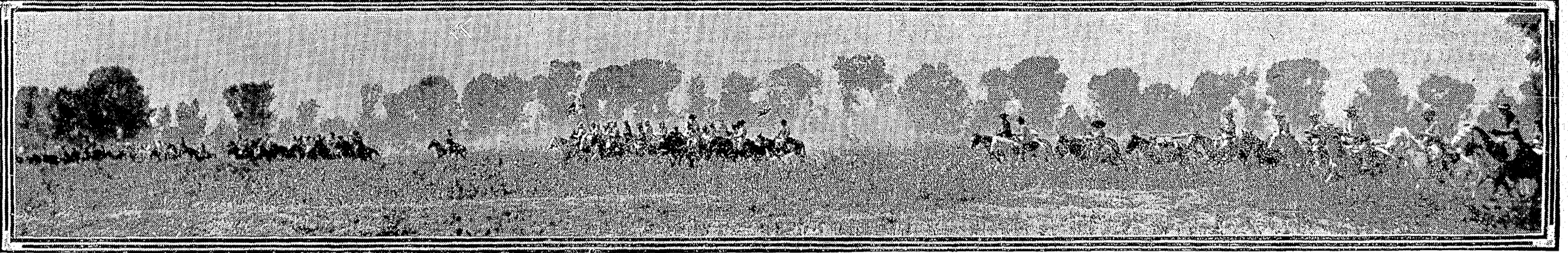


RAG DANCES BARRED IN SEATTLE

FIRST PICTURES OF REBELS AT TORREON



Copyright, 1914, by International News Service. REBEL CAVALRY IN ACTION. The line of rebel cavalry in the battle of Torreon was a mile in length during the attack on the outward defenses of the city. The above photograph shows them in action. The backbone of Villa's army is composed of horsemen who, however, were forced to fight on foot during the later stages of the attack, when the rebels forced their way into the city from house to house.

MEAGER HOSPITAL FACILITIES AFFORDED REBELS DURING FIGHTING ENDING IN FALL OF TORREON



Copyright, 1914, by International News Service. TRANSPORTING REBEL WOUNDED. This photograph illustrates the meagerness of the hospital facilities afforded the rebels during the fighting that culminated in the fall of Torreon. The wounded were assisted from the field of battle to the relief trains and were piled on flat cars, such as the one shown in the picture, for transportation to the rear.

CONSUL ROUSES HUERTA'S ANGER BY HIS REPORTS

WASHINGTON, D. C., Monday, April 6.—Because he announced the capture of Torreon by the rebels, the Huerta government has canceled the exequatur of American Consul Agent George S. Carothers. The Huerta government still denies that Torreon has fallen. Mr. Carothers obtained his exequatur when he was accredited to the Madero government and stationed at Torreon. Since the outbreak of the Carranza revolution he has had a roving commission in Northern Mexico and his exequatur from the Mexico City government has been of little value to him, all his dealings being with the Constitutionalists. It is the intention of the American government to keep Carothers with General Villa and the Constitutionalists leaders to make prompt representation for the safety of Americans and other (Continued on Page Two.)

SON OF JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER GRILLED DURING STRIKE INQUIRY

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 6.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., told the House mines committee today that his father owns about 40 per cent of the stock of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Co., the central figure in the industrial strife which has swept the Colorado coal fields. Mr. Rockefeller contended that responsibility for the conduct of corporations lay not only with the stockholders and directors, but with the officers of the company. "Don't you think the fact that the government has found it necessary to take action would warrant you in talking more than a passing interest in the situation?" asked Chairman Foster. "I have taken more than a passing (Continued on Page Two.)

GAS EXPLOSION KILLS NINE IN DEEP CAISSON

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Monday, April 6.—Nine men were killed today by a gas explosion in caisson, No. 5, of the new Harahan bridge under construction across the Mississippi River. The men, all white, it is said, had just gone to work, relieving a shift composed of ten negroes. The caisson is ninety feet deep. The negroes, who had just been relieved, it is said, were in a chamber about fifteen feet from the surface when they encountered the first rush of gas and scurried for the top. According to reports, Peter Watson, one of the victims, was not a member of the shift, but went down to investigate the origin of the gas. Watson's body was found in one of the compartments nearer the top than the other dead, and indicated that he had met death just before reaching his fellow workers. Two bodies, those of Watson and Michael Burke, had been recovered. It would be necessary, it was said, to get divers' suits before men could be sent into the tube for the other bodies.

