociferous welcome and in shaking his hand until he was glad to quit.

The Santa Fe overland train, on which Governor Roosevelt was traveling, was due at 8:30 a. m. At that time about 2000 people had congregated in the Union depot sheds to get a glimpse of New York's Governor, but by the time the train pulled in fully 7000 were jammed along the platforms, sitting on the roofs of the train shed and clinging to the iron girders. Shortly before Governor Roosevelt's train arrived a big delegation of Kanasa Democrats and a few delegates, all carrying huge sunfowers, arrived, and they welted to see the Republican leader.

When finally the train slowly backed into the shed, and Governor Roosevelt, smiling and spectacled, was seen on the platform, a perfect roar of cheers went up.

"Hello Taddy" 'Rab for Roosevelt."

up.
"Hello, Teddy," 'Rah for Roosevelt,"
"Teddy, step off and talk to the Demo-crats," yelled enthusiastic members of the

"Teddy, step off and talk to the Demorats," yelled enthusiastic members of the crowd.

The Governor laughed at the last remark, but refused to talk politics.

The instant the train stopped a rush was made for the platform to shake Governor Roosevelt's hand, and it took the united efforts of a score of policemen stationed around the car to keep the crowd from degenerating into a perfect mob. For twenty minutes the Governor was kept busy shaking hands with enthusistic men and women who succeeded in crowding up to the Rough Rider regiment, attired in Kahki, were among those at the station, and to these the Governor gave an especially cordial greeting. The crush during the strugle to shake Governor Roosevelt's, hand was terrible and several women fainted in the crowd. No one, however, was seriously hurt.

'The train was boarded at Carrollton this morning by a delegation from Kansas City, Kans., headed by Postmaster Nat Warner, who gave the Governor formal welcome to Missouri and Kansas and accompanied him to this city.

Just before the train carrying Governor Roosevelt reached Kansas City the Governor met and exchanged pleasantries with Congressman John J. Lentz of Ohio, who was journeying to the Kansas City convention on the same train.

[C. C. Philbrick, Chairman of the delegation which is seeking to have the Democratic National headquarters located at Columbus, Ohio, escorted Mr. Lentz into Governor Roosevelt's private car and made the two men acquainted. The New

Columbus, Ohio, escorted Mr. Lentz into Governor Roosevelt's private car and made the two men acquainted. The New York Governor and the Ohio Congressman greeted each other very cordialty, and in the course of a very brief conversation Governor Roosevelt stated it as his opinion that it would be impolitic for the Democratic convention to weaken on the silver question.

ver question.
"The people do not like a quitter," was the ways the Governor expressed it. Mr. Lentz conceded that it would weaken the party to take any backward step on silver.

Associated Press for his opinion of the candidacy of David B. Hill for Vice President. Mr. Lentz was afterward asked by the

ident.
"I am not against Mr. Hill personally," he said, "but I believe in a consistent ticket, and any ticket that would make a controversy within our own household would not be consistent. Moreover, there are very few people who are going to vote either way on account of the tail of the ticket."

Ex-Governor John P. Altgeld of Illigois also reached Kansas City today.

#### Roosevelt a Mark.

Recesvelt a Mark.

Special Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Monday, July 2.

The Democratic politicians have decided to make a hard fight in this campaign against Colonel Roosevelt, the Vice Presidential nominee, as well as Major McKinley. They have much to attack in the President's record, but believe that in bringing out the episodes in the life of Theodore Roosevelt, capital may be made in this campaign against him and thereby assist in polling more votes for the Democratic ticket than would have been the case if a less conspicuous man than Colonel Roosevelt had been selected at Philadelphia for President McKinley's running mate.

It goes without saying that Colonel evelt has always been impetuous

Rooseveit has always been impetuous, and furthermore, has been aggressive, not only in attacking his political foes, but people in his party whom he believed were not fulfilling literally the conditions of the offices they beld.

