



## Post-Evacuation Readjustment Of Nisei Will Be Discussed By Panel at JACL Convention

Annie Clo Watson, Robert Cullum, Edward Ennis, A. L. Wirin, Dr. Tom Yatabe Will Participate In Feature Event at Salt Lake City Parley

"The Nisei Come Back" will be the theme of the panel discussion which will feature the general meeting of the Tenth Biennial National JACL Convention in Salt Lake City, Tuesday evening, Sept. 14, according to Shigeki Ushio, national convention chairman, this week.

Guest speakers on the panel will be Miss Annie Clo Watson, San Francisco; Robert M. Cullum, Washington, D. C.; A. L. Wirin, Los Angeles; Edward J. Ennis, New York City, and Dr. Thomas T. Yatabe, Chicago.

The panel speakers will develop the theme that the Nisei, under the leadership of the JACL, have come a long way since the evacuation of 1942. They will point out that no minority in American history had reached a lower estate than persons of Japanese ancestry in the spring of 1942. Then they will relate in terms of their own experience the "comeback" story of the Nisei since that time.

Miss Watson will speak on "The California Picture." As director of the International Institute of San Francisco, she was in close touch with the problems on the west coast.

"The Washington Scene" will be the topic of Cullum's talk. As secretary to the National Committee for Equality in Naturalization with offices in the nation's capital, he was probably closer to the work of the Washington JACL ADC office than any other person.

Before he became associated with the Committee for Equality in Naturalization, he supervised the gathering of material and edited the Department of Interior's final report on evacuation, "People in Motion," which was printed last year.

Wirin is well known among Japanese Americans as the attorney who argued successfully the recent Oyama alien land law and Takahashi alien fishing cases before the United States Supreme Court.

Wirin will review "The Test Cases in the Courts." Ennis, who is now in Stockholm, representing this government at the International Red Cross Convention to discuss civilian internee problems in wartime, is scheduled to summarize "The Over-All Outlook."

As wartime director of the Enemy Alien Control Unit of the Department of Justice, he is credited by Morton Grodzins in his forthcoming book on the politics and economics of evacuation as the most consistent and outstanding champion within high government circles who opposed any restrictive regulations against Japanese Americans.

A one-time general counsel for the Immigration and Naturalization Service, Ennis is also well ac-

quainted with the immigration and naturalization problems of the Japanese. In fact, at the present time, he is the chairman of the national Committee for Equality in Naturalization, a group of almost a hundred distinguished Americans who have been organized to secure appropriate legislation enabling Japanese aliens to become naturalized citizens.

Recently Ennis was retained by the Washington office of the JACL ADC to serve as special counsel on evacuation claims.

Dr. Yatabe is the first National JACL president, having served from 1934 to 1936. A member of the National Board, he participated in the goodwill tour of eastern and midwestern cities in 1943 and 1944 to explain the problems of the Japanese under the sponsorship of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace and Freedom and the National JACL.

Chairman Ushio, while expressing regret that a nationally prominent speaker could not be obtained to replace the late Father Flanagan of Boys Town, said:

"In many ways, this new arrangement of having five panel speakers outline our progress during the past six years is more appropriate for this Convention. They will not only summarize what has been done but also forecast our future. Moreover, by having our proven friends with us we are in keeping with the Convention theme of honoring those who stood by us during the dark days of war."

## Nisei Can Aid U. S. Prestige, Says Truman

President Sends Message to JACL National Convention

Americans of Japanese ancestry can do much to help the United States demonstrate to the world, in a period of uncertainty and unrest, its national unity and the validity of its democratic processes, President Truman declares in a message to the forthcoming JACL convention in Salt Lake City.

"I am confident that in so doing they will continue to earn the gratitude of all the American nation," he adds.

Congratulatory messages also were received by Shigeki Ushio, chairman of the JACL convention committee, from Governor Herbert B. Maw of Utah, Mayor Earl J. Glade of Salt Lake City, President George Albert Smith of the Church of Latter-day Saints and Frank J. Streator of the Salt Lake Chamber of Commerce.

## U. S. Will Try "Tokyo Rose" For Propaganda Broadcasts

Family Will Back Daughter Accused As "Tokyo Rose"

CHICAGO—The family of Mrs. Iva Toguri d'Aquino, who is being returned to the United States for trial, declared they do not believe that she is guilty of treason. They said they would stand by the woman who has been described as "Tokyo Rose."

Mrs. d'Aquino's father, brother and two sisters operate a small grocery store in Chicago where they relocated after the evacuation. They formerly operated a store in Los Angeles.

Her brother, Fred Toguri, 38, said the family has not heard from Mrs. d'Aquino except for brief notes saying she was in good health.

"Knowing her as we do, we're sure she didn't make those broadcasts," he said. "She would have to be forced into it."

## Two Nisei Vets Drown in Utah's Green River

Fall Into Water While Seining Catfish on Replanting Project

GREEN RIVER, Utah—Two 22-year old Nisei war veterans were drowned on Aug. 18 near the Green River dam while fishing with a seine for catfish.

The men were identified as Tommy Kuwata and Kenji Watanabe, both of Honeyville, Box Elder County, Utah.

The two were drowned about 10 a.m., according to witnesses.