VAIN SEARCH MADE FOR MISSING SHIP

No Trace of Sealer Southern Cross Found by Kyle, Sent in Search of Her by Government. ST. JOHNS, N. F., Monday, April 6.—No trace of the missing sealer Southern Cross had been found today by the steamship Kyle, sent out to search for her by the government.

JUST AND FAIR MEN SOUGHT BY PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 6.—President Wilson today enunciated the principle that should guide him in the selection of public servants, expressing the view that he did not believe in choosing men who would decide questions in a certain way, but those whom he knew to be just and fair. The President remarked that to him, it seemed justice was the hardest thing in the world to obtain and that it required more courage and conscience than any other one thing. Mr. Wilson was discussing his appointment of Prof. Winthrop M. Daniels to the Interstate Commerce Commission. The confirmation was obtained only after a vigorous Senate contest. The President referred to Mr. Daniels as a just and enlightened man, whom he had known intimately for twenty-five years and whom he considered of unusual ability. Mr. Daniels was sworn in today as a member of the commission.

The Seattle Daily Times

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON, MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 6, 1914. Price 1c. On News Stands, Dents, Trains, Etc.

REBEL SOLDIERS REPAIRING RAILROAD AT TORREON UNDER PROTECTION OF GUN MOUNTED ON FLAT CAR



Copyright, 1914, by International News Service. REPAIRING RAILROAD AT TORREON. When the Federals retreated from their advanced positions into Torreon, they destroyed the railroad communication, so far as possible. In order to get his supply trains to the front, Villa was compelled to repair these lines. The photograph shows the rebel engineering corps repairing a section of train under the protection of a cannon mounted on the armored repair car.

TAKE MILITANT FROM COURT TO RESTORE PEACE

LONDON, Monday, April 6.—"General" Mrs. Flora Drummond, militant suffragette, shrieked so loudly when arraigned today at the police court in connection with the suffragette disturbances at the Union demonstration in Hyde Park Saturday that she had to be forcibly removed. She would not allow either the magistrate or the prosecutor to utter an audible word. When Mrs. Drummond entered the prisoner's enclosure she shouted at the top of her voice that she wouldn't permit anyone but herself to speak because, she said, the magistrates and the police courts were doing the dirty work of Premier Asquith. She then proceeded to bombard the court with volleys of verbal shrapnel until she was carried out by wardens.

SEATTLE JAP TO TEACH FLYING IN MIKADO'S ARMY

GEORGE TAKASOW, Seattle's Japanese aviator, whose struggles and triumphs in the profession of airman would fill a modest-sized volume, will leave tomorrow on the steamship Aki Maru with his 80-horsepower Curtiss headless biplane to tour Japan for ninety days and then return to Tokyo, where he will act as civilian instructor of aviation for the aerial corps of the Japanese army. Great secrecy has characterized the movements of Takasow for the last two weeks and it was not until he went this morning to the office of the Japanese consulate to arrange for his trip that it became known definitely that he is to fly in Japan. Even then the officials declined to admit that orders covering Takasow's employment have been received, but it is a known fact that he is traveling on government transportation and that his machine is being carried under government frank on the Aki Maru, under the terms of the Japanese subsidy. Takasow's career in Seattle is but another evidence of Japanese tenacity of purpose. He came to this city more than ten years ago, and like many of his fellows, accepted menial work (Continued on Page Two.)