The Democrats have already begun to quote Colonel Rooseveit in his attack upon Republican officials while he was president of the Civil Service Commission in this city, but this may or may not be of advantage or disadvantage to his in this pritent national campaign. It will be discussed later on whether it will be wise or unwise to quote Colonel Rooseveit's opinions of his Republican associates while he was president of the Civil Service Commission. Colonel Rooseveit, it is admitted everywhere, will make a great campaign on the stump this year, and, without doubt will be bellet to the civil service. vice Commission. Colonel Roosevelt, it is admitted everywhere, will make a great campaign on the stump this year, and, without doubt, will be able to explain satisfactorily to the people his former views expressed in writing or orally regarding the Republican officials he was compelled to criticise for violation of the civil service law, while he was president of the Commission. The civil service law, as is well known, has never been rigidly enforced. When Colonel Roosevelt was president of the Commission it came near being more fully carried out then than at any time since the rough rider left the Commission. There are a good many reasons why Colonel Roosevelt's record will be attacked by the Democrats in the present campaign. It seems, however, that it will be wise for the Democratic leaders to let his views, previously expressed on the civil service law, rest quietly and take up other portions of his official career if they desire to make any capital out of his candidacy as the Republican Vice Presidential nominee for 1900. If Colonel Roosevelt failed anywhere to bear aloft his well-known characteristic of being at the lead of every movement.

It Colones kooseveit failed anywhere to bear aloft his well-known characteristic of being at the head of every movement in which he was engaged, it was not at that period of his life in which it is said that through his heroism the victory of San Juan Hill, in Coba, was won. The Democrats hope to show that Colonel



Roosevelt. wasanything but a herolo commander jupon tile battle ground. If they prove their ceharges, already admitted by his, foes, aguinst him regarding the battle of 18an Juan Hill. Golonel Roosevelt will prove a weak candidate for the Vice Prisidency. It, however, the obargea, pipyto to be faise and he is able to maintain his record as a fighter from every standount, it now looks as though it would be a hard matter for the Democrate at Kansas Cityton nominate a man to run with Colonel Bryan, who will be a stronger vote-getter than Colonel Roosevelt, the associate of President McKinley on the national Republican ticket for 1900. It is well known that Colonel Roosevelt will make a magnificent campaign from the stump and that there is no man in the Democratic ranks capable of equaling him on the hustings, other than David Bennett Hill of New York.

Porch Speaking.

The predictions at the present time are that the two candidates for the President of Will conduct their speech-making, efforts from the porches of their homes, at Canton and Lincola. At one time, it will be recalled. President McKinley had decided to make, a trip through the South as far West as Los Angeles and San Francisco, thence North to Seattle and Portland and East by Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth and Milwaukee. The President, it seems, has been advised that this would be considered an unwise move on his part and not in compliance with the dignified office he now holds, and, further, few if any votes could be gained if this lengthy and somewhat tiresome trip was made. President McKinley, therefore, has decided, so it is said, to make all the campaign speeches from his newly remodeled porch at Canton, and in this connection there is an interesting story regarding the future of Colonel Bryan, who will be the Democratic nominee for 1900. Colonel Bryan has a pretty bome in Lincoln, Nebraska, and during the past two weeks has had the porch fortified with strong timber, and, like his eminent competitor, will deliver, it is said, the greater part of

#### PENNSY WON

tration in the Cornell Crew.

By Leased Wire.
POUGHKEEPSIE, N. IY., Monday, July
2.—The race started at 10:12½. Columbia
slightly in the lead. Pennsylvania and Cornell close up, rowing neck and neck.
Pennsylvania led at the quarter mile by
half a length. At the mile Columbia took
a bad swerve from her course. Pennsylvania and Cornell were fighting for first
place. Approaching the bridge Pennsylvania and Cornell were still fighting for
first place with the Quakers about a quarter length in the lead. All three crews
were rowing thirty-six strokes. The wash
of the Cornell shell caused the Columbia
crew to drop back several lengths. At the
one and one-half mark Cornell and Pennsylvania were still fighting for the lead
and Cornell's steersman seemed to be
swerving towards the west shore. The
Pennsylvania shell swerved slightly to the
east. The Cornell steersman got away out
of the course, the crew rowing in an
oblique directtion for the west shore. Columbia gained on the Cornell shell because
its steersman halk kept almost a direct
course.

