

STATE MINERS STRIKE

DRAWN LAW STANDS!

SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS WARTIME ACT

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NIGHT EXTRA

The Seattle Daily Times

30 Pages. SEATTLE, WASH., MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 15, 1919. Price, 5 Cents.

EDITORIAL

PROMPT PROBE DUE OPERATORS IN THIS STATE.

DECISION of the Pacific Coast Coal Company to pay the 14 per cent. increase to its miners apparently removes the last obstacle in the way of a prompt return to work.

Elsewhere throughout the country, mining has been resumed on a big scale.

In the central district, 90 per cent of the men were busy today and union officials predict that 95 per cent would be occupied by nightfall.

Local fuel supplies have sufficed up to this time, but the stocks of some utilities in Washington now are low.

The operators have recognized these circumstances in agreeing to the payment of the wage increase.

In the case of the Pacific Coast Coal Company, it is stated, this advance "will result in placing our operations on a non-profitable basis, unless readjusted in some manner."

This readjustment is to be anticipated.

Coal mining, like any other industrial activity, cannot long be continued unless profitable.

Situations such as the one existing in this state should be inquired into at once by the presidential commission.

Any general wage or price measure of nation-wide application obviously could not apply equitably to all parts of the country.

In this instance, the 14 per cent increase is added to wages that already are in excess of those paid in other districts.

Costs, aside from wages, also are higher in Washington.

Prompt consideration by the presidential commission of the financial and other problems confronting operators in this state should be demanded and is to be anticipated.

Syracuse Papers Raise Ad Rates

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Monday, Dec. 15.—Publishers representing twenty weekly newspapers in Cayuga County decided at a conference in Auburn to increase their advertising rates 50 per cent beginning January 1.

Times Specialists On Duty Today

- W. W. Jermaine.....Page 1
 - James H. Collins.....Page 3
 - Justin McGrath.....Page 11
 - Karl H. von Wiegand.....Page 17
 - Dr. Paul Bernardo.....Page 17
 - J. J. Underwood.....Page 17
 - Cardinal Mercier.....Page 20
 - Joseph Timmons.....Page 17
- All regular features in addition.

5,500 MEN

ACCEPT 14 PCT. RAISE

Convention of Washington District Chiefs Votes to Return "Immediately," Probably by Wednesday.

WILL REQUIRE OWNERS TO ABIDE BY PLEDGE

Pacific Coast Coal Company Yields on Pay Increase—Other Operators Agree to National Terms.

The coal strike is ended in the state of Washington.

The five thousand, five hundred striking miners will return to their jobs in the seventy-two collieries of the state "immediately," which is interpreted to mean next Wednesday morning.

Immediate resumption of work in all the Washington mines was voted by the special convention of District No. 10, United Mine Workers of America, in the Seattle Labor Temple, shortly before noon today.

The vote to ratify the nation-wide strike settlement was announced by President Robert H. Harlin immediately after the ballot was taken. Mr. Harlin said his recommendation had been that work be resumed Wednesday morning and that he believed the strikers in virtually all camps would comply with it.

"No Strings to Return."

The vote to return to work, Mr. Harlin said, was "no strings to it" and if any difficulties arose through the refusal of mine owners to live up to the peace terms the miners would take up the grievance with federal and state authorities who have been urging that coal production be resumed.

The settlement proposed by President Woodrow Wilson last week by the national heads of the mine workers in Indianapolis provides that all miners shall return to work at a wage increase of 14 per cent; a presidential commission shall investigate the industry and make a readjustment of wages and coal prices if warranted.

Announcement yesterday by the Pacific Coast Coal Company, the largest mining company of the state, that it has decided to live for the time being on the 14 per cent wage increase pending a permanent readjustment of wages and coal prices by a presidential commission, gave the strikers a favorable vote by the miners' district convention this morning calling off the strike in the seventy-two mines of this state.

The outcome of the convention's deliberations was foreshadowed before the delegates assembled. When District President Harlin announced he had conferred by telephone with T. J. Tanner of Seattle, personal representative of Gov. Louis F. Hart in coal strike negotiations and head of the National Coal Operators' Association, he had fallen into line with the other operators who lined the shores of the lake with their "warrens" when the miners were ready to go back to work.

Removes Only Objection.

"This removes the only important objection of the miners here to acceptance of the national strike settlement," said Harlin before the convention opened this morning. "If the operators are ready to return to work as soon as the convention can be informed of the change that has come in the situation, the convention recessed Saturday afternoon."