They reported that one of the men, standing on shore with one end of the net, fell into the water. The second fisherman became entangled in the net and was pulled into the water after his companion.

The bodies were unrecovered four hours after the accident.

The men were among eleven members of the Japanese American Wild Life club who were seining on the river for channel catfish, according to Jeff Powell, deputy sheriff of Emery County.

The seining was being supervised by Archie Anderson, representative of the Utah State Fish and Game Department. The party left Helper early on the morning of Aug. 18 for the dam, situated six miles north of Green River.

Witnesses said that Mr. Watanabe was standing on shore with the net and drowned when he fell into the water. Mr. Kuwata drowned when he became entangled with the loose net after his companion had fallen.

Both victims served with the U.S. Army of Occupation in Japan, according to Sam Hashimoto, vice-president of the wild life club, who was directing the fishing trip.

The men were going to plant the seined fish in the Bear River in Box Elder County, Mr. Hashimoto said.

## CALIFORNIA VFW LEADER BACKS ISSEI RIGHTS

SAN FRANCISCO—Alvin Kime, state departmental commander of the VFW, said here this week that he will support Issei naturalization and citizenship rights at the VFW national encampment in St. Louis August 29 to Sept. 3.

Kime, who was recently elected to his post, said that he will back Resolution 100, a resolution asking for the right of citizenship by naturalization for the Issei, which was adopted at the VFW state encampment.

## Mrs. d'Aquino Will Return To U. S. to Face Federal Grand Jury in San Francisco

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Attorney General Tom Clark on Aug. 16 asked U. S. army authorities in Tokyo to arrest 32-year-old Mrs. Iva Toguri d'Aquino on treason charges for the so-called "Tokyo Rose" broadcasts during World War II and send her to San Francisco to face a Federal grand jury "at as early a date as possible."

Attorney General Clark said that both American and Japanese witnesses will be called by the government to testify against Mrs. d'Aquino. For this purpose some 15 Japanese nationals will be brought to San Francisco from Japan for the grand jury hearing.

The government action climaxed more than three years of investigation. The inquiry, Clark said, indicated that Mrs. d'Aquino, born in Watts, Calif., on July 4, 1916, was one of six English-speaking Japanese women who broadcast over Radio Tokyo between 1943 and 1945.

Clark said Mrs. d'Aquino was the only American-born woman in the group to which the American armed forces in the Pacific area applied the collective nickname "Tokyo Rose."

In San Francisco, U.S. Attorney Frank J. Hennessy announced that the accused woman will be returned to the United States by sea. This, he said, will assure her trial in San Francisco since Federal law provides that in cases where the defendant is arrested abroad, the trial must be held in the first United States port reached.

If "Tokyo Rose" were transported by air, Hennessy explained, the trip would involve a stop in Hawaii or Alaska, and under the treason statute, the trial would then have to be held there.

When Mrs. d'Aquino arrives in

San Francisco, the treason charges against her will be presented to a Federal grand jury by Justice Department lawyers Tom De Wolfe and John Hogan in cooperation with U.S. Attorney Hennessy.

The feminine broadcasts over Tokyo's powerful radio station became a legend among U.S. fighting men in the desolate places of the Pacific, to which they were beamed.

The Justice Department said the programs were elaborately planned. Soft-voiced and sexy in appeal, they were employed as nightly reminders to American combat men on lonely islands of what they were missing by not turning around and going back home.

Often, the Justice Department said, the broadcasts included imaginary descriptions of the scenes in famous American good-time centers, with heavy emphasis on how much fun stay-at-homes were having.

Mrs. d'Aquino went to Japan shortly before World War II, after graduating from UCLA.

During the war she married Philip d'Aquino, 27, a Portuguese national who was employed by Domei, the former Japanese government news agency.

## Navy's Joke "Citation" May Be Factor in Trial of Tokyo Rose

WASHINGTON—A Navy "joke" this week threatened to boomerang and become a major defense point in the prospective treason trial of "Tokyo Rose."

The "joke" in question is a so-called "mock citation" broadcast by the Navy in Aug., 1945. It commended "Tokyo Rose" for greatly to the morale of U.S. armed forces in the Pacific through her Japanese propaganda broadcasts.

Legal experts here speculated that Mrs. Iva Toguri d'Aquino may use the "citation" to answer treason charges of the Justice Department.

A Navy spokesman insisted that the "citation" was intended "only as a joke." He said that the broadcast was made by Capt. Timothy J. O'Brien, then Navy Welfare Director, who has since been transferred to the U.S. Naval Station at Astoria, Ore.

If the grand jury returns a true bill against Mrs. d'Aquino, legal

observers said that the court may be asked to rule on the legality of the "citation."

It is believed that the defense may also raise the question of whether the Navy promised her immunity once the American forces entered Tokyo.

During the "citation" broadcast, O'Brien said the Navy would permit her to broadcast the "history-making scene of Admiral Halsey riding the Japanese Emperor's white horse through the streets of Tokyo."

Although Halsey's ride never came off, it was thought here that defense attorneys may contend the statement was, in effect, a promise of freedom when the Americans marched into the Japanese capital.

The Navy admits that the "citation" was broadcast but says there is no record of a formal citation having been issued. Information officers cautioned, however, that "it has not definitely been determined that none was issued."