Pennsylvania won by two lengths, Col-

Pennsylvania won by two lengths, Col-Pennsylvania won by two lengths, Columbia second. Pennsylvania's time, 9:45. At the finish of the race the Columbia and Pennsylvania launches drew up alongside their respective crews. The Columbia crowd on their launch cheered the crew then gave another cheer for the Cornell crew which lay close to the west bank. All the men seemed to be in bad shape. Numbers 2, 3 and four were compelled to throw water on the bow man. A row boat towed the Cornell launch into the channel within reach of Courtney's launch. The Pennsylvania and Columbia crews The Pennsylvania and Columbia crews rowed to their quarters, each apparently in fine condition.

The Cornell crew was lifted out of their The Cornell crew was lifted out of their shell. The bow man was overcome. He was placed on a bench in the leunch and covered with coats. His prostration furnished an explanation for the crew having rowed out of their course.

Official time: Pennsylvania, 10:31 1-5; Columbia, 10:38.

Cornell did not finish.

#### Races at Coney Island.

By Leased Wire. NEW YORK, Monday, July 2.—The Coney Island Jockey Club announces a num-ber of additional stakes for its fall meet-

ing. The events are:
For two-years-olds—
The Great Eastern, \$7500; six furlongs.
The Flatbush, \$5000; seven furlongs.
The Autumn Maiden, \$2500 added; five

furlongs.
The Sapphire, \$1250 added; five and a The Sapphire, \$1250 added; five and a half furlongs.
The Dash, \$1250 added; futurity com-

merce.
The Partridge, \$1250 added; six furlongs.
The Golden Rod, \$1250 added; six fur-

The Golden Rod, \$1250 added; six furlongs.
For two-year-olds and upwards—
The Flight, \$1250 added; seven furlongs.
For three-year-olds—
The September, \$1250 added; mile and
three furlongs.
The Flying Handicap, \$1250 added; six
furlongs.
The Dolphin, \$1500 added; mile and
a furlong.
The Reapers, \$1500 added; mile and
three-sixteenths.
The Twin City Handicap, \$3500 added;
mile and a quarter.
The Autumn Cup, \$3500 added; two
miles.
The Turf Handicap, \$1250 added; mile

miles.
The Turf Handicap, \$1250 added; mile and a quarter on turf.
The Russett Handicap, \$1250 added; mile and a half on turf.
The autumn handicaps:
The Fall Handicap, \$2000; six furlongs.
The Ocean Handicap, \$2000; one mile.
The Omnium Handicap, \$2500; mile and a furlong.

The United Associated and Inc.

The Westbury Steeplechase, \$1200 added; full steeplechase course.

The Mineola Hurdle Race, \$800 added; Awo miles over eight hurdles on turf.

The Lawrence Realization, with \$5500 added, is announced for the June meeting of 1802; for three-year-olds; mile and five furlongs.

Stevens County Politics.

ROOM 51
HINCKLEY BLK.

Special Dispatch.
SPOKANE, Saturday, June 30. — The politics in the three parties has commenced to draw very close attention from the politicians. The Democrats and Pop-



James O'Connell, Pres. I. A. of M. Hugh Doran.
D. Douglas Wilson, V. Pres. I. A. of M.

and Control of Colville; J. A. Fernani of Northport and Professor Balley of Colville; surveyor, Tower will have no opposition; Chas. E. Brooks and A. Bishop will be candidates for commissioner; G. E. Welty, the incumbent. G. H. Bevan of Kettle Falls will try for Representative. The machine in the Republican party have deedled on the following slate: Judge Samuel Douglas for joint judge; H. G. Kirkpatrick, Representative; auditor, C. E. Joy and Auditor Ely; treasurer, Wm. Campbell; clerk of court, W. H. Jackson, present incumbent; sheriff, J. W. Reynolds, Kettle Falls; superintendent of schools, John A. Berry of Colville; assessor, Geo. Batoroff; coroner, Dr. H. F. Peck; prosecuting attorney, Judge I. J. Klng; surveyor, J. B. Thomas; commissioner, Second district, G. W. Reynolds, incumbent; Third district, Van Slyker.