After the convention was called to order at 10 o'clock William Short of Seattle, president of Washington District No. 10, the United Mine Workers, formerly secretary-treasurer of District No. 10, said that the convention had agreed to the settlement and that the operators would abide by the terms of the national settlement.

Of course there were "Hot-Dog" stands on the "Get-em-while-they're-stirring-hot" balcony. The peanut and popcorn men were on hand, also the candy, cigar and cigarette vendors. Then, too, there

BRITISH ENVOY GOING HOME



Color cartoon by Martin from photograph by New York Herald Service.

LONDON, Monday, Dec. 15.—Viscount Grey, ambassador to the United States, has been granted a leave of absence from Washington in order to come to England to discuss several important questions with the government. It is announced by Premier Lloyd George at this afternoon's session of the House of Commons.

Water at Five Cents a Drink Rufus Wallingford Hits Skaters

THE author of "The Ancient Mariner" who wrote, "Water, water everywhere, but not a drop to drink," would have "bushed" had he been at Green Lake yesterday. And as for "Get-Rich-Quick" Wallingford, he would have hung his head.

"Right this way for your water! Quench that thirst, five cents!" And that was just one of the calls of hordes of vendors who lined the shores of the lake with their "warrens" while thousands of Seattleites made it a day long to be remembered. These "merchants" took full advantage of the occasion, descending on the lake shore bright and early and remaining until the proverbial last dog was dead.

Discovering the vigorous exercise of skating made for thirst and that there were no special means for quenching it, one genius conceived the idea of obtaining a tin pail and cup to match. He filled his bucket at a hydrant on a lawn of a nearby residence and soon opened for business.

It was only a short time before he was sold out but in jiffy he was stocked up again, repeating the performance time and again.

"Hot Dogs" on Sale. Of course there were "Hot-Dog" stands on the "Get-em-while-they're-stirring-hot" balcony. The peanut and popcorn men were on hand, also the candy, cigar and cigarette vendors. Then, too, there

WOULD MAKE OUTLAW OF RED ENEMY

Commissioner - General of Immigration, in Annual Report, Says Deportation Does Not Punish Anarchist.

NATIONS OF WORLD SHOULD TAKE ACTION

Anthony Caminetti Declares "Gentlemen's Agreement" With Japan Has Not Brought Proper Restriction.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Monday, Dec. 15.—Deportation is not "punishment for crime," but merely allows the alien anarchist to change his field of activity, declares Anthony Caminetti, commissioner-general of the bureau of immigration, in his annual report, made public today.

"It is to be hoped," says the report, "that the lot of the anarchist will not continue, but that by the common consent of civilized nations something more may be done to protect the world against the punishment as an international outlaw."

The "gentlemen's agreement" with Japan regarding the admission of "picture brides," says the report, "has not brought the desired results, which might have been, and probably was, anticipated by those who took part in the negotiations, but that this result 'grows out of the terms of the agreement rather than the manner of its observance.'"

Immigration of Japanese females, "by far the greater number of them," is reported to have increased in the United States from 20,363 in 1918 and 30,532 in 1919-1920, the report said, or an increase of the average annual immigration from 638 before the passport agreement was effective to 287 during the agreement.

Japanese Marriage Laws. The commissioner's report notes that in the absence of treaty provisions the validity of marriages, such as those contracted by Japanese "picture brides," is determined by the laws of the country in which they are contracted.

Investigation by the Bureau of Immigration, the report says, has shown that a large number of Japanese men residing in the United States to whom the laws of the country in which they are residing in Japan by giving official notification to the registrar of state rights, have been found to be in violation of the laws of the United States.

The number of male Japanese admitted during the present period was 122,233, as against 23,510 admitted under the agreement, according to the report. However, the commissioner notes that "in 1909, the first full year of the agreement, only 1,388 Japanese were admitted and the number increased quite regularly year by year until it reached 7,671 in 1913."

The report says the Pacific Coast continues to be the destination of nearly all Japanese immigrants, and 82.5 per cent of those admitted to the mainland since 1909 express intention of remaining here, compared with 35.5 during the preagreement period.

Lower Coming to Washington. "Coming in far in the lead of the other states," the report continues, "as shown by the fact that prior to the agreement 4.3 per cent were destined to that state compared to 62.1 per cent during the last eleven years. On the other hand the proportion destined to Washington decreased from 37.1 per cent of the whole in 1899-1908 to 16.1 per cent in 1909-1919."

