

# Asian American symposium draws 800 west coast students

By L. LING-CHI WANG  
Special to The Pacific Citizen  
BERKELEY — The state of relations between the United States and Japan can affect the attitude of the general American public toward the Nisei.

## Per spec tives

By JERRY ENOMOTO  
National JAACL President

Sacramento  
Got a fancy invite to the Nixon inaugural. Although we shall not be able to go and will content ourselves with admiring the invitation, we do sincerely wish President Nixon well in the awesome responsibility he will assume for all of us.

## The Wider World

Chicago JAACL appears some notes that should be shared within the wider world of JAACL. At the American Friendship Club's 11th annual Human Rights dinner, the Chicago Chapter was given the "Ambassador of Friendship" Award. Since the award recognizes an organization's contributions toward promoting harmonious relations among all people, it is a most satisfying and significant affirmation of one JAACL Chapter's efforts for the common good.

The receipt of such an award by Chicago may be understood when one reviews the effective work of its Human Relations Committee.

Elsewhere in the same pages of the Chicago JAACL appears a report describing various "Task Forces" set up by this Committee, dealing with Education, Employment, Housing, Civil Rights, and Chapter Education. All of those areas contain current issues that need the attention of every thinking JAACLer. It is to any chapter's credit when an effective machinery is set up to accommodate discussion and action, limited only by each JAACLer's interest and capacity.

## TRIBUTE

Although an American like ex-Senator Thomas Kuchel of California will be heard from in other roles as he continues to contribute to the benefit of his country, he is unlikely to be heard again as a U.S. Senator.

It is fitting then to note some excerpts from the Pottsville, Pennsylvania "Republican" in saluting his "graceful exit" from the Senate. Mr. Kuchel is quoted as having said "I have entered this chamber to vote on issues as I believed I should vote. I have often said that no one leads me around by the nose."

In making his actions fit the words, however, he was not arrogant.

As the article says, "he did not defy rule by the people, but asserted the truth that he was elected to use his best judgment in behalf of all the people, not to follow a each sudden gust of opinion, like a sheep. If a referendum were the only way of deciding controversial issues, there would be no use for Senators or representatives — everything would be decided by referendum."

As he made his last speech to the Senate he quoted the political philosopher Edmund Burke: "Your representative owes you not his industry only, but his judgment, and he betrays instead of serving you, if he sacrifices it to your opinion."

It struck me that Senator Kuchel indeed served his state and country well, because he had the guts to live up to that philosophy. It is our loss that too many legislators cheapen the word "politician" by living up to the stereotype of the hack whose opinion is that of the last pressure artist who talked to him.

## WHAT IT'S ABOUT

I was interested in a local newspaper's coverage of the remarks of a retiring worker in the poverty program. Lack of communication between various elements in the program was cited as a major obstacle. Added to this was the ignorance on the part of many people about what the War on Poverty is all about. The real purpose of the federal money granted to communities for community action

in America" held Jan. 11 at the U.C. Student Union Pauley ballroom.

The all-day session sponsored by the U.C. Nisei Students Club along with the Chinese Student Club and Chinese Student Assn. was attended by over 800 persons, mostly students.

There was no registration of those attending, but it was reported that over half of those present were Japanese Americans.

Some students were present from Los Angeles and Seattle, while San Francisco State, San Jose State, Hayward State, College of San Mateo and other Bay Area colleges were also represented.

**Convention Atmosphere**  
The symposium had all the ingredients of a typical American political convention: radicals and conservatives, sober intellectual discussions and spontaneous heated exchanges, caucuses among different student groups and unexpected takeovers by the radicals. On a whole the joint effort of the three different groups was uniquely successful and constructive. The success of this unusual united endeavor is sure to pave the way to closer cooperation between student groups of different backgrounds.

The increasing awareness of white racism, the possible threat of another "evacuation" of the Japanese-Americans in World War II, the desire to know more about Asian-American history and destiny, and the need to express Asian-American solidarity in a predominantly white society were among the forces behind the planning of this massive gathering of Asian-Americans. The wide-spread concern on these issues was clearly reflected in the enthusiastic response of both the Japanese and Chinese communities. Active participation and vocal spontaneity exchanges throughout the day unmistakably exploded the myth of "mellow yellow."