According to the official Navy publication, All Hands, the "citation" that O'Brien shortwaved to service personnel overseas went as follows:

"For meritorious achievement while serving as a radio propaganda broadcaster for the Japanese. While the U.S. armed forces in the Pacific have been extremely busy capturing enemy-held islands, sinking Jap ships, and killing Japs and more Japs, Tokyo Rose, ever solicitous of their morale, has persistently entertained them during those long nights in fox holes and on board ship, by bringing them excellent stateside music, laughter and news about home.

"These broadcasts have reminded all our men of the things they are fighting for, which are the things America has given them."

## Mrs. d'Aquino Awaits Arrest By U.S. Occupation Officers

TOKYO—Mrs. Iva d'Aquino, 32, accused as "Tokyo Rose," piled her few clothes into a shabby suitcase this week and sat down to await her arrest by U.S. authorities on the charge of treason for alleged wartime propaganda broadcasts.

"I feel rather relieved," she said. "I will be able to get it all over with now."

In a little apartment on Tokyo's outskirts, she and her 27-year old husband, Philip d'Aquino, waited for officers to arrive.

Although the Justice Department in Washington announced that Mrs. d'Aquino was the only American-born person among the six women who broadcast for Radio Tokyo during the war, "Tokyo Rose" told newsmen in Tokyo that other American-born Japanese women worked for Radio

Tokyo as announcers during the war but escaped treason charges by becoming Japanese citizens by marriage.

Mrs. d'Aquino originally was arrested in 1945 in connection with the "Tokyo Rose" investigation and spent a year at Sugamo prison before she was released when investigators failed to find the two eyewitnesses required under the statute to prove a treasonable act.

In a statement to newsmen Mrs. d'Aquino denied that she ever did anything treasonable against the United States.

If found guilty of treason, Mrs. d'Aquino will face the death penalty, but in the 35 treason trials in the history of the United States, the government never has imposed the supreme penalty on a civilian.





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LARRY TAJIRI EDITOR

## EDITORIALS:

### Agenda Against Racism

Race discrimination continues to be one of the major problems facing the American people.

It is three years now since the shooting was ended in the war to smash the Nazi theory of race supremacy. The shooting war was successful for the United States and its Allies. The Nazi and Japanese war machines have been destroyed and their war potential disrupted but the ideas of race supremacy, which characterized the ideology of the fascist governments, continue to spread like a disease over our native land.

The Ku Klux Klan marches in defiance in southern cities to preserve the race purity of the polls. The hooded men burn their crosses in the summer night. Dignifying their racism under the banner of state's rights, other men have formed a fourth political party which seeks to subvert the government's interest in the civil rights of its individual citizens.

Just as the practice of mass evacuation on the basis of race, invoked against Americans of Japanese ancestry during the war, will continue to menace the security of other racial, religious and political minorities until it is successfully challenged in the Supreme Court, so the limitation of the area of freedom in times of crisis and tension endangers the security of the Nisei.

Speaking in San Francisco last week, Dr. Louis Wirth, president of the American Council on Race Relations, stressed the dangers of malignant racism to the future of our democracy. He urged a stronger program to combat discrimination "to protect not only the interests of minorities but the integrity of the community itself."

"This end of the country is supposed to lead, not follow, in this matter of race relations," he said. "Yet even here, where you are reputed to be host free of prejudice and discrimination, there are everywhere signs of the malignant growth of bigotry which cripples us as persons and weakens our communities and our nation."

Dr. Wirth's agenda for combatting racism in San Francisco can be applied to any other American community. His program includes:

1. A combination educational and legislative attack on discrimination in employment.
2. Correction of remaining discrimination in the "public services," such as the practice of segregation in public housing and the denials of service in places of public accommodation.
3. Initiation of police training in modern techniques in race relations "not merely to prevent riots but for the sake of just and equal treatment under the law."
4. Formation of an official commission on human relations.
5. Equalization of educational opportunities, both for students and teachers.

### Judge Goodman's Ruling

It is a remarkable fact that the very great majority of the 115,000 persons of Japanese ancestry who were involved in the mass evacuation and mass exclusion from the Pacific coast in 1942 did not lose their faith in the United States government. In all, only 4,700 evacuees from the relocation centers, mostly from the Tule Lake segregation camp, left the United States for Japan as repatriates and expatriates, depending upon their citizenship status, in the months following V-J day in 1945. These voluntary deportees included approximately 1,000 of those who renounced their American nationality while confined in the Tule Lake camp.

The renunciations were carried out under Public Law 405 of the 73rd Congress which amended the Nationality Code of the United States to permit the forfeiture of American citizenship in time of war by persons residing in the United States. The Department of Justice received 5,700 applications for renunciation at the Tule Lake camp. Two thousand of these renunciants quickly filed suit for the restoration of their citizenship when the conditions under which the renunciations were carried out were removed. Their petitions charged duress and the War Relocation Authority's final report in 1946 acknowledged the existence of abnormal conditions at the Tule Lake center, declaring that "all sorts of pressure" was brought to bear upon American citizens at the camp by pro-Japanese nationalists to renounce their citizenship.

The decision of Federal Judge Louis Goodman recently stressed that duress was exerted and the court restored the citizenship of the petitioners. This week Judge Goodman refused to remove the names of some 600 other renunciants which had been added to the petition after it was originally filed. As a result the attorney for the renunciants has added the names of the remaining 2,000 renunciants in the United States.