ARMY OFFICER DOES NOT WAIT FOR HIS TRIAL

CAPT. J. H. GRIFFITHS, disbursing officer of the quartermaster's depot of the war department with headquarters in this city, disappeared from his apartments in the Perry Hotel at 3 o'clock Saturday, and army officers believe he has either made way with himself or fled to Canada to avoid trial by court-martial for alleged embezzlement of \$3,000 of government funds. The discovery of Griffiths' mysterious absence from quarters to which he had been confined without guard under military statutes, was made yesterday. Trial of the officer was scheduled to begin at Fort Lawton at 10 o'clock this morning. Upon learning that Griffiths had left his apartments Major Hugh J. Gallagher, who was Griffiths' immediate superior officer, last evening notified members of the court in time to prevent them from coming here on a useless mission. The trial will be postponed until the missing officer is captured. As a result of his action yesterday, Captain Griffiths will be automatically dismissed from the army and will be liable to arrest by any civil officer as a common deserter. The statutes as revised by Congress to govern cases of similar character prescribe the following: "Officers charged with crimes shall be arrested and confined in their own quarters or tents and deprived of their swords by their commanding officers, and any officer who leaves confinement before he is set at liberty by his commanding officer, shall be dismissed from the service." That Griffiths has gone to Canada is considered more probable than the suicide theory. "All who saw Captain Griffiths while the court-martial was pending," Major Gallagher said, observed that he was as cool as a cucumber. At no time did he show any trace of melancholia. Captain Griffiths apparently had made no arrangements for his defense so far as the officers of the court-martial were aware. No officer had been (Continued on Page Two.)

RAG DANCE IN SEATTLE UNDER BAN

Austin E. Griffiths Disapproves of Fantastic Terpsichorean Steppings After Careful Investigation.

DISAPPROVES MODERN BALL ROOM METHODS

Denatured Entertainments Have Already Taken Place of Sprightly Numbers in Local Cabarets.

The rag dance, including the "bunny hug," the "grape vine" and other more or less fantastic terpsichorean steppings must cease in the city of Seattle so far as public dances are concerned. Chief of Police Austin E. Griffiths has given the signal to stop. Griffiths, in a statement this morning, declares his investigation of these dances has convinced him they are not proper and he orders them stopped. To what extremes he would go to enforce the order or in what manner he would draw the line between this and that dance, and place them under the ban, Griffiths did not say. It is known, however, he has given the subject of dancing considerable attention since taking office, and his friends believe he will call for a strict interpretation of his ultimatum. Several years ago proprietors of the public dance halls undertook to bar the rag and similar trippings, but Grif-

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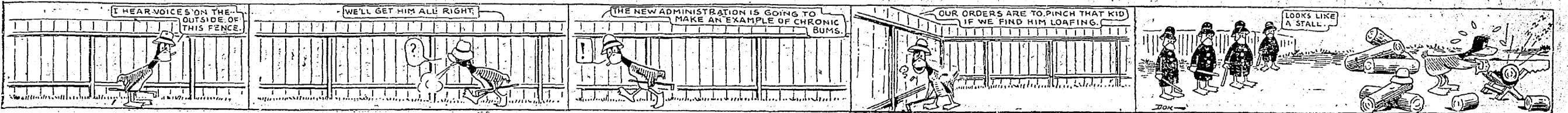


A man sent to jail was so bad, that he made all his keepers feel sad. They said, "It's no use. Might as well turn him loose." So they did, and the man wasn't mad.

THE WEATHER



Fair tonight and Tuesday; light variable breezes, mostly easterly. Temperature at P. M. Today, 53. Temperature during last twenty-four hours: Maximum, 55; minimum, 42.



RAG DANCE IN SEATTLE UNDER BAN

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(Continued From Page One.)
Griffiths contends the substitutes are highly objectionable and should cease without delay.

Griffiths, soon after becoming chief, issued an order directing cafe proprietors to put an end to their cabaret shows and similar features. All of them complied, furnishing orchestra and solo vocal and instrumental music instead of the stunts which met the chief's disapproval.

The second order is taken to mean that the 10 is to be jammed down still tighter.

In a communication addressed to the city council today, Police Chief Griffiths asks that an ordinance be passed requiring all accidents within the city limits to be reported to the police department.

At present the law provides that hospitals and drivers of automobiles who observe mishaps or are called following accidents.

