## Dies Group Plans to Probe Release of Japs From Camps

North American Newspaper Alliance Attorney-General Biddle had re-WASHINGTON, May 27.—Acting quested the release of a qualified on the recommendation of Repre- Japanese to work as houseman in sentative J. Parnell Thomas, Republican, New Jersey, the Dies stance Biddle, at Bryn Mawr.

Committee has determined to Biddle Denies Charge committee has determined to

committee has determined to launch an immediate investigation of the problems surrounding the Japanese relocation centers on the West Coast, it was learned yesterday.

Returning from a 6,000-mile transcontinental journey, during the course of which he spent a week inquiring into the Japanese situation on the West Coast, Representative Thomas reported to Chairman Martin Dies that thou-

Chairman Martin Dies that thou-sands of Japanese are being re-leased from the ten relocation centers and scattered through the East and Middle West, where some of them are employed directly in war work. At the same time he sent a telegram to President Roose-

velt urging that no more of these interned persons be released until the Dies committee could make a thorough study of the whole program. Representative Thomas declared that the government's Japanese re-

location program was the No. 1 farce among all New Deal projects. About 1,000 Japanese are being released from these centers each week, he revealed, and are being permitted to scatter through all parts of the country where surveillance of their activities and

contacts is virtually impossible. This dispersion is not only permitted but encouraged by the high officials of Washington, Thomas declared, citing the fact Secretary Ickes recently engaged Japanese internees to work on his farm in internees to work on his farm in

Maryland, and pointing out that



Among those listed

in pamphlet, which was picked up by an agent of the Dies committee,

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an agent of the Dies committee, was the following:
"Houseman, Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania: United States Attorney-General Biddle has sent through a request for a houseman for his cousin, Miss Constance Biddle. Man must be expert, trained to do cooking and housework. Wages are \$80 per month and full maintenance. Splendid job offer and a splendid opportunity to help the relocation program in general."

Asked to explain the attorneyrelocation program in general."

Asked to explain the attorneygeneral's flat denial in the face of
the published record, an official of
the Department of Justice yesterday declared that Attorney-General Biddle had not applied for
the release of the houseman in
question, but admitted that he had
written to the authorities at the
Gila River center, informing them
that his cousin would file such an
application and requesting their

application and requesting their aid. Laxity Causes Concern

The fact the attorney-general was prompted to issue a blanket denial based on such a slim technicality was taken to indicate the growing concern which the admin-

istration is apparently suffering here as a result of the laxity with which the relocation center prowhich gram is being run. Commenting on this Thomas described how the Federal Bureau of Investigation agents in Los Angeles arrested one of the wealthiest Japanese in the city December 7, 1941, and sent him to

a relocation center. Thereafter this man was sent to Louisian, where he did "a tremendous commercial business" with American citizens while furnishing substantial funds to the Japanese Navy League.

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With his brother, who now is about to be released from a Colorado relocation center, this man, according to Thomas, "maintained a courier system between Los Angeles and Tokyo."
"It is inconceivable," stormed "It is inconceivable," stormed Thomas, "that such Japanese agents as these two brothers and numerous others of like caliber should be turned loose to roam at will

throughout the United States. However, this seems to be the program which is being put into effect."