Judge Goodman's action is an expression of justice with which few Americans will quarrel.

## Vagaries

### Tokyo Rose . . .

When the Justice Department originally announced several months ago that they would try to prosecute Mrs. Iva Toguri d'Aquino for her alleged wartime propaganda broadcasts over Radio Tokyo, it was announced that efforts would be made to hold the trial on the east coast in order to insure Mrs. d'Aquino a fair hearing. This week the Justice Department announced that the trial would be held in San Francisco. There are probably two major reasons for the Justice Department's change of mind. One is the almost impossible transportation situation. According to the U.S. law on treason cases, defendants arrested outside the United States must be tried at the point of entry. In order to bring "Tokyo Rose" to an eastern city, a round-the-world trip or at least a flight across the polar cap was indicated. The other reason is that the Pacific coast reaction to the Kawakita case probably has assured the Justice Department that prejudiced public attitudes no longer are a factor on the Pacific coast . . . Even in order to bring "Tokyo Rose" to San Francisco for the Federal grand jury, the Justice Department has had to specify that she be sent by ship because plane travel would involve stops in either Hawaii or Alaska.

### Tokyo Joe . . .

Humphrey Bogart may hire some stranded Nisei in Japan for speaking roles when he goes to Japan soon with a Hollywood company to make an independent film, "Tokyo Joe." . . . Incidentally, what's become of such prewar Japanese actors as Miki Morita who once played a lead for Universal as the Japanese doctor in "Nagana" and Tetsu Komai, one of Hollywood's favorite villains before Pearl Harbor.

### Axis Sally . . .

While "Tokyo Rose" goes before a Federal grand jury in San Francisco, another Federal jury in Washington, D.C., will be considering the case of another American woman who is facing treason charges for Axis propaganda broadcasts. Sally Gillars, 30, who will be remembered by Nisei GIs in Europe as "Axis Sally" has been arrested in Germany and is en route to the United States. She will be charged with "aiding and abetting the enemy in time of war."

### Television . . .

Salt Lake City's video station, W6XIS, is interested in televising the JAACL queen candidates during the forthcoming national convention . . . Speaking of television, George Ishizuka, designer for a West Los Angeles floral firm, demonstrated flower arrangement on Aug. 16 over KTLA.

### Hawaii Paper . . .

Koji Ariyoshi, former liaison officer with the U.S. Army in China and the author of a series of columns for the Pacific Citizen, is the editor of a new labor-progressive newspaper, the weekly Honolulu Record. Ariyoshi's autobiography, "No Stars in My Eyes," is being considered by a New York publisher.

### Church Work . . .

Japanese Christian church work in America, now entering its 70th year, was begun in the basement of a Chinese mission in San Francisco's Chinatown. First Issei pastor was the Rev. Kanichi Miyama, who began his work in 1878, ten years later opened up Japanese Christian work in Hawaii.

### Author . . .

Jon Chinen, whose stories have appeared in the Pacific Citizen in recent months, is a wounded veteran of the 442nd Combat Team who learned to write while in an army hospital. He has sold stories recently to Foreign Service, The Link and Girls' Companion. His short story "Shepherd of Anzio," appears in the September issue of Link and tells the story of Nisei on the Anzio beachhead.

# Nisei USA

## Nisei's Political Morality

There is much that can be said regarding the political morality of the Nisei group.

Political appeals to Japanese Americans, based simply on racial chauvinism, have not been fruitful, either in Hawaii where the Nisei constitute an important percentage of the electorate, or in the United States where the Nisei vote is inconsequential except in a few urban areas.

The charge of bloc voting has been levied against Nisei voters in Hawaii and on the Pacific coast. The accusers have been those of the Native Sons mentality in California and of the prejudices represented by Alice Kamokila Campbell in Hawaii. The charge of bloc voting which was raised by Mrs. Campbell was pretty effectively disproved in hearings before the House's Larcade subcommittee last year and before Sen. Guy Cordon this spring. Mrs. Campbell's charge was made in an effort to block Hawaii's bid for statehood. Testimony at the congressional hearings showed the falsity of the charge.

A study of election districts in Hawaii of any past election will show that votes, in districts where the great majority of the voters are of Japanese ancestry, are not cast on racial lines. Although approximately 30 per cent of Hawaii's voters are of Japanese ancestry, less than ten per cent of the elected public officials are Japanese Americans. A Chinese American, former Supervisor Chuck Mau, told Senator Cordon that he was elected by Nisei votes when he campaigned against a Japanese American opponent.

The Nisei vote on the mainland generally has reflected the voting preferences of the general population. It may be conceded that the majority of Nisei supported President Roosevelt during the past four presidential elections. Before 1932 the Nisei vote was almost non-existent. In 1936 when a San Francisco newspaper polled Nisei voters in California, the result was a 5 to 3 preference for Mr. Roosevelt, approximating the national ratio.

Thus a majority of the Nisei never have voted for anyone but FDR for President.