The police chief believes a large percentage of accidents is the result of criminal negligence or carelessness, and constitutes some offense in which his department is interested.

Up to Us.
"The human race is dying out."
"Let posterity worry over that."
"How aggravating you are, Matravors! There won't be any posterity."

FREE!
Demonstration



EVERFRESH

Products
805 First Avenue
Colman Building

All This Week
(Beginning Tomorrow)

Every housewife, every man interested in household economy will witness at least a partial solution of the lower-cost-of-living problem.

Free samples Apple Syrup Candy, and delicious Corn on the Cob.

Food Products Company, of Portland, Oregon.

Ask for One of These Booklets

Call Main 2883 and we will mail you a booklet that we have just issued explaining the principles under which we work.

This tells why we have paid 6 per cent on savings for twelve years. And why we paid

7% On Savings
last dividend period.

Puget Sound Savings & Loan Association
"A Mutual Savings Society"
Established 1901
222 PIKE ST.

7%

is what you can make your money earn when invested in our First Mortgages. And you are relieved of all trouble and worry. In addition to the collection of interest we examine the records each year to see that taxes are paid. Experienced investors have found this service of the greatest value.

We have just issued a new list. Ask for it.

Title Trust Co
Offices with National City Bank
Second and Columbia.

The most acceptable gift for any occasion can be readily selected from a stock of this magnitude and character—from \$1.00 to \$5,000.00.

Albert Hansen
Jeweler and Silversmith
Established 1910
1883 SECOND AVE.
Optical Department

CONSUL ROUSES HUERTA'S ANGER BY HIS REPORTS

(Continued From Page One.)

foreigners and to look after their interests generally.

The United States has issued a warning to its own subjects to leave those parts of Mexico where military operations are being carried on and has more than once intimated that other governments might well take similar steps.

The right of deportation is one provided for under the Mexican constitution and has been exercised alike by the Huerta government and the Constitutionalists.

Recognition Discussed.
No request for recognition of the Constitutionalists has been made by General Carranza. President Wilson indicated today that the United States would be guided by developments as they arose in determining such questions.

The president, however, spoke of the practice which the American government had followed with respect to Mexico previously and pointed out that Washington waited almost two years to recognize Porfirio Diaz a half century ago.

JOHN LIND RETURNS TO UNITED STATES

VERA CRUZ, Mex., Monday, April 6.—John Lind, personal representative of President Wilson, with his daughter and the family of Rear-Admiral Frank F. Fletcher, embarked on the Mayflower today to proceed direct to Washington.

3,600 MEXICANS FAIL TO OBTAIN FREEDOM

FORT WORTH, Texas, Monday, April 6.—United States Judge Meek today denied the application for a writ of habeas corpus filed by the 3,600 Mexicans interned at Fort Bliss, Texas.

600 SPANIARDS FORCED FROM TORREON BY VILLA

EL PASO, Tex., Monday, April 6.—Gen. Francisco Villa Saturday ordered the deportation of the 600 Spaniards of this city. He issued instructions that trains be provided at once and that the exodus to El Paso, Tex., should begin immediately. Their property will be confiscated temporarily at least.

GOVERNOR STRONG TO ADDRESS DEMOCRATS

Alaska's Executive Will Speak at Gathering This evening.

Gov. J. F. A. Strong, of Alaska, will address the Democrats at the Democratic headquarters in the Lyon Building at 8 o'clock this evening. Governor Strong will confer with his address to the benefits that will be derived by Alaska and by the nation from the construction of the interior and government railroad in the northern territory.

FILLING BIDS REJECTED

Two bids for the filling of the River Park district from the Dwyer Interway excavation, embracing 1,200 lots in South Park, today rejected by the Board of Public Works. The low bid will be invited. Holt & Jeffery bid \$54,577 and J. M. Clapp bid about \$1,000 below that figure. His bid was irregular to some slight degree and the board decided to call for new bids in order that the interior of the excavation may be reduced to the minimum. Both bidders offer to make the fill at 6 cents a cubic yard.