At the end of the all-day session a group of militant Oriental students from San Francisco State, San Jose State and College of San Mateo asked that a resolution supporting the student strike at SFSC be adopted.

At the request of a few students Rev. Larry Jack Wong walked to the rostrum and questioned the purpose of the "talking" conference. He called upon the audience to take appropriate and immediate actions. From then on there was confusion and chaos. A few militant students demanded adoption of some resolutions.

**Three-Point Resolution**  
Greg Mark, the MC relinquished his position to Floyd Huen as scheduled and a panel of four appeared on the platform. The panelists and some outspoken students from S.F. State College quickly shifted the subject matter of the conference to the struggle at State College.

A three-point resolution

calling for an endorsement of the 15 demands of the BSU and TWLF, support of the student strike and the immediate resignation of Hayakawa was already on the floor along with a counter resolution to commend Hayakawa's performance and award him with an ice cream cone, when symposium officials returned from a caucus to determine how to conclude the meeting.

Greg Mark read a statement dissociating all the three sponsoring groups from any resolutions to be adopted by the conference. His statement was followed by still another

## Midwest District human rights workshop slated

CHICAGO — At the Midwest District Council session in Detroit last May, the delegates expressed the need for help in organizing and implementing human rights committees at the chapter level.

To try to meet that need, the MDC has scheduled a workshop in Chicago on Mar. 22-23 at the Olivet Community Center.

The Rev. Charles Marks, pastor of Olivet United Presbyterian Church, will deliver the keynote address at the Saturday supper, Mar. 22, 6:30 p.m., at the JASC Bldg. His topic is "Understanding of Black Power and Its Relationship to Minority Groups."

Workshop participants are expected to be persons who are able and willing to implement chapter human rights committees. It was announced by Lillian Kimura, MDC civil rights chairman, in charge of the program.

Each chapter has been asked to send at least two JAACLers and two Jr. JAACLers. Registration fee is \$5 per person. The two-day program:

Mar. 22 (Saturday)  
At Olivet Community Center  
9-11 a.m.: Sensitivity Workshop, conducted by Consultants for Development of Human Resources  
11-12:30 p.m.: Session: To help individual participants see the relevance of social revolution as Japanese-Americans through:  
1-Increased social awareness  
2-Increased sensitivity to others  
3-Increased free expression of feelings  
4-Development of open inter-personal relationships.

At JASC Bldg.  
6:30 p.m.: Pollack supper.  
7:30 p.m.: Workshop by Rev. Charles Marks, "Understanding of Black Power and Its Relationship to Minority Groups."  
9:30 p.m.: Panel: Urban Crisis; National JAACL Activities in Human Rights; Individual Involvement; Right to Dissent.  
10:30-Social.

Mar. 23 (Sunday)  
At Olivet Community Center  
9-11 a.m.: Workshop  
a) How to Start a Human Rights Committee (For chapters with no committee)  
b) How to Start a Human Rights Committee (For chapters already engaged)  
c) Junior Workshop.

**PROPOSED MONUMENT** — Hike Yego (left), Nob Nimura, 1969 Placer County JAACL president, and Herb Tokutomi, immediate past Placer County president, review sketch and plans of the monument to be erected by next June in Coloma to honor the first

# NC-WN opens \$10,000 fund drive

SAN FRANCISCO — With the JAACL accepting responsibility for receiving contributions for the Wakamatsu Colony Centennial observance this year, all JAACL Northern California-Western Nevada Chapters are going to raise \$10,000. This is a NC-WNDC observance in the general national program this year to commemorate the Centennial of Japanese Immigration to the United States.