This year, however, the mainland Nisei vote may not reflect the national vote because of the serious efforts of the "third parties," Progressive and Socialist, to woo the ballots of the Nisei and other racial minority groups. Both the Wallaceites and the Thomasites have given special recognition to Japanese Americans in their national platforms. In California, the Wallace party has indicated that its campaign against Gov. Warren will include the charge that he led "a hysterical campaign to remove American-born Japanese from the coast during the war." Nationally, the Wallace Nisei group has organized several committees and has been the most active to date of the politically-minded Nisei. Most of the Nisei support for Wallace, whose platform has a special appeal for racial minorities, has come from left-of-center Democrats who have been previously active in campaigns for President Roosevelt. This has resulted in a nearly complete lack of leadership among Nisei Democrats, although President Truman undoubtedly still has a large following.

Similarly, Nisei Republicans have been reticent to date. One reason may be that they may have difficulty in swallowing the Native Sons ideology of Gov. Warren. The Nisei GOP leaders of pre-war years, like Clarence Arai and Kay Sugahara, probably will stress the fact that Gov. Dewey probably will be the next president and that you can't lose a horse race by picking the winner. In fact, the only articulate voice among the Nisei Republicans has been that of Min Yasui of Denver. Mr. Yasui, who spent nine months in prison in 1942 on a matter of principle to test the legality of the curfew and

evacuation orders, is probably more of a Wayne Morse, or liberal Republican than a member of the Old Guard.

All of the nasty things which Gov. Warren said about the Nisei back in 1942 and 1943 still stick in the craw of the Nisei Republicans who probably wish that there was some way they could vote for Mr. Dewey without voting for his runningmate. They wish that Gov. Warren would repudiate those statements just as Mayor Fletcher Bowron of Los Angeles, a Republican, did. Mayor Bowron, who is a member of the Native Sons like Gov. Warren, showed considerable individual and political courage in swallowing his words about the Nisei.

This also is the first election in which the White House incumbent running for reelection can present a positive program of accomplishment as far as the Nisei are concerned. Nisei Democrats in the election probably will stress that two of President Truman's ten points in his controversial civil rights program concerned the Nisei and their parents directly. They will also emphasize his personal avowal of the evacuee claims bill and will recall how he stood in the rain to review the 442nd Combat Team in Washington.

If the Democrats stress the fact that the Truman administration has supported the program of remedial legislation for the Nisei and Issei, the Republicans will probably counter with the fact that two of the major bills concerning the groups, the evacuee claims proposal and the deportation stay bill, were passed by a GOP-dominated Congress.

That is probably the way the battlelines will be drawn among the Nisei in the coming elections. There will be avowed support for each of the major candidates except Gov. Thurmond, the Dixiecrat nominee. Among the Democrats who are already active are Peter Ohtaki, who is editing a Democratic party paper in Minnesota, and Mary Oyama Mittwer who ran for the county central committee in Los Angeles. The GOP Nisei will draw their leadership from business and professional groups as they did in prewar years.

The supporters of the third parties probably will stress platforms and principles far more than those who follow the two major parties. Support for Norman Thomas has already been indicated from such leading Nisei as Ina Sugihara (whose article on Mr. Thomas appears on page 2), Togo Tanaka and George Yamada. It is the Progressive party which has, at the present time, the largest list of avowed supporters among the Nisei. Its leaders include Harry and Chiye Oshima, Eddie Shimano, Dyke Miyagawa, Ernest Iijima, Miyo Uyeno and Mary Kitano, as well as Sono Osato and Yuriko Amemiya from the dance stage.

Hawaii's Nisei are far more advanced in political maturity and sophistication than the mainland Japanese Americans but their political activity is confined to local elections because of Hawaii's territorial status. Hawaii sent one Nisei delegate to the Republican convention, Dr. George Nakagawa of Honolulu, while Rep. Thomas Sakakihara of Hilo attended as an alternate. The Democrats named Thomas Quye, county attorney in Hilo, as an official delegate but he was not able to attend the Philadelphia convention. It was back in 1932 that Hawaii's first Nisei delegate to a national convention, the late Andy Yamashiro, went to Chicago and helped nominate Franklin D. Roosevelt.

This year, as in the past, more than a score of Hawaiian Nisei will campaign for the territorial senate, house and other elective positions. But although a large percentage of the electorate is of Japanese and other Oriental ancestry, they will be accepted or rejected on individual rather than racial grounds. The cry of bloc voting may be raised again by Alice Kamokila Campbell who has announced that she will take an active part in the elections but the charge will be as phony as ever, in Hawaii as on the mainland.



# PC SPORTS

## Olympic Games

Although neither of the two Nisei members of the U. S. Olympic team, Emerick Ishikawa and Harold Sakata, won in their weight-lifting specialties last week in London, two Oriental Americans were among the stars of the 1948 Games. Dr. Sammy Lee, a Korean American from Los Angeles, and Mrs. Vicki Manolo Draves, of Filipino and Caucasian ancestry, won three of the four diving titles. Bill Smith, protege of Coach Soichi Sakamoto who was on hand in London, won the 400 meters free style event.

## Contender

Although he lost to Maxie Docusen, Robert Takeshita's stock is higher than ever before nationally. His showing against Docusen, who is undefeated in his 47 professional fights, places Takeshita among the leading contenders for the light-weight crown. Actually, Hawaii's Nisei Golden Boy is a junior welterweight. He will have difficulty making the 135-pound lightweight limit but is too light for the 147-pound division in which Ray (Sugar) Robinson still rules. The Docusen-Takeshita fight drew nearly 18,000 fans who paid \$52,000, Hawaii's biggest fistic gate.