NO SAUSAGE so delicious as Billy Bloch's Sausage. Cafe, tomorrow.—(Advertisement.)

SEATTLE JAP TO TEACH FLYING IN MIKADO'S ARMY

George Takasow, Who Learned How to Manipulate Plane in This City, Leaves for Orient Tomorrow.

OSTENSIBLY PLANS TO TOUR ISLANDS

Secrecy Characterizes His Movements, but Known He Will Travel and Carry Machine on Government Frank

(Continued From Page One.)

while gaining a foothold. The unwritten law of progression obtaining among the Japanese carried him through the various stages of advancement in position as rapidly as he mastered American customs, until he was enabled to save a little money.

In 1908, Takasow became enamored of the great bird-like things of wood, fabric and steel wire that sailed so confidently about through the air and he braved the derision of his countrymen by announcing that he some day would be an airman.

Works to Prove Theory.
With true Japanese capability he set to work to study the theory of aerodynamics. No diving came to Seattle during this period and escaped without answering hundreds of questions propounded by Takasow. The latter made drawings galore of plane construction and to prove his theories worked gratis, day and night, about the aviation camps to familiarize himself with aeroplane requirements.

Then came the proud day when his first machine was complete. But alas, it would not fly. The camber, or curve of the wing surface, was not great enough and the same student made kindling of the wings and rebuilt them. Then came accidents in plenty. Bad landings shook his machine to pieces and snapped off struts as though they were matches. Once, fire burned one wing of the machine. But he persevered and in the end found that others had learned his machine.

So Takasow purchased a headless Curtiss biplane with an 80-horsepower motor and began "aviating" in first-class style. During the month, 1913, he made daily flights under the auspices of the Japanese Association of America, as the "Oriental" donation to the success of the occasion. Since that time he has been flying regularly and has attained probably a greater degree of efficiency than any other Japanese airman.

Friends in Seattle declare that he is "stalling" when he declares he is going to give a series of exhibition flights through Japan, asserting that this is merely an explanation to cover his real mission. No government is more jealous of its state secrets than Japan and he would be the last in the world to reveal them.

However, it is certain that he has arranged his affairs in Seattle that he can be absent for at least two years, if necessary, as a lease on some property on Maynard Avenue given yesterday will indicate.

Takasow is today fully competent to vie with the best of the American aviators—with the exception of such fancy flying as Beachy and Christofferson accomplish—and is credited with a recklessness sufficient to qualify him for army work.

COAL LANDS LOST BY ORIGINAL ENTRYMEN

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 6.—Patents conveying 2,840 acres of public coal lands in Anita county, Wyo., to Thomas Snedden and Daniel F. Harrison, will be cancelled by a supreme court decision today which held that patents were gotten through fraud. The land has coal fourteen feet thick. The entrymen swore it had none.

BRYAN IS ILL

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 6.—Secretary Bryan, who has been suffering from a heavy cold, was still confined to his home today but was up and about, giving personal attention to state department affairs.

ARMY OFFICER DOES NOT WAIT FOR HIS TRIAL

Capt. J. H. Griffiths, Charged With \$9,000 Embezzlement Disappears—Hearing Was Set for Today.

SUICIDE IS NOT HELD AS PROBABLE THEORY

Superior Officer Declares No Trace of Melancholia Showed in Demeanor and Thinks Griffiths Is in Canada.

(Continued From Page One.)

retained to represent him; and assertion was made that he had confessed the details of the alleged defalcation to Major Gallagher. This was denied by Griffiths.

Prosecution Was Ready.
Capt. Dennis P. Quinlan, who was named judge advocate to prosecute the case for the government, and has been in Seattle several days collecting evidence and arranging the trial, said this morning that he had practically everything on hand that he would need to establish the prosecution's case.

The police were told that a reward of \$50, the customary sum for a captured deserter, was offered for the arrest of Griffiths. Griffiths was described as 45 years old; light complexion with blue eyes; smooth shaven; weighing 145 pounds; about 5 feet 10 1/2 inches in height. When last seen he wore a tan overcoat, soft black hat, black shoes and gray suit.