The commissioner suggested extension of the "barred zone" which by an act of February 5, 1917, shut out laborers from India, China, Indonesia and other regions, to such other parts of Asia as are not now included, and to Africa and adjacent lands. The establishment of mandatories in these undeveloped countries will inspire a migratory spirit among their peoples, the commissioner said.

"Let us fully protect ourselves first

(Continued on Page Nine.)

SLOW FREIGHT CREWS TO GET TIME AND A HALF FOR OVERTIME

WASHINGTON, Monday, Dec. 15.—Under an agreement between the Railroad Administration and the four brotherhoods of train and engine men, announced today, time and a half for overtime in slow freight service will become effective as of December 1.

All arbitrations and special allowances formerly applicable between terminals are eliminated, but special allowances for switching and similar work at initial terminals are preserved. These, however, will be at the old rate.

VILLA RELEASES YANKEE WITHOUT RANSOM MONEY

Fred G. Hugo and Number of Prominent Mexicans Given Liberty by Leader of Outlaw Band.

By Associated Press.

EAGLE PASS, Tex., Monday, Dec. 15.—Fred G. Hugo of El Paso, manager of the J. M. Doble ranch near Muzquiz, Mexico, has been released by the Villistas, who had held him for \$10,000 ransom, according to advices received here today. No ransom money was paid.

Several prominent Mexicans taken with Hugo in the recent raid on Muzquiz, and held for ransom, were released without payment of any money, the telegram stated. G. M. Scripps, Mexican consul here, made public the telegram, adding that lack of normal means of communication made it difficult to obtain further details.

Information of Hugo's release was contained in a telegram received by the Carranza garrison at Piedras Negras, Mexico, from the Villistas, who had been commanding one of the columns of government forces sent to intercept the Villistas.

The embassy and the American consul at Piedras Negras, Mexico, have been instructed to investigate reports that the Villistas carried off another American named Phillips.

ASK MEXICO TO EXPLAIN KIDNAPING OF AMERICAN

WASHINGTON, Monday, Dec. 15.—The American embassy at Mexico City was directed today by the State Department to make representations to the Mexican government regarding the kidnaping of Fred G. Hugo, the American manager of the Doble ranch, near Muzquiz, by Villistas last week.

WILSON'S FREE TRADE PLAN TO HIT PREJUDICES

Mr. Jermaine's Dispatch. Capital City Bureau, The Seattle Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Monday, December 15.—President Wilson's recommendation in his annual message that the United States join the free trade world in going to a free trade basis until after reconstruction work may prove to have been done their recommendation that will be most disastrous to the protectionists now and the time for holding the national political conventions.

The Democratic party has been on a free trade basis. The idea of a protective tariff is deeply embedded in the American traditions and history and it has furnished the chief dividing line between political parties for so many years that a proposition to abandon it, even temporarily, will run counter to many strong prejudices. If the Democratic party taking its stand on the Wilson message, should put a free trade plank into its platform, an issue would be raised that would threaten to obscure many of the issues that are now so much in evidence.

The Republican party, in its advocacy of a protective tariff, as well as a strong central government as opposed to the Jeffersonian doctrine of states rights, has been the champion of Hamilton. The Hamiltonian parties which preceded it all believed in protection.

Many of the leaders of the Democratic party, especially in the years when the slave states were at the height of their influence, believed in free trade. The South, being devoted almost exclusively to agriculture, had nothing to protect, and therefore saw no merit in the proposition that the

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DECISION DASHES HOPES FOR DAMP HOLIDAY SEASON

United States Justices Unanimous in Ruling That Prohibition Remains in Force—Injunctions Dissolved.

(For Editorial Comment See Page 6.)

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Monday, Dec. 15.—War-time prohibition was held constitutional today by the Supreme Court in a unanimous decision. Thus vanished the hopes of many for a "wet" holiday time.

No decision was rendered on the cases involving the constitutionality of the Volstead law, the prohibition enforcement act, framed to carry out the intent of the prohibition amendment to the constitution.

In passing, however, Associate Justice Brandeis did hold that the prohibition act was binding on the states as well as the federal government.

The court entirely reversed the contention of the "wets" that war time prohibition is outside the war time powers of Congress, and pointed out that war time control of food and railroads still is in effect.

The decision adds one of the final milestones to the long fight to make the country dry.

The court will render opinions again next Monday at which time the beer cases are expected to be decided. The court will then recess until January 5.