## Spokane JACL Plans Baseball Tourney

SPOKANE, Wash. — The Spokane JACL will sponsor a baseball tournament over the Labor Day holidays.

Invitations already have been sent to the Seattle Vets and Seattle Mercury nines and teams in Ontario, Portland, Fife, Wapato and Hood River.

The JACL Vets team finished in fifth place in the Spokane Independent league.

## Professional Notices

**W. S. O'HIRA, D.M.D.**  
DENTIST  
312 E. First St.  
Suite 310-11 Taul Bldg.  
Michigan 5446  
Los Angeles 12, California

**DR. F. T. INUKAI**  
DENTIST  
1001 Apgar Street  
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA  
Phone: Piedmont 5-4942

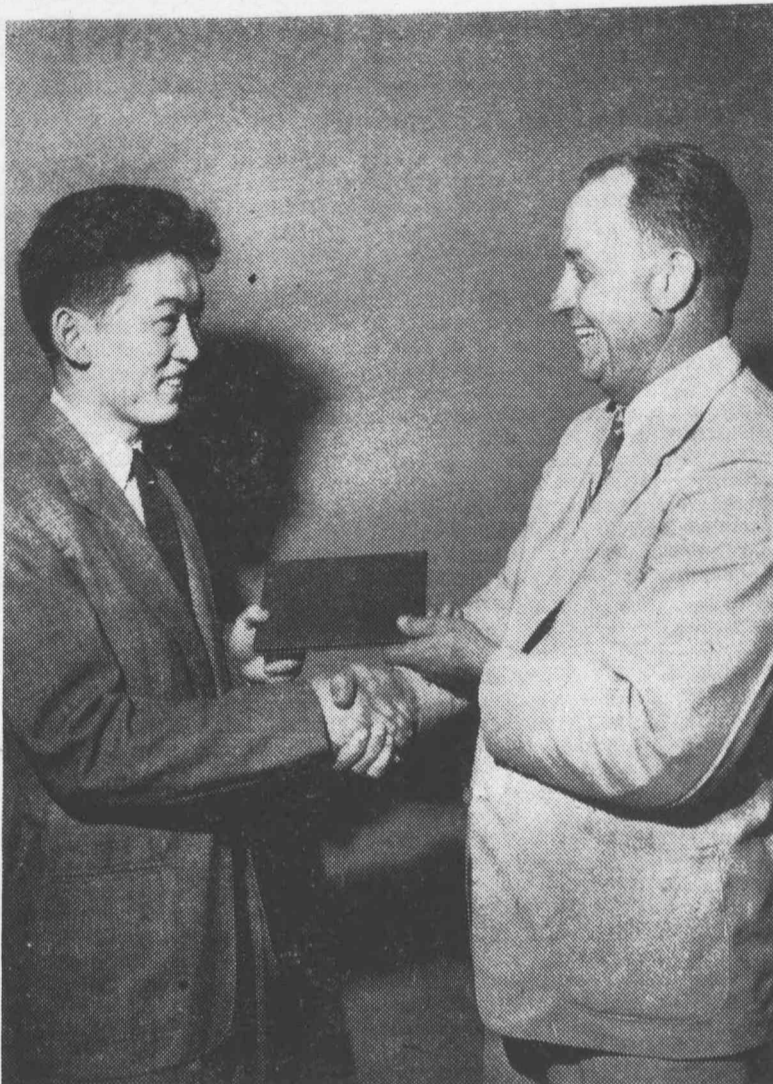
**Megumi Y. Shinoda**  
M. D.  
244 1/2 East First Street  
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA  
Phone: Michigan 2576  
Res: Normandy 2-7597

**Dr. M. M. Nakadate**  
APPLIED NUTRITION  
310 San Pedro Firm Bldg.  
112 No. San Pedro St.  
Los Angeles 12, Calif.  
Phone: VAndike 1592

**Dr. RYO MUNEKATA**  
DENTIST  
2107 1/2 W. Jefferson  
Los Angeles 16, Calif.  
Phone: RPublic 2-4834

**Dr. Yoshiko Shimada**  
Dentist  
312 E. 1st St. Ph. TU 2930  
Room 309 LOS ANGELES

**DR. Y. KIKUCHI**  
DENTIST  
124 South San Pedro Street  
(Former Shokln Building)  
LOS ANGELES 12, California  
Tel.: Michigan 3586 Room 211



Edward J. Sparling, president of Roosevelt college, is shown as he congratulated Jiro Ishihara, 2020 N. Sheffield avenue, Chicago, the first non-transfer student graduated by the college since its founding three years ago. Roosevelt college conferred more than 100 degrees Aug. 15 at Class Day exercises held for the largest mid-summer graduating class in the school's history. Ishihara, the first graduate whose entire college program was taken at Roosevelt college, received the degree of bachelor of science in mathematics.—Roosevelt college photo.

## Nisei Is First Non-Transfer Graduate of Chicago School

CHICAGO — Jiro Ishihara, Chicago, was one of more than 100 mid-summer graduates who received degrees from Roosevelt College August 15. Ishihara, who completed a four year program in three years, became the first non-transfer student graduated by Roosevelt College since its founding in September, 1945.