Repealed Closing Law.

Special Dispatch.
Special Dispatch.
SEDRO-WOOLLEY, Saturday, June 30.
—Acting upon a numerously signed petition, the town council has repealed the ordinance recently passed requiring all business places to close at midnight. The measure was very unpopular with all classes.

Hay Buyers in Evidence. Special Disputch. ELLENSBURG, Saturday, June 30.—Hay

buyers are already in the valley buying hay, and the largest hay raisers are baling their best timothy. The buyers report the best crop for years. H. Schnibely will have one thousand tons of timothy this

KEEP SEATTLE TO FRONT.

Send "Seattle and the Orient" to People You Know.

The people of this city should send a copy of "Seattle and the Orient" to some one who may become interested in Seattle, either by a residence here or by the investment of capital. In no other way can so much be accomplished as by the large distribution of this elegant little volume all over the earth. It will be mailed to any address on receipt of 25 cents. It contains more complete and accurate knowledge of Seattle and Puget Sound than anything bitherto published.

GRAND BALL, Wednesday eve., July 4, Ranke Hall Pike St. and Fifth Ave.

at all the principal posts. Above are some of the maskers will capital. They have posed for us at a special dress rehearsal.

Commence of the second of the

WELL OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY FRANCES AND DATE OF THE TOTAL TO THE PARTY OF THE PA

Edwin Reynolds.

Walter L. Pierce. D. McLaren, Pres. N. M. T. A.

VICTORY OF PEACE IS THEIRS. This is a reproduction of the only group photograph in existence of the joing committees of the National Metal Trades' Association and the International Association of Machinists, which met at the Grand Pacific Hotel, Chicago, and later at New York. The three persons on the right comprise the committee of the National Metal Trades' Association, and the three on the left the committee of the International Association of Machinists. The board was organized mainly through the efforts of Walter L. Pierce, Secretary and General Manager of the Lidgerwood Manufacturing Company, of New York City. The meeting held in Chicago was the first successful step that has been taken to bring about harmonious relations between the employer and the employe. A joint agreement was signed recently by both committees, and through this agreement strikes and lockouts in those trades are things of the past. Any difference between employer and employe which cannot otherwise be settled will be adjusted by a national committee of arbitration.

# employe which cannot otherwise be settled to the control of the superior Court and commissioner of the Superior Court for Spokane and Stevens Counties. The county conventions of both these parties have been called for July 21, and the Republican convention for August 7. Since the fusion and the calling of the conventions, quite a number of candidates have announced their willingness to serve their county. The most prominently mentioned for the Fusion tloket are: Judge W. B. Richardson of Spokane, the present incumbent, no opposition; for county officers: treasurer, the present chief deputy, Ed Sherwood; sheriff, the names of Deputy John S. Wright and Commissioner Tom Irish; school superintendent Sax seems to have performed the duties so, well that he will be unanimously renominated; assessor brings forth George Buyers of the lower Columbia, who seems to Jead, but C. A. Ledgerwood, the chairman of the county committee, is making a still hunt and may land the plum; coroner, Dr. F. R. Ballard of Colville and Dr. Lung of Springdale will oppose each other in the convention; No. 1 for commissioner in the Third district has to come out as yet; the Democrats will have plenty of candidates for county of Active Falls; prosecuting attorney, there are three applicants, Hon. John B. Slater, member of the Board of. Audit and Control of Colville; J. A. Fernalli of Northport and Professor Balley of Colville; surveyor, Tower will have no opposition; Chas. E. Brooks and A. Bishop will be candidates for commissioner: G. THE MANILA LEPERS

Their Past and the Future.