The officers who were to comprise the court included: Brig.-Gen. Ramsay D. Potts, of the Seventh Brigade; Col. H. H. Hanson, commanding officer at Fort Lawton; Col. John F. Morrison, of Vancouver barracks; Lieut.-Col. John C. Day, of the Coast Artillery Corps; Maj. Harold E. Cloke, of the Coast Artillery Corps; Maj. Ralph H. Van Dusen, of Vancouver barracks; Capt. Perry L. Miles, of Fort Lawton; Maj. Samuel C. Vestal, Capt. Edward Kimmel, Capt. Clarence E. Smith, Capt. Goodwin Ordway, Capt. John L. Hughes and Capt. Frank E. Edwards, of the Coast Artillery Corps.

Griffiths Arrested in February.
The alleged defalcation was said to have been discovered by Major Gallagher February 16 when a telegram was received from Washington, D. C., asking why the disbursing officer had delayed to file the monthly expense account due February 10. Investigation followed and Major Gallagher called upon Griffiths to deposit money which were in the quartermaster's safe. A few days later further investigation convinced Major Gallagher that something was wrong and he placed Griffiths under arrest, ordering him confined to his own quarters.

Inspection was made by officers from the paymaster's department at Washington, D. C., and a court-martial was called to try the local man on charges of embezzlement of \$9,000.

Captain Griffiths came to Seattle two years ago from Portland and has served in the army for many years. He is said to have a wife and two children in the Oregon city. Before the trouble arose Griffiths was highly regarded as a trusted man by his superiors. His bond amounting to \$10,000 is said to cover the amount of the reported loss.

SON OF JOHN D. GRILLED DURING STRIKE INQUIRY

Tells House Committee on Mines That He Stands for Right of Americans to Work for Whom They Please.

WILL FIGHT TO END IN DEFENSE OF PRINCIPLE

Congressmen Quiz Witness Particularly Concerning Personal Investigation Into Colorado Conditions.

(Continued From Page One.)

interest," returned Mr. Rockefeller. "The vast sums of money involved and the great disaster in the field concerned me closely. But I have done all that I could. The officers of the company have been held responsible and if we are at any time convinced their policies are mistaken, we will immediately remove them. I am one of my father's representatives in this, as in other of his personal investments."

Questioned by Representative Byrnes, Mr. Rockefeller outlined his father's holdings in the securities of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Co. thus: Common stock, 13,807 shares out of 242,355 shares; preferred stocks, 7,343 shares out of 20,000 shares; bonds, Colorado Fuel & Iron Co. 5 per cent, \$14,450,000 out of \$33,437,000; other holdings were Colorado Fuel & Iron Co. general 5 per cent, \$365,000 out of \$3,820,000.

Only Dividend in 1913.
Mr. Rockefeller said that the only dividends paid by the company were in 1913. A cumulative dividend, he said, had accumulated, totaling 75 per cent of the capital stock. Thirty-five per cent was paid on the accumulated dividend and 4 per cent on the 8 per cent dividend due that year.

The interest of his father in the concern was represented, he said, in the directorate by himself, Stuart J. Murphy and John D. Green, J. H. McKenna and L. M. Bowers, he said, were indirect representatives.

Representative Byrnes questioned Mr. Rockefeller about endorsing what Mr. Bowers had done in dealing with the strike. "The witness said that while Bowers was not personally representing the Rockefeller interests, he had written to him saying he would stand by what had been done in Colorado."

"My Bowers is known to us as an able and upright business man and an officer in the conduct of the business," he said. "You are what he called a dummy director, aren't you?" asked Chairman Foster.

"Well, we don't call it that," said Mr. Rockefeller.

He added that he had no time to look into conditions in the Colorado field. "Don't you think a director of a company ought to know these things?" asked the chairman. "Don't you think if he hasn't time, he ought to put some one in his place who would have time?"

Conscience Acquits Him.
"If I thought I were not conscientiously doing my duty, I should, of course, at once resign," said Mr. Rockefeller, "but my conscience entirely acquits me in this case."