A member of the college's first freshman class, many of whom are scheduled to graduate next June, he received the degree of bachelor of science in mathematics.

Now 22 years old, Ishihara graduated from the Gila Relocation Center high school near Phoenix, Arizona, when only 17 years old. Before he and his family were relocated from the west coast during the war, he attended the Los Angeles public schools.

Ishihara plans a career in teaching and will continue his studies in mathematics at the Northwestern University Graduate School in the fall where he will work for a master's degree.

Although Roosevelt College has conferred more than 700 degrees, Ishihara is the first graduate who took all of his college work at the college.

The school began operation three years ago with a student body of 1,200. Rapidly expanding enrollments raised the total to its present figure of more than 5,000 students.

## Ogden Wins Nisei Ball Tournament

OGDEN, Utah—The Ogden Nisei nine won the championship of the Intermountain Japanese American Athletic Union baseball tournament on Aug. 14 at John Affleck park when they defeated the Ontario, Ore., AC by a score of 11 to 1.

Previously the Ogden nine had defeated the Davis Comets and Syracuse Vets, both Utah teams. Ontario had entered the finals with victories over Syracuse YBA and Honeyville.

Consolation honors went to the Syracuse Vets with a 13 to 12 victory over the Brigham City Athletic Club.

In the North and South B League all-star game, the North won 30 to 16.

## Zebras Clinch Title By Taking Richmond

SAN JOSE, Calif. — The San Jose Zebras clinched the title in the coast division of the northern California Nisei baseball league this week by walloping Richmond A.C., second place team, by a terrific 20-5 score on August 15.

The Zebras finished the season with only one loss, losing to Richmond in their first encounter.

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## Hawaii Girl Weds In Ohio Ceremony

OXFORD, O.—Miss Joanne Van Keuren Sakai, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Kinichi Sakai of Kohala, Hawaii was married to Albert Eugene McGinnis at a ceremony in Oxford recently.

Mr. McGinnis, also a native of Hawaii, was a naval officer during the war and taught in Hawaii after V-J day. He has been attending school in Ohio, doing pre-med work.

## Son Born in Tokyo To Movie Star wife Of Nisei Official

TOKYO—A son was born here on Aug. 4 to Mr. and Mrs. Clark H. Kawakami of Washington, D.C.

Mrs. Kawakami is the former Chieko Takehisa, one of Japan's leading motion picture actresses. The child is their second son.

Mr. Kawakami, a former officer in U.S. Army intelligence in the Pacific, is now in Japan on civilian duty in the occupation.

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### Nisei Courage Hailed at V-J Parade Rites

LOS ANGELES — The courage of Nisei soldiers was praised by Brig. Gen. Leroy H. Watson, commander of the Southern military district, during a special ceremony on the City Hall steps on Aug. 14 climaxing the V-J day parade in which scores of veterans of the 442nd Combat Team and other Nisei GIs participated.

Gen. Watson presented a scroll to Mrs. Nawa Munemori, mother of the late Pfc. Sadao Munemori, only Nisei to be awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor.

"Tonight we pay tribute to the men of the 442nd Combat Team whose heroic achievements in World War II will stand in the annals of American history," Gen. Watson said.

"Mass hysteria after Pearl Harbor resulted in the harsh evacuation of Japanese Americans and their families. Then followed the relocation and resettlement of these loyal people."

Citing the 442nd Combat Team's rescue of the Lost Battalion, Gen. Watson added.

"We know your splendid record is appreciated by your neighbors. It demonstrates the kind of unity and tolerance which makes democracy live in our daily lives."

### Deportation Stay Law Will Affect 2,000 Japanese Aliens

WASHINGTON, D. C.—With the passage of H.R. 3566, the "stay of deportation" bill whose enactment was secured by the JACL Anti-Discrimination Committee by a dramatic last minute effort in the 80th Congress, numerous questions concerning application of the provisions of this public law (863) have required clarification, the ADC office noted this week.

In several meetings with Watson B. Miller, Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization, Mike Masaoka has succeeded in obtaining the following interpretation of this law as they will apply to some 2,000 Japanese aliens.

The Commissioner's office states that it is the intention of the Immigration and Naturalization Service to reexamine all deportation cases now pending before it involving aliens, including those of the Japanese race, who appear to qualify for suspension of deportation under Section 19 of the Immigration Act of 1917, as amended by Public Law 863.

Section 19 provided for the suspension of deportation of aliens under certain conditions, of such alien was not "racially inadmissible or ineligible to naturalization." Passage of H.R. 3566 as Public Law 863 struck out this "racial inadmissibility" clause, thereby making Japanese aliens eligible for the same treatment as European aliens. This was the signal victory involved in the passage of H.R. 3566.

According to the Commissioner's office, cases pending before the Service fall into one of three following categories:

Those where deportation orders are outstanding at this time; Those involving persons who once had deportation orders issued but against whom no recent action has been taken; and

Those involving aliens who have been required to depart from the United States without orders of

deportation. (This category would presumably include the so-called "voluntary deportees.")

Right here the JACL ADC legislative director considers it important to stress that the law is not mandatory that the Attorney General cancel or suspend deportation of all Japanese aliens now unlawfully residing in the United States, or that the Attorney General change the status of such aliens. This appears to be a misunderstanding prevailing at present among Issei who are not legal permanent residents.