Upon the court's decision on the prohibition enforcement law will depend whether the federal government has at hand any legal means for making the constitutional amendment effective. The constitutionality of the court's decision on the war time prohibition law will keep the country dry until the amendment is carried into effect January 16 by law of its own.

Injunctions Dissolved. In deciding the question the Supreme Court also dissolved injunctions restraining revenue officials from interfering with the removal from bond of about 70,000 gallons of whiskey valued at approximately \$15,000,000 held by the Kentucky Distillers' Association, Inc., of Louisville, Ky.

The signing of the armistice did not abolish the prohibition enforcement of Congress, Associate Justice Brandeis said in reading the decision of the court. The government did not appropriate the liquor by stopping the domestic sale, "as it was left open for exportation."

Justice Brandeis also called attention to the continued control of the railroads and re-assumption of power by the government relative to coal and sugar under wartime acts to show that the government continues to exercise various war powers despite the signing of the armistice.

War Not Ended. Justice Brandeis said there was no basis for the contention that President Wilson's statement in his message that the war had ended was an end was a proclamation announcing the termination of the war.

Justice Brandeis' decision in part follows: "The war power of the United States is subject to applicable constitutional limitations; but the fifth amendment upon this respect no greater limitation upon the national power than does the fourteenth amendment upon the states. If the nature and conditions of a restriction upon the use or disposition of property is such that a state could consistently with the fourteenth amendment without compensation, then the United States may for a permitted purpose impose a like restriction consistently with the fifth amendment without making compensation for prohibition of the liquor traffic is conceded to be an appropriate means of increasing our war efficiency."

There was no appropriation of liquor for public purposes. The war-time prohibition act fixed a period of seven months and nine days from its passage during which liquors could be disposed of free from any restriction imposed by the federal government. Thereafter, until the end of the war and the termination

of the war, the prohibition enforcement act was in force. The prohibition enforcement act was held constitutional today by the Supreme Court in a unanimous decision.

(Continued on Page Nine.)

D'ANNUNZIO TO GIVE UP FIUME AND ROME TO ITALY

TRISTE, Monday, Dec. 15.—General Cavaglia, former minister of war, arrived in Trieste yesterday on a special mission from General Badoglio, chief of staff to General Diaz and second in command of the Italian army, to take over command at Fiume. He conferred with the former commanding the troops on the armistice line adjacent to Fiume.

ROME, Monday, Dec. 15.—The newspapers today announce that Gabriel D'Annunzio, accompanied by General Badoglio, chief of staff to General Diaz, probably will come to Rome Tuesday and confer with Premier Nitti, who will be able the same day to make a precise declaration in the Chamber of Deputies with regard to Fiume.

FILME, Monday, Dec. 15.—Preparations are under way for the evacuation of Fiume by Gabriele D'Annunzio, the soldier poet, and his forces and the occupation of this Adriatic town, which has been the cause of so much dissension, by a contingent of the regular Italian army headed by General Cavaglia, former minister of war.

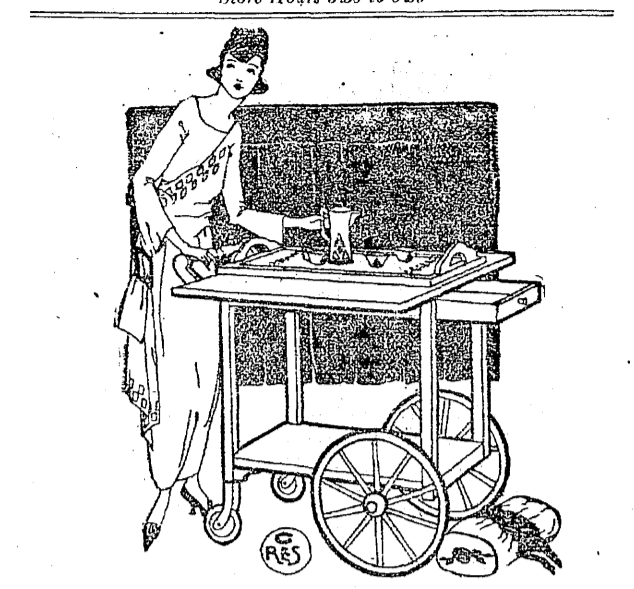
Italy is to have complete sovereignty over Fiume and all the provisions of the Treaty of London are to be carried out under the terms of a compact signed by Premier Nitti and D'Annunzio, according to a statement made by D'Annunzio in a press conference. France, Great Britain and the United States are to be notified of the final annex Fiume, it was asserted.