The Wakamatsu Colony Centennial will consist of:  
1-Cooperation with the Coloma Booster Club and the El Dorado County Historical Society in the annual "Gold Discovery Days" program on Sunday, Jan. 26, dedicating this year to the pioneer immigrants from Japan.  
The program includes a parade, exhibits of Japanese

artifacts, flower arrangement, kendo, judo, and Japanese food exhibitions, and Japanese dancing.  
Taking part in this program are the Florin, Marysville, Placer County, Sacramento and Stockton Chapters. A sum of \$1,500 has been set aside for this participation.  
2-Dedication of Monument on Saturday, June 7, on which will be mounted the California State Historical plaque commemorating the Wakamatsu Tea and Silk Colony.  
Sum of \$6,000 is budgeted for the preparation and transportation of material for the monument, mounting of the State Plaque, landscaping of the site including fencing, shrubbery, steps to the monument and flagstone pavement.  
The Gold Trail School District of El Dorado County has welcomed the placing of the

Monument on the school ground adjacent to the Veerkamp property on which the Okei grave is located.  
Okei Ito was the young girl who was befriended by the Veerkamp family. Her grave is one of the few physical evidences of the ill-fated Wakamatsu Colony.  
Committeemen  
Serving on the Wakamatsu Centennial Committee are chairman James Murakami, Sonoma County; treasurer George S. Oki, Henry Taketa, Tom Fujimoto and Bill Matsu-moto, Sacramento; Akiyoshi Shimura, Marysville; Hiko Yego, Placer County; NCW-NDC Governor, Dr. Kengo Terashita and George Baba, Stockton; Mas W. Satow, JAACL Director.  
While the present fund drive will be confined to the NCW-NDC, voluntary contribu-

## GUBSER ENTERS BILL TO REPEAL DETENTION CAMPS

HR 1157 Introduced on Opening Day of 91st Congress

WASHINGTON — A bill to repeal Title II of the Internal Security Act of 1950 was introduced on the opening day of the 91st Congress by Congressman Charles S. Gubser (R, Gilroy) of California.

Known as HR 1157, the bill proposes to repeal the concentration camp provisions of the Internal Security Act. During the recent congressional campaign, Gubser's opponent, Grayson S. Taketa made an issue out of Title II of the Internal Security Act. Taketa called for its repeal, but Gubser, at that time, did not respond.

The National Japanese American Citizens League, in August 1968, passed a resolution calling for a repeal or amendment of Title II. Pointing to its own war-time experience, the JAACL called Title II "a danger to all Americans."

## HURRAH FOR HIROTA, SAYS BERKELEY EDITOR

BERKELEY — Mike Culbert, managing editor of the Berkeley Gazette, in his editorial column Jan. 9 saluted Tad Hirota, expected home the next day after suffering a stroke in mid-December. He wrote:

**HURRAH FOR HIROTA** — It's true that Berkeley almost ground to a complete halt when Tad Hirota was floored by a stroke shortly before the Christmas holidays began.

But battling Hirota, coming on samurai-style, has battled back from his first major inroad into his metabolism, and is set to be sprung any day now from Brookside Hospital in San Pablo.

The omnipresent Hirota, chief Lion, behind-the-scenes organizer, policy peddler, and plenipotentiary to numerous courts, both near and far, promises to be back where his action is in very short order.

## More chairmen named to JAACL nat'l committees

SACRAMENTO — Formal announcement was made this week of additional national JAACL committee chairmen by Jerry Enomoto, president, for the coming biennium.

Kango Kunitsugu, onetime PSWDC chairman, and a planning consultant by profession, was named Pacific Citizen Board chairman, succeeding Roy Uno of Orange County. Both were associated with the Nisei weekly Crossroads over a decade ago.

Eddie Moriguchi, San Francisco accountant and NC-WNDC membership chairman, was appointed chairman of the national membership committee, succeeding James Kasahara of Hollywood.

Dr. Tom Taketa of San Jose, who served on the National Board last biennium as secretary and chaired the 1968 national convention, was appointed national chairman of program and activities. He succeeds Mrs. Emi Somekawa of Puayallup Valley.

Of the 24 national committees in the organization, only four remain to have a chairman appointed: civil rights, internal public relations, JAACL-JAL fellowship, and national convention.