The law merely provides that Japanese aliens subject to deportation may, as the result of enactment of H.R. 3566, be eligible to the same discretionary consideration for the cancellation or suspension of his deportation as an alien of any other race. But the law does not provide for an automatic or mandatory cancellation of his deportation proceedings, or for a change in every illegal resident alien's status.

If an alien residing unlawfully in the United States has not been made subject to deportation but believes he is entitled to the benefits of Public Law 863, the Commissioner suggests that such alien take up the matter of adjusting his status with the local office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service. Such cases are not to be appealed directly to the Attorney General, since he has delegated the Immigration and Naturalization Service to act in his behalf in such matters.

In summation, Willard F. Kelly, Assistant Immigration Commissioner advises: "It is suggested that those persons whose cases are pending before this Service at this time, including those who have orders of deportation outstanding against them, and who believe that they are eligible for suspension of deportation under Public Law 863, communicate with the offices of this Service which conducted the deportation proceedings, for the purpose of ascertaining the procedure to be pursued in their cases."

### Nisei Collegians Plan Dance in Denver

DENVER, Colo.—The Nisei Intermountain Collegiate Conference will sponsor a semi-formal dance on Oct. 6 in the Lincoln room of the Shirley-Savoy hotel.

Ben Tucker and his orchestra will provide the music, according to Douglas Taguchi, president of the NICC.

### Noted Chicago Sociologist Raps Proposal of Real Estate Group For Continued Race Covenants

SAN FRANCISCO—The recent proposal of a Los Angeles real estate official for a constitutional amendment to circumvent the U.S. Supreme Court's decision against the enforceability of race restrictive covenants in housing was blasted here Monday night as a "crazy, un-American clamor."

The attack came in the course of a speech before 175 members of the Council for Civic Unity by Dr. Louis Wirth, University of Chicago sociologist, who is president of the American Council on Race Relations and of the American So-

ciological Society. He is at present a visiting professor on the Summer Faculty at Stanford University.

Paying tribute to the Supreme Court decision in this matter last May, Mr. Wirth expressed a strong hope that it would lead to further decisions which will cut the legal basis from under remaining practices of segregation throughout the country.

Under the topic, "Problems and Prospects in Race Relations," Dr. Wirth pointed out that although experts in the field do not yet know fully how to remedy prejudice in the individual, it is today fully established that specific forms of discrimination which are socially destructive can be effectively controlled through law and other means.

The problems of race and religious discrimination "stand second only to those of peace or war in our national agenda," he said, "and what we do about discrimination at home will do much to determine our world prestige and therefore our national security."

"Unless all are safe, none are free," he urged. "All we want is equality of opportunity—the rest will take care of itself!"

Dr. Wirth praised highly the work of the local Council for Civic Unity, which is dedicated to the correction of conditions of discrimination here through a program of information and action.

Dr. Ralph A. Reynolds, CCU President, presided. Cecil Poole, attorney and Council Vice-President, spoke briefly of the organization's objectives and future plans, inviting vigorous membership participation and expansion.

### Softball Tourney Set for Labor Day Weekend in New York

NEW YORK — An action-filled Labor Day weekend is in prospect for New York Nisei with a two-day softball tournament and a dance on schedule.

The Nisei Athletic Association will sponsor the softball meet on Sept. 5 and 6 on the 107 and Riverside diamond. All-star teams from Seabrook Farms and Philadelphia will be pitted against such New York teams as the JACL, Chinese Community Club, YBA and the local Nisei titlists, Lil' Giants.

The sports trophy dance will be held on Sept. 5 from 9 p.m. at Caravan hall, 110 E. 59th St. Wally Steck's orchestra will perform.

Toge Fujihira, NAA chairman, will present trophies during the intermission to the Lil' Giants, Chinese Club, JACL and YBA teams who finished in that order in the local softball circuit.

### AVC Group Pledges Support to ADC Legislative Drive

GREELEY, Colo.—The wholehearted support of the Cache La Poudre chapter of the American Veterans Committee in Greeley was pledged by Sam S. Jacoby, secretary for the JACL ADC legislative program, following a talk by Minoru Yasui, Denver attorney and former Tri-State regional representative of the JACL, on Aug. 5.

Mr. Yasui told the story of the Nisei in America and cited the dramatic record of the Nisei in World War II in his speech before the Colorado State College of Education AVC group.

He asked for the support of members of the group toward the abolishing of the naturalization barrier now confronting resident aliens of Japanese ancestry.

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Beef Stew	12 Oz.	.59
Corned Beef	12 Oz.	.50
Corned Beef Hash	1 lb.	.40
Roast Beef	12 Oz.	.50
Boiled Ham	1 1/2 lbs.	2.75
Shoyu	20 Oz.	.50
Preserves		
Strawberry	1 lb.	.50
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ADDRESS SOUGHT — Information is being sought by U. S. military authorities of the present address of Mr. and Mrs. Hyou Kurokawa, formerly of 46-16-B, Tule Lake relocation center, Newell, Calif., whose son, Satoshi B. Kurokawa, was killed on Okinawa while in the service of the U.S. army and is buried in a U.S. cemetery on Okinawa. Please send the address to Mrs. Betty Vance, American Red Cross, Beason Building, Salt Lake City.

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