ESSAYS POUR IN FOR TIMES' \$1,000 CONTEST

ESSAY writing for a share in the \$1,000 contest offered by the Seattle Times is becoming popular. Despite the counter attractions of big expenses of smooth ice and slippery surfaces on numerous hills, Seattle boys and girls found time last week to write enough essays to keep the Times' judges—who are yet to be appointed—busy for several hours, deciding which youngsters will share the prize money.

(Continued on Page Two.)

WOODHOUSE-GRUNBAUM FURNITURE CO., Inc. OTTO S. GRUNBAUM 416-424 PIKE STREET Store Hours 9:30 to 5:30



A WELCOME GIFT EVERY woman aspires to possess a tea wagon. It adds so much to the appearance of a living room and is so useful and dainty in serving guests.

WE'LL TRUST YOU Our Credit System has been established for your convenience, to assist you to furnish along your own individual tastes.

OWNER OF GOLD HOTEL ARRESTED Second Arrest This Month Follows Test by Health Department Agent.

TENANTS ASK HEAT; PAY MORE OR MOVE THAT tenants who have filed complaints against landlords and apartment house proprietors for failing to furnish sufficient heat during the cold weather have been subjected to notices to move or else pay higher rent.

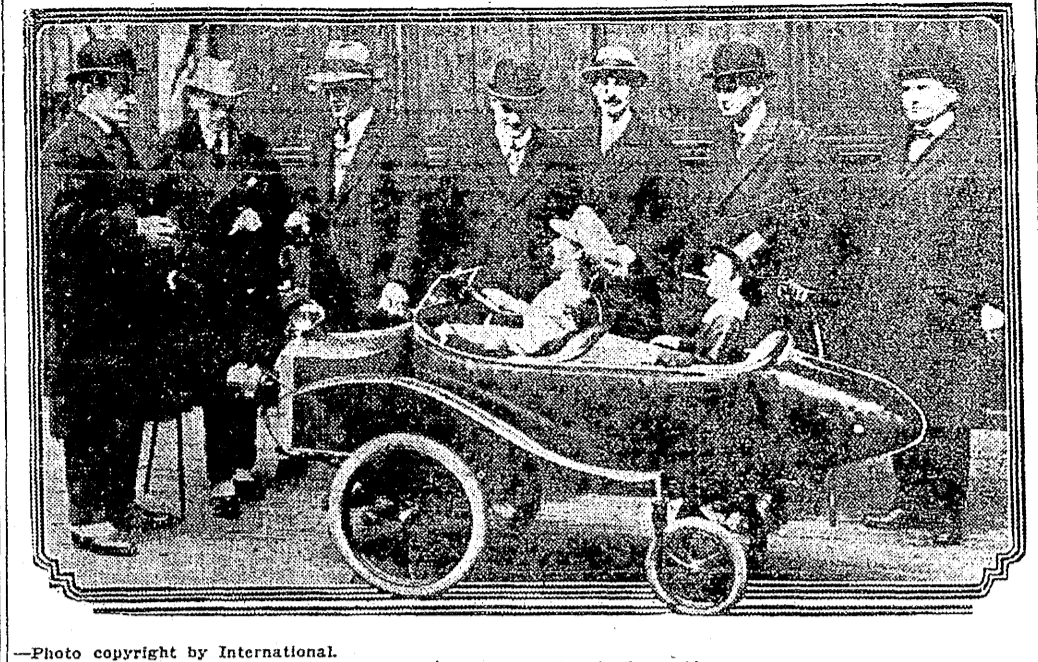
Other Towns Are Hit To a lesser degree lack of power has been reported in other towns.

The Professor's Autograph. The late Professor Haackel put one over on Mr. Carnegie a decade or so ago.

PROTECT YOUR EYES THEY ARE PRICELESS You want perfect eyesight service, and the one way you can always be sure of getting it is to entrust your eyes to a firm whose goods and methods have been proven perfect by a long and reliable record.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years Always bears signature of J. C. Watson

WHISTLE OPERATES MOTOR OF MINIATURE AUTO



By means of a whistle a miniature motor car, containing two lay figures, was run, stopped and turned at the will of the whistler in a London drill hall.

WAR-TIME PROHIBITION ACT STILL IN FORCE

Control of Utilities. Did the act become void by the passing of the war emergency? The question was raised before the commencement of these suits.