Chairing national committees are:  
Anti-Detention Camp (ad hoc) — Ray Okamura, Berkeley, and Paul Yamamoto, Oakland.  
Budget-Finance — Yone Satoda, San Francisco.  
Cultural Heritage — Haruo Ishimaru, San Jose.  
Endowment Fund — Dr. George Miyake, Fowler.  
International Affairs — Dr. Mary Watanabe, Philadelphia.  
Legal — William Marutani, Philadelphia.  
Legislative — Murray Sprung and Tom Hayashi, both New York.  
Membership — Eddie Moriguchi, San Francisco.  
Nominations — Min Togasaki, Detroit.  
Pacific Citizen — Kango Kunitsugu, Venice-Culver.  
Personnel — Yone Satoda, Chicago.  
Planning — Kumeo Yoshinari, Chicago.  
Prog. & Activ. — Dr. Tom Taketa, San Jose.  
Public Relations (External) — Harry Takagi, Washington, D.C.  
Publications — Akiyoshi Shimura, Marysville.  
Recognitions — Tom Shimasaki, Tulare County.  
Scholarship Foundation — Buddy Iwata, Livingston-Merced.  
1000 Club — Dr. Frank Sakamoto, Chicago.  
Uniform Does (ad hoc) — Henry Tanaka, Sacramento.  
Youth Commission — Mike Suzuki, Sacramento; Ross Harano, Chicago.

# Nisei prof sympathizes with student strike

Prof. George S. Araki of San Francisco State College, during the extended Christmas break, was asked by the San Francisco Hokubei Mainichi for his assessment of the student strike. While his sympathies are with the students, noting that the account may be "biased and inaccurate," one of the things he has found during the hectic days of November and December was "how elusive the truth really is." This article was published in the Jan. 11 and 12 issues of the Hokubei Mainichi.

By GEORGE S. ARAKI  
Professor of Marine Biology  
San Francisco State College

San Francisco  
The present situation superficially began when George Murray, a part-time black English instructor, was suspended because of some inflammatory statements he had made.

The Black Students Union (BSU) and the Third World Liberation Front (TWLF), the latter being an alliance of six minority organizations including the BSU, joined together in a student strike over 15 demands, among which is the reinstatement of George Murray, but most of which relate to the development of a Black Studies Department and a School of Ethnic Study and a liberal policy for admission of Third World Students (black, brown, yellow or red).

Actually, the strike was brewing well before George Murray was suspended because of the run arrounds and delays that the students met in trying to make changes.

Of course, most of us blandly accept these cumbersome bureaucratic channels; moreover, in these days of financial stragulation where new programs are not being funded at all, we would have very little hope for getting anything started. But not the students... they have vigor and hope.

So they went on strike on Nov. 6. In the first days, there were apparently numerous incidents of classes being interrupted, some politely and others not so politely, to get students informed of the strike issues.

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A few intimidating acts were reported, such as a couple of bombs in a building (were they really meant to go off?)

## TV Cameraman Hit

On Tuesday of the next week (Nov. 12), a cameraman from a local TV station claimed that he was struck from behind and beaten by a black student.

According to some, it was only a brief scuffle and furthermore who exactly instigated the fracas was questionable; but in any event, someone (not the President of the College) called the police in. They didn't have to come very far because hosts of them were nearby and some were already on campus.

In attempting to make an arrest, the police confronted the students, and in all of the jeering and taunting and general razzing, some police apparently drew their revolvers.

The college closed down in far of bloodshed. After that, there were meetings galore, both official and unofficial, with students, without students, convocations, and semi-classes.

President Robert R. Smith resigned out of frustration and tremendous pressures from all different quarters to act in all different directions.

Typically, students would develop psychological momentum at a noon rally; the demonstrators usually between 1,000 to 2,000 strong and once as many as 3,000 would listen to speakers, then march around the central, open area of the campus venting their motions, with cries of "on strike"; the police, about 600 of them hovering in clusters at the periphery of the demonstration, would be ordered to break up the rally, and/or make arrests or respond to window breakage; during these confrontations, much violence occurred.

Let me say a couple of things about the violence, because I know that this is a real hang-up for many of us. We might consider violence in two situations:  
Situation 1: events that lead to calling in police to control the situation.  
Situation 2: events that occur when police are trying to control the situation.

Very little actual physical violence has occurred in Situation 1. In all cases that I can remember, police were called on for control because of: (1) "illegal" (according to Hayakawa) rallies, (2) to make arrests, (3) window and/or door breakage, and (4) once, a threat of violence (storming the Ad building to presumably get Hayakawa).