The Authorities Will Make an Ideal Home for Them.

Special Correspondence.

MANILA, May 22.—The disposition of the lepers of the archipelago has been engaging the attention of the authorities since the time of American occupation, and it is believed that at an early date arrangements will be made to take care of those unfortunate people whereby theywill enjoy the greater portion of the joys of life from which they have been shut off within the dismal gray walls of the Lazaretto. Lazaretto.

off within the dismal gray wells of the Lazaretto. No suggestion at the present time has been acted upon, but it has been proposed that an island, chosen from among the many included in the Philippine group, large enough to support 30,000 persons and give them plenty of area in which to live, should be prepared for the reception of all those afflicted with the dread disease. Here they would be given the liberty of the community, and, shut off as they will be from the rest of the world, they can still enjoy that freedom and so-cial intercourse that will make life, for them, endurable.

Where Many Live.

At the present time the Lazaretto at

Where Many Live.

At the present time the Lazaretto at Sau Lazaro contains the majority of the lepers that formerly enjoyed the freedom of the city. When the Americans first arrived, a large number of those afflicted with the disease managed to make their escape through the laxity of the Spanish officials in charge. The result was that the city was filled with those unfortunate people, many of them made bold to traverse the streets for many months and avoided capture through the aid of friends and relatives who did not realize the danger entailed to the public health by the exposure of those afflicted.

The health department has accomplished a great work in rounding up those unfor-

The health department has accomplished a great work in rounding up those unfortunates and placing them in the Lazaretto. The strict measures of the department, however, did not succeed in securing all those in Manila, for many of the lepers fled to the provinces rather than go back to the living death of the Lazaretto. The recent work of establishing municipal governments throughout the islands has had a salutary effect in rounding up many of those refugees, and it is expected before many months that the archipelago will be fairly well cleared of lepers.

A Sad Condition.

At the present time they are confined within the grounds of the Lazaretto, and it is a living death. While the authorities do all in their power to keep them engaged and happy, the monotony of the place grows upon the inmates daily, and unsatisfied and unhappy in their lot, those unfortunate people long hourly for a breath of liberty. This is the undesirable conditions that the authorities are desirous of relieving. That a class of people, doomed for the balance of their lives, and numbering up into the thousands, should suffer confinement and be treated as criminals through no fault of their own, has created a sympathy for

MASQUERADE AT MANILA IN HONOR OF THAT CITY'S THIRD GLORIOUS FOURTH. The United States troops in the Philippines will celebrate the nation's birthday with open air fancy dress balls I the principal posts. Above are some of the maskers who will contribute to the galety of nations at the island

them, and while the interests of the public health must be protected, it is the desire of the authorities to give them as much freedom and enjoyment in this life as can be consistently granted.

A Brighter Future.

The plans auggested will give to them the privilege of enjoying an ideal rural life, where the socialistic idea will possibly be illustrated better than by any other object lesson. They will be supplied on this island home with all the necessities of pioneers starting out to colonize a new and undeveloped region. Homes will be built and the authorities will see that they are provided with all the necessities and such assistance as will place them in a condition to be self-supporting. Here the afflicted families will be removed, and every form of social intercourse will be allowed. Schools, places of amusement and other features can be added as the leper colony becomes better established.

All the products of their toil will be

established.

All the products of their toil will be used for their own support and nothing will be exported from the island. There will be no taxes, no military service, nor any restraint save that which will regular. any restraint save that which will regulate their intercourse and maintain good
order and individual protection. They
can enjoy within the limits of the colony
almost every pleasure that is known to
the race, and at the same time need never
fear for the morrow. In this manner the
leper question will be solved, and the desire of a humane government to provide
as considerately as possible for their unfortunate subjects will be accomplished.
Instead of the leper shuddering at the
thought of entering into a living tomb,
the unfortunate will feel resigned to place
himself at the disposal of the authorities
for public good, when he knows that a
paradise, where no care can enter, is prepared for his reception.