Alleged It Was Unconstitutional. In arguing the cases before the Supreme Court on November 20, the government attorneys appearing in opposition to the prohibition act contended that war-time prohibition laws were unconstitutional.

Several Small Blazes Reported Since Saturday. Numerous other small fires were reported in the city since Saturday night.

BOY SAVED IN FIRE

Rushing through the flames that blocked the entrance of the burning home of Paul E. Carlson, a city fireman, at 6203 27th Ave. N. E., at 6 o'clock last night, an unidentified neighbor saved the life of little Jack Carlson.

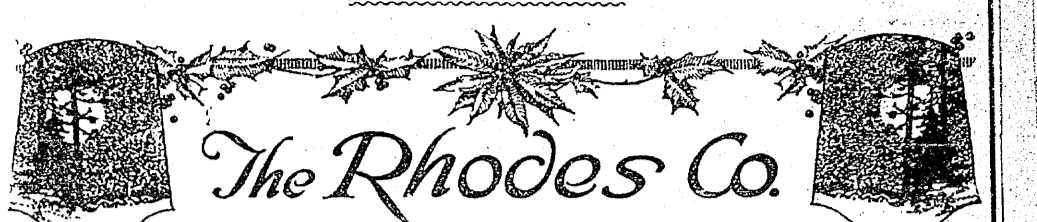
BEAR CASE NOT SETTLED

In declaring the war-time prohibition act unconstitutional, Federal District Judge Walter Evans in Seattle, held the act conflicted with the fifth amendment and enjoined internal revenue officials from preventing the Kentucky Distillers and Warehouse Company from removing whiskey for beverage purposes from its warehouses.

NAVY YARD OPEN TO PUBLIC TOMORROW

Navy yard open to public tomorrow, account of launching of ship Pyro and Nipeo. Flooding of the big new building dock.

The Bells—The Bells of Christmas Chime the Tidings of Peace on Earth, Good Will to Men



Christmas Blankets A HEAVYWEIGHT, Wool-Finished Cotton Blanket, size 72x80, in gray and tan, with pink and blue borders and finished with mohair binding, is reduced for Tuesday.

50 Smart Christmas Coats Reduced to \$18.75 New Second Floor. These will be displayed on one rack and will include models that sold formerly at \$24.50, \$29.50, \$34.75, and a few at \$55.00.

Boxed Christmas Handkerchiefs THREE dainty Hemstitched Women's Handkerchiefs of fine lawn with a linen finish and attractive colored embroidery in corner, are neatly arranged in a Christmas box.

FREE TRADE PLAN TO HIT PREJUDICES (Continued From Page One) whole people be taxed for the benefit of a few manufacturers in the North.

Wild Trading Follows News of Dry Decision NEW YORK, Monday, Dec. 15.—Wild trading in United States food products, which has largely subsided on banishment of the receipt in Wall Street of the news that the prohibition act was unconstitutional, has broken out again.

FREE TRADE PLAN TO HIT PREJUDICES (Continued From Page One) The Democratic party as an organization, however, has never advocated free trade. It has at times been called a free trade party because of its customs duties.

WOMEN'S BATH ROBES—An unusually complete display of handsomely patterned Gift Robes at \$5.00, \$6.50, \$7.50 and \$8.95.

Women's Cashmere Hose A Pair 50c Main Floor, Rear. THIS exceptional value in Women's Medium Weight Cashmere Hose is available in sizes 8 1/2 to 10.

IN THE BABY'S CHRISTMAS STOCKING ON Christmas eve when the baby's stocking is hung, have any one or several of the useful gift suggestions in this list ready.

Infants' Short and Long White Dresses at \$1.25, \$1.95, \$2.50, \$2.95, \$3.50 and \$4.95. Infants' Knit Sacques at \$1.50, \$1.95, \$2.50 and \$2.95.

WOULD MAKE WORLD OUTLAW OF ANARCHIST (Continued From Page One) and consider afterward whether exemptions can be made with safety to our country.

TO MEET POST-WAR CONDITIONS. Obviously, one of the things to which the Republican party, now in control of Congress, must apply itself is a revision of the tariff laws.

NOTICE

Navy yard open to public tomorrow, account of launching of ship Pyro and Nipeo. Flooding of the big new building dock.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFERS SKILLED MECHANICS STEADY WORK

The Shipyards and Commercial Shops of San Francisco and adjacent cities, which were closed October 1, 1918, by a general strike, which still exists, reopened November 24 on the "American," or "Open Shop" plan.