It was in Situation 2, when police tried to break up a rally and/or make arrests, that most of the physical violence took place.

At least to my eyes, the police were the main perpetrators of the physical violence. Arrests were made violently, students were moved away violently and altogether much to much unnecessary club swinging occurred.

In no case did I see students resist arrest, nor students retaliating a blow by

the police... in other words, it was like a slaughterhouse, instant justice, and licensed beating.

Two significant points result from the violence. Regardless of who perpetrated it, black, white or police, the association of violence with blacks is what will persevere when the actual events get muddled in our memories.

Isn't that a subtle form of racism?

Before Hayakawa's announcement of starting the Christmas vacation one week early, the student strike had gained much momentum, partly because of the swelling of student support after the violence, and partly because of support from the black community as well as other minority groups in San Francisco.

Support and active involvement of the minority communities in the dispute has two significant aspects. First, it tends to legitimize the student strike and to make the hard-line tactic politically more difficult to take.

Second, the morality of the strike has awakened the brown and yellows into the racial struggle. It will no longer be blacks against whites, but third world against the whites.

## Year-End Picture

At this point, we seem to be at an impasse. Hayakawa has given in on some demands, but unfortunately the timing of the so-called "peace" offer was bad. Hayakawa had insulted the BSU, TWLF and the black community, and had arrested

many student leaders, as well as black community leaders.

To the students, negotiating under these circumstances is intolerable and hypocritical. So the non-negotiability stance continues, but this time both sides are saying that the remaining demands are non-negotiable.

Another complication is the American Federation of Teachers' threat to strike. (The AFT strike was called on Jan. 6-Ed).

They feel that ultimately, the Board of Trustees of the California State College System must enter into the negotiations because some of the student's demands can be implemented only if money is guaranteed and the power structure altered.

## Faculty Rights

Furthermore, during the hectic happenings, many faculty prerogatives and privileges have been trampled on, and these, the AFT insists, must be corrected. Since the Board of Trustees refused to meet with the students, the AFT is trying to apply some muscle by threatening a strike.

In order to have a labor sanctioned strike, however, the issues must center on faculty grievances, e.g. work conditions.

Included among the grievances is the resolutions of BSU and TWLF demands. The national AFT has already provided for Southern Californians a vision of the tremendously expanding horizons ahead as we approach the decade of the 70's.

## Continued on Page 4

# Oriental, Negroes, Navajos have a common incompatibility about milk

SAN FRANCISCO — While the Navajos on reservation in Arizona are among the most poorly nourished citizens, there is a stream bed there that glows white — not because of snow — but powdered milk.

The Navajos throw away the milk because they think it is poison. It isn't poison, of course, but to those Indians have good reason to believe it is. It makes them sick.

Research has been extensive on why certain foods give certain people diarrhea or

some other undesirable effect, notes Dr. Paul Sunshine, Stanford pediatrician who discussed the subject at a UC symposium on nutrition here recently.

It isn't clear why Navajos, Negroes and Orientals have a high incidence of inability to metabolize lactose, the sugar of milk. But Dr. Sunshine speculated something in their diet causes a drop in lactase, the enzyme which digests lactose. No one knows because the necessary research has not been done.



Washington Newsletter  
by Mike Masaoka

The Johnson  
Presidency



Washington  
When Richard M. Nixon was inaugurated as the 37th President of the United States last Monday (Jan. 20), it marked the end of the Johnson presidency.

Though his hard-line position on Vietnam forced him to forsake a campaign to seek another term as the Commander-in-Chief, and though violence and divisiveness disrupted the Chief Executive's programs for a great society, to our mind Lyndon B. Johnson probably did more for the "little people" and for racial minorities than any President in our history.

Johnson himself is proud of his Administration's achievements in providing more and better education and educational facilities than any of his predecessors. He brought about Medicare for the elderly, and increased social security benefits for all.

He spurred the national economy, and reduced unemployment to its lowest level. He initiated a program to help the hard-core unemployable.

He mounted a war on poverty. He established a Department of Housing and Urban Development.

He fought for the civil rights of all Americans, as well as voting rights and housing rights.