#### **GUAM SITUATION**

Brighter Future of Island Under

Special Correspondence.

MANILA, May 22.—Reports indicate that Captain Leary, Governor of Guam, has been femarkably successful with his work of reconstructing the Island's government and establishing a stable and permanent American rule. Guam, with its 10,000 natives and handful of Spanlards, was in a pitiable condition when it passed under our control. The government of the Spanish was corrupt and hard. The few priests ruled by superstition. The marriage bond had nearly failen into disuse. The oppression of governors and officials was such that as soon as a man acquired any property, it was taken from him on some pretext or other. Therefore, there was no encouragement for industry. Leary went to work quietly, with the view of making his change gradual.

The restoration of the marriage the was

gradual.

The restoration of the marriage tie was one of his first actions. The institution became popular, and is now practically universal. One of the qualifications for matrimony was the ability to support a wife and the desire to go to work, thus providing an incentive to industry. The wife and the desire to go to work, thus providing an incentive to industry. The next step was the reduction of fast and feast days. Under the old regime, half the days in the year were made legal holidays, when it was unlawful to wark. These days of idleness were cut down one-half, and will be diminished further in the future. The Spanish laws were overhauled, and land titles were revived and re-established. This proved hard work, and is not yet completed. A new scale of taxes was adopted, light enough not to be oppressive, and heavy enough to run the island government.

There were four priests in Guam when our occupation began. Three of these

our occupation began. Three of these were corruptionists, and were driven from the island. The fourth, Padre Jose, is an honest and virtuous man, and has the respect of the natives. He has been per-mitted to remain. Schools and hospitals have been established, and public works projected, which will give employment to

CHINESE OF HAWAII They Will Demand Their Rights as American Citizens.

> Special Correspondence. HONOLULU, June 20.—About one hundred and fifty prominent Chinese business men met in the hall of the United Chinese

all who need or deserve it. The surili-sty druiser, tosemite has been making, soundings, in the harbor and reports it, deep enough for any ship affect. It is somewhat exposed to southern monsoons, but a breakwater, which can be built at small expense, will correct all that. It is recommended that, for the present, an opening be made through the coral into an inner pool or basin, where there will be absolutely safe dockage. A new town will doubtless be created on the uarbor, as the present capital is about five miles inland.

Japanese Still Come.

Special Dispatch.
VANCOUVER, B. C., Monday, July 2.—
Scattle is soon to have another influx of 300 or 400 Japanese. It seems that the Japanese immigrants who arrived by the steamship Tartar recently, were rather

Japanese immigrants who arrived by the steamship Tartar recently, were rather an improvement on the average immigrant, inasmuch as they could all "dig up" from \$40 to \$100. As every avenue of employment was blocked for them here, the labor contractors are moving them on to Seattle. Yesterday and today the United States immigration office has been besieged with Japanese applying for certificates to enter Uncle Sam's dominions, and as they all compiled with the law, they were all passed.

One woman among them who was alone and without friends, also got papers, as a philanthropic Jap managed to find a husband for her in Seattle. When the woman was asked if she had a husband, she said she had, but on being asked for his address, she could not give it. A labor contractor sent a wire to Seattle, however, and on the next train the wire was answered by the appearance of the alleged husband at Vancouver. Heretofore, many of the Japanese women have been refused admission, but if any of the immigrants chose to claim a Japanese woman as his wife on entering the United States, the law is satisfied.

men met in the hall of the United Chinese Society Saturday evening and organized a political good government club.

It was not decided which party the organization would affiliate with, but there is no doubt that the organization will be Republican. The main purpose is to secure the rights of the members as American citizens. The present members are either naturalized citizens of this country or native born.

erican citizens. The present members are either naturalized citizens of this country or native born.