Discussing labor conditions Mr. Rockefeller said he believed "free American citizens should have the right to choose the employer for whom they shall work and the conditions under which they shall work."

Ninety per cent of the employees of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, Mr. Rockefeller said, were nonunion men who had no difficulties with the officers of the company. He said that he could see no reason why these men should be forced to join a union and pay union dues by the other 10 per cent.

"What is your opinion as to the relation of employer and employee?" asked Chairman Foster. "I believe that the employer and the

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Special

For a leader this week, and to induce you to come and see this artistic, low-priced, durable furniture, we have selected this Rocker, one of the many popular patterns, and marked it at the special price of

\$4.95



The New Grass Rugs for Summer Use

These Grass Rugs are just the right thing to use with Grass Furniture; they carry out the same artistic, summery effect with the same low cost.

This season's patterns and colorings are a vast improvement on those shown previously. We show these Rugs in various sizes, suitable for porch use or for any size room. They come in greens, browns and blues, in a large variety of choice patterns.

Size 3x6 Grass Rugs ... \$1.25 | Size 6x9 Grass Rugs ... \$4.75
Size 4x7 Grass Rugs ... \$3.00 | Size 8x10 Grass Rugs ... \$6.75
Size 9x12 Grass Rugs ... \$8.25

We Will Take Your Old Furniture at Its Full Value in Exchange for New

If you have some old pieces of furniture in your home that you would like to trade for new, phone our exchange man and he will call on you to arrange a trade.

Pike at Fifth



employe are fellow men and should treat each other as such.

"As a director of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, have you ever investigated these conditions among your employes in Colorado?"

"No. I have been trained to act on the reports of trained and competent men, who do make investigations. I have received the reports of the men in charge of the work out there and have made them responsible," said Mr. Rockefeller. "Officers have reported to me that by the end of the present year the strike will have cost \$1,000,000. I do not know whether any money was spent to import arms and ammunition into the strike district."

Duty to Protect Workers.
"But if the state authorities were unable to protect the employes I should say that the first duty of the officers would be to see that the workers were protected."

"You have spent \$250,000 so far in this fight," said Chairman Foster; "you have heard that men, women and children have been shot and killed out there. Don't you think that, as a director, you might have made a personal investigation of conditions and looked into things there, rather than rely on the officers who were there?"

"We stand ready to lose every cent we have invested in that company, rather than that the workmen of this country should lose their right to work for whom they please," said Mr. Rockefeller.

"You'll do that, even if you lose all your money and have all your employes killed?" asked Mr. Foster.

"It's a great principle. It's a national issue. And we propose to support the officers in their course, which is in support of the workmen themselves and their right to work for whom they please, and how they please," returned the witness.

TAHOMA TO GO NORTH

Senior Capt. F. M. Dunwoody, of the United States revenue cutter service, announces that the cutter Tahoma will be detached from this division of the service on April 25. On May 1 the Tahoma will leave to join the Hering Sea fleet.

When a Fellow Needs a Friend—By Briggs



BOOK SALE

A clearance of Fiction. Several hundred volumes have been selected from our regular stock, formerly selling at \$1.40, \$1.35, \$1.25, \$1.20 and \$1.00, and are now offered at the quick-selling 75c price of, each.

Lowman & Harbord Co
FIRST AVENUE AND CHERRY STREET

NOTICE

WORKINGMEN OF SEATTLE MAKE THIS STORE YOUR STORE

And do not be backward about asking for credit. It's free and does not cost you one penny more than if you paid cash, yet it makes buying apparel so easy for you.

You wouldn't hesitate to ask a butcher, grocer or furniture house for credit, would you? Then, why hesitate to buy splendid, up-to-date apparel on credit? We won't make any bones about giving you an account. Come in and get what you need for Easter—just pay a little down on it and let the balance go until it is convenient to pay it.

It's so easy to buy this way. Have you ever tried it?

BRADBURY CLOTHES FOR MEN **Eastern Outfitting Co.** **REGENT CLOTHES FOR WOMEN**

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