He named the first Negro to the Cabinet (George Weaver, Secretary of Housing and Urban Development), the first Negro to the Supreme Court of the United States (Thurgood Marshall), the first Negro to be an Ambassador (Patricia Harris Roberts, Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Luxembourg). He appointed more Negroes to government posts than probably all previous Presidents together.

He nominated the first Indian to be the Commissioner of the Bureau of Indian Affairs (Robert L. Bennett); he established a presidential commission to help Mexican Americans improve their lot and life.

He was responsible for the Office of Economic Opportunity, for the Job Corps, for VISTA, etc.

For those of Japanese ancestry, he secured the enactment of the 1965 Amendments to the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952 that eliminated the infamous and racist national origins quota system and the even more notorious and doubly racist Asia Pacific Triangle, which, among others, provided for the first time since the 1880s equality in immigration opportunities to those of the Japanese and other Asian races with those of European origin.

He arranged for the return of the Bonin Islands (Ogasawara) to the Japanese 22 years after the end of hostilities and promised the reversion of the Ryukyu Islands (Okinawa) in the near future, while authorizing the Okinawans to elect their own chief executive and sending their representatives to sit in the Japanese Diet (Parliament).

He proclaimed the Pacific Era in July 1966, thereby officially recognizing for the first time that in American foreign policy the nations of the Pacific would be given the same priority consideration as those of Europe.

As a Democratic Congressman from Texas, in 1948 he voted for the Japanese American Evacuation Claims Act and other corrective and remedial bills for those of Japanese ancestry, such as the Suspension of Deportation, Adjustment of Status, Soldier Brides, etc.

As the Democratic Whip in the United States Senate, he helped pass the Immigration and Nationality (Walter-McCarran) Act of 1952, which provided citizenship by naturalization to those of the Japanese and all other races without regard to national origin for the first time in United States history and which repealed the Japanese and other Asiatic immigration exclusion laws of 1924 and 1917 by extending the national origins quota system to all nations of Asia. In addition, for the first time too, this law extended nonquota entry privileges to all spouses of American citizens.

That same year (1952), he also guided the Japanese Peace Treaty through the United States Senate.

Then, as the Democratic (Majority) Leader in 1958 and 1959 he provided the leadership whereby the long-deserving territories of Alaska and Hawaii became the 49th and 50th States, respectively, of the Federal Union.

These were among the memories that flashed to mind as the 36th President relinquished his Administration earlier this week to the 37th President.

As a fellow Californian, we wish Richard Nixon well in his Administration and trust that his White House years will be as meaningful for all Americans as were those of his Texas predecessor.

To our way of thinking, history will treat Lyndon B. Johnson more kindly than many of his contemporaries did, for—after all—as he concluded his last valedictory to the country he served so well in his State of the Union message of January 14, "... it will be said that we tried."

FILIBUSTER FIGHT

On Thursday afternoon, Jan. 16, the Senate by a 53 to 45 margin refused to sustain Vice President Hubert H. Humphrey's ruling that at the beginning of a congressional term the Senate may, by majority vote, amend its rules of procedure, including that on invoking cloture or terminating debate to enable a vote on the merits.

A vote earlier, by a 51 to 47 margin, the Senate had indicated that it favored "ending debate" on a motion to amend Rule XXII that presently requires two-thirds of the Senators present and voting to impose cloture.

On this particular vote, Humphrey, as the presiding officer, ruled that only a simple majority was needed at the beginning of any congressional term to "end debate". When this ruling was appealed, six of those who had voted for cloture on the first vote shifted and voted against upholding the chair's decision, thereby continuing the two-thirds requirement.

This week the filibuster against amending Rule XXII to permit three-fifths of the Senators present and voting to invoke cloture continued, with prospects against any liberalization of this "ultimate weapon" by which a third plus one of the 100 lawmakers in the Senate may prevent the majority will from being expressed.

This cloture ruling by Humphrey marked his final effort to liberalize Senate rules. Since he was first elected to the Congress in 1948, and through his vice presidential years since 1964, he has been the articulate and active leader of liberal and humanitarian causes. That he lived to see many of his social and economic proposals become law suggests that in the not too distant future even the filibuster may be curbed reasonably.