Preliminary organization was effected with Mr. C. Winam as temporary chairman, who said to those assembled: "Our purpose in calling you together this evening is to bring all of us naturalized and native born Hawaiian Chinese into an organized body for the purpose of securing our rights as citizens of the United States in the Ferritory of Hawaii."

The rights of the Chinese in the Territory were then discussed, after which the following named gentlemen were elected: President, Mr. Wong Kwai; vice president, Mr. Li Cheong; English secretary, Mr. W. Y. Kwai Tong; Chinese secretary, Mr. W. Din Sing; tressurer, Mr. Wong Leong. The following committee was appointed to draft rules and by-laws: Mr. C. Winam, Mr. Chock Hoy, Mr. Ching On, Mr. Ho Ton, Mr. Wong Chow and Mr. Ng Chun.

#### ENGLAND'S FINANCE

Money Up on Short Loans With a Flat and Falling Market.

First and Failing Market.

By Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Monday, July 2.—The Times' financial correspondent cables:
Much less disturbance has occurred in our market than we have in recent years been accustomed to see attend the half yearly settlement. Money has risen in value on short loans, so that; instead of knocking about at 1½ to 2 per cent. it has cost from 2 to 3 per cent. on seven day advances. The bank, too, did a fair business most days of the week just closed, both in discounts of 3 per cent. and short loans at 3½.

Nothing like severe pressure, however, has occurred, and at all times the discount market has been dragging. Bill brokers tried to take advantage of the higher rates for money to work the remitted bill rate up to 2% per cent. They could not manage it and business was withheld from them in consequence.

Why the present ease should prevail is not difficult to explain. Government payments have been so heavy that in spite of the fact that upward of £16,000,000 of "Khaki" loan money has already been received by it, its balances on Wednesday night were £4,500,000 less than at the corresponding period in 1899. Thus about £20,000,000 of unusual credit has been collected and disbursed by the government within a little more than three months.

Along with this abnormal movement in banking credits we have now to reckon with a decided diminution in business. There is not the same amount of paper coming forward for discount, and in the textile industries particularly, complaints begin to be made that new orders are not forthcoming. Famine and pestilence in India, followed by the upheaval in China, are producing stagnation in Lancashire.

As yet, however, the effects of any change in the volume of business of the

na, are producing stagnation in Lancashire.

As yet, however, the effects of any change in the volume of business or of the paucity in fresh orders coming forward could not be very marked upon the demand for money on the London market were it not that speculation of every description, not only on the stock exchange; but in metals, grain, cotton and wool has fallen away to a degree that we have to go back ten years to parallel. We thus have an abundance of banking credit for the time being with diminished inquiry for it on the part of the public. Nothing more need to be said to explain why our money market it flat and tending to go lower.

On the stock exchange, however, feeling has become suddenly quite sanguine and a boomlet if not a boom is predicted. Already signs of its approach are apparent in the South African home rails and other markets. Ask a reason for this changed mood and none can be given of the least value. "We all feel it coming" is the universal answer and what everybody expects may come to be true.

#### Played Out

Dull Headache, Pains in various parts of the body. Sinking at the pit of the stomach, Loss of appetite, Feverishness, Pimples or Sores are all positive syldences of impure blood. No matter how it became so it must be purified in order to obtain good health. Acker's Blood Elkir has never failed to cure Scrotilous or Syphillitic poisons or any other blood diseases. It is certainly a wonderful remedy and we sell every bottle on a positive guarantee. Stewart & Holmes Drug Co.

SICK HEADACHE ABSOLUTELY AND PERMANENTLY cured by using Moki Tea. A pleasant herb drink. Cures constipation and indigestion, makes you eat, sleep, work and happy. Satisfaction guaranteed or money back. 25 cts. and 60 cts. Stewart & Holmes Drug Co.

Excursion to Everett July 4th. Steamer Fairhaven leaves Yesler wharf at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Returning will leave Everett at 1:30 and 11 p. m. Great horse racing; \$5000 purse. Round

CHRONIC diseases a specialty. Dr. Johnson, Scheureman Building.

GRAND BALL, Wednesday eve., July 4, Ranke Hall, Pike St. and Fifth Ave.

A decree of divorce obtained in another state is held, in Felt vs. Felt (N. J.) 47 L. R. A. 546, to be entitled to full force and effect, although obtained against a non-resident after substituted service in accordance with statutes was had, and the defendant actually notified, provided that the ground of the divorce was such as the public policy of the state in which it is sought to be enforced will rocognize.

# SUICIDE

Leah Coleman Killed in Walla Walla.

Her Slayer, C. A. Martin Commits Suicide—Leaves Queer Messages.

Special Dispatch.

WALLA WALLA, Monday, July 2.—
Little did pretty 18-year-old Leah Coleman realize when she left home for a walk
Sunday afternoon that before the passing
of another day she would be ushered into
eternity by pistol shots fired by a former
sweetheart.

At 3.70 yesterday afternoon two shots

of another day she would be ushered into eternity by pistol shots fired by a former sweetheart.

At 3:30 yesterday afternoon five shots were heard in quick succession between Main and Rose Streets, near the Inland Telephone Company's office. Upon arriving at the scene Leah Coleman was found lying upon the floor of the telephone office and C. A. Martin, a young dentist, lying by her side, blood flowing from two pistol wounds in the left side of both, made by a thirty-eight calibre Colt's revolver. Miss Coleman only lived a few moments, the balls from the pistol passing through her heart. Martin was breathing heavily in an unconscious condition.

In the dead girl's hand was a button picture of herself, evidently given to her by Martin before he fired the fatal shots. The murderer and suicide had been in Portland for the past six months and returned to Walla Walla Saturday, intending to work for Dr. A. Boston. Martin, in an unconscious condition, was taken to St. Mary's hospital, where the bullets were taken from his body by a surgeon. He regained consciousness about two hours after. It was stated that no hopes were entertained for his recovery.

The murdered girl was a daughter of Mrs. J. W. Cookerly of this city. She was a most handsome girl and possessed of a large circle of friends. Martin is the souin-law of Contractor C. R. Parks. Both are very highly connected.

From the following notes, addressed to the coroner, written on the back of two envelopes, it is evident Martin had premeditated the awtul affair and was on the lookout for his victim when they, by chance, met in the telephone office. Some misunderstanding arose between the parties several months ago, and Martin left for Portiand. Correspondence, however, was evidently kept up between the two.

The notes to the coroner were written upon a letter with lead pencil and read as follows:

upon a letter with lead pencil and read

"Coronor: Please leave my three letters as they are, as they are the reception I got in Walla Walla, and I want to see if I get a warmer one below. C. A. Mar-

"Coronor: Please leave the letter with me, as it is the reception I got in Walla Walla, and I don't think I will get much worse in hell. C. A. Martin."

Martin died at 5:30 this morning.

#### JAPANESE CUNNING

Their Tricks Outwit the White Fishermen at Steveston.

Special Dispatch.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Monday, July 2.—
The New Westminster Columbian's Stevesion correspondent states that the Stevesion Japanese are arming themselves with rifles, fearing trouble of some kind. This is alarming news, as there are now more than 3000 Japs in Steveston, and this season they have practically replaced early in the season, rented all the available houses and literally took possession of the town.

The report states that 250 rifles have been purchased at Vancouver alone and taken to Steveston for future use. If anything the Japs have reason to feel alarmed for the white shermen have been boiling over with wrath at the dark ways and trickery of the willy Mongol. As all Japs look alike to the authorities, and as the former cannot understand English, before a fishery license is granted, they take the oath readily, not knowing, of course, what is said to them, and as this is the reason that thousands of Japs have crowded out the white fishermen on the Fraser this year.

Another trick is utilized by the Japs who have no license. An incoming boat that is provided with a license, transfers the same to an outgoing boat, and owing to the similarity in appearance of the Orientals, the government fishery detector rarely discovers the trick.

Orientals, the government fishery de-tector rarely discovers the trick.

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