Johnson bids  
Tokyo farewell

TOKYO—U.S. Ambassador U. Alexis Johnson urged last week (Jan. 14) the relaxation of Japanese import restrictions on American products to help stem "a strong wave of protectionism increasingly apparent in our Congress."

The designated deputy undersecretary of state for political affairs in the incoming Nixon Administration told a farewell news conference:

"If the United States is going to continue to have a free trade policy, our trading partners are going to have to move fairly promptly to give our producers the same kind of access to their markets that their producers enjoy in our markets."

Johnson said the results of the Japan-U.S. trade talks disappointing. When Japanese officials ask "whether we in the government are satisfied with the outcome of such talks," he said, "I tell them that this is not the question. The question is what is enough to deal with a strong wave of protectionism increasingly apparent in our Congress. No administration can defend itself against this unless some of our trading partners are willing to modify their policies."

Asked repeatedly whether he saw a chance of a U.S.-Japan agreement on Okinawa this year, Johnson replied cautiously, stressing the need for "considerable discussion during the coming year and for a process of continuing discussion."

Sen. Inouye delegate

TOKYO — Edmund Daniel Inouye and Edmund Muskie will be among eight U.S. senators and six representatives coming to Japan next month to represent the United States at the second U.S.-Japan parliamentary conference to be held here for 10 days beginning Feb. 8.

Convalescent care  
benefit provided

SAN FRANCISCO — Starting March 1 the JACL-Civilian Blue Shield group health plan will receive, without increase in premiums, extended care facilities following hospital confinement, it was reported by John Yasumoto, plan chairman.

According to Haruo Ishimaru, CLU, coordinator and insurance consultant for the plan, any person who has had eight days of continuous hospital confinement but still needs convalescent or nursing home care will get this attention under the basic health insurance program. Also, physiotherapy prescribed by a physician will be paid for up to a maximum of \$50 per disability.

It was announced recently that despite the mounting costs of hospital and medical care, the JACL health plan would be renewed for another year starting March 1 without change in premium. Yasumoto stated that renewal under these conditions is quite an achievement for the JACL.

CALENDAR

- Jan. 24 (Friday)  
San Jose — Installation dinner, Zorba's, 7 p.m.; Bill Hosokawa, spkr.
- Jan. 25 (Saturday)  
Spokane—Gen. Mtg. Highland Park Methodist Church, 8 p.m.; Dr. Lloyd Tom, spkr. "A Civilian Physician in Vietnam."  
Alameda—Installation dinner, Red Lamb Restaurant, 6:30 p.m.  
Riverside—Installation dinner, UC Riverside Faculty Club, 6 p.m.; Joe Grant Masaoka, spkr.  
Santa Barbara—Installation dinner, Santa Barbara Inn.  
Arizona—Installation dinner, Mandarin.  
Salinas Valley—Installation dinner-dance, Norm Mineta, spkr.  
Dayton—Gen Mtg.  
French Camp—New Year Party and installation, French Camp Hall.  
Venice-Culver — Installation dinner, Marina del Rey Hotel, 7 p.m.
- Jan. 26 (Sunday)  
Gresham-Trousdale — Bazaar, G-T Hall, 11 a.m.-6 p.m.
- Feb. 1 (Saturday)  
Salt Lake City—Nat'l JACL Credit Union annual meeting, Prudential S & L Plaza, 33rd South & State, 7 p.m.  
Gardena Valley—Installation dinner, Mishima Restaurant, 18515 S. Western Ave., 7 p.m.; Mas Fukui, L.A. County Narcotics Commissioner, spkr.  
D.C. — Installation dinner-dance, Twins Bridge Marriott Hotel, 6:30 p.m.; Rep. Spark Matsunaga, spkr.
- Feb. 1-2  
IDC-IDVC — Qtrly Session, Salt Lake JACL hosts; Prudential S & L Auditorium, 33rd South & State, 12 n-6 p.m. Sat., 9 a.m.-12 n. Sun.  
Chicago—Ski Trip, Indianhead and Powderhorn.  
Feb. 3 (Saturday)  
San Fernando Valley—Installation dinner, Howard Johnson's restaurant, Sherman Oaks, 7 p.m.; Ralph Lazo, spkr.  
Sacramento — Installation dinner, El Rancho Hotel, West Sacramento, 7 p.m.; Mike Masaoka, spkr.
- Feb. 8-9  
San Jose — JACL ski trip, Badger Pass.  
Feb. 9 (Sunday)  
Stockton — Installation dinner, Stockton Inn.  
NC-WNDC — 1st Qtrly Session, Stockton JACL hosts, Stockton Inn.  
Feb. 12 (Wednesday)  
San Francisco—Aux's panel discussion, Title II Internal Security Act of 1950, Pine Methodist Church, 7:30 p.m.  
Feb. 16 (Sunday)  
PSWDC — Qtrly Session, Gardena Valley JACL hosts.

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James Nakagawa, Manager  
Nobuo Ozumi, Counselor

Berkeley -

Continued from Front Page  
sponsoring official who declared that the conference had officially ended.

From then on the floor was open to the audience. Many left; others stayed and fought either for or against the resolution. By 5:30 p.m. only about 300 persons left and about 100 persons voted for the resolution. With this a long and tiring day came to an end.

The symposium undoubtedly was a tremendous success. Just what kind of impact it had on individual participants is hard to estimate. Certainly the new ideas and perspectives acquired through the lectures and discussions will have a far-reaching impact on everyone as he returns to his school or community. In spite of the inevitable dissension, the symposium points to the necessity of a greater cooperation among all the Asian-Americans in their struggle for identity and dignity.

Professor from Reno

The history of racial discrimination practices against Orientals in the U.S. was covered in the morning session by Dr. Stanford Lyman, formerly with Sonoma State and now sociology professor at the University of Nevada in Reno. As Chinese immigration to the United States came first, he began with a review of this movement and subsequent problems. Running out of time he skimmed over briefly on discrimination against the Issei.

George Woo, active figure among those in the San Francisco Chinese community concerned over the problems of Chinese youths, especially those newly arrived from Hong Kong and Taiwan, was also a speaker at the morning session.

Millant Woo declared, "I advocate violence" because Dr. Martin Luther King's non-violent tactic could bring only police-drops, clubs, bloodshed and imprisonment.

In discussion groups held in the afternoon, it was brought out that a serious and almost explosive situation now exists in Chinatown in San Francisco, mostly due to the large number of immigrants arriving in recent years.

Prof. Takagi opened the afternoon program with "Chopsticks, Technology and Racism." With a long and impressive list of recent evidence, Takagi demonstrated convincingly the erosion and deterioration of American civilian technology in the face of rising Japanese and European competition and the corruption of American morality and human values because of the abnormally excessive U.S. commitments to military involvements abroad and to the so-called "defense industry and space technology" at home.

Political Imbalance

The net results of this imbalance U.S. policy, he said, have been continuous military and political disasters abroad and domestic social unrests and urban and campus uprisings.

According to Takagi, American failures and constant frustration at home and abroad are generating various economic boycotts against foreign competitors and turning minority groups in the U.S. into scapegoats. If this kind of sentiment is allowed to grow unchecked Takagi believed that what happened to the Japanese Americans in 1942 could very well happen again to the Chinese Americans and Japanese Americans in the future. Dr. Takagi said he believes the present good feeling is relative to such factors as trade and can turn bad again. He pointed to the growing tendency toward trade protectionism in Congress.

Professor Fujimoto

The experiences of the Japanese Americans with racist problems were discussed in the presentation by Dr. Isao Fujimoto, UC Davis assistant professor of sociology.

He distinguished the difference between the 19th century European colonialism and present-day American colonialism in the U.S. He cited extensive evidence to shatter the myth of assimilation and to prove how the racist, colonialist majority exploited the minorities and how

NEWS  
CAPSULES

Military

Sp. 4 Takeshi Yabiku, 22, of Monterey Park was killed in night action in Vietnam, his mother, Mrs. Yukimi Yabiku, was informed last week. He was born in Saipan and attended schools in Montebello. Mr. and Mrs. Ichiro Asada of 424 Oak St., Mountain View were notified Jan. 10 by the U.S. defense department that their son Ronnie Kazuo Asada, 22, had been killed in Vietnam.

Lt. Col. Taro Katagiri, who hails from Fresno, assumed command of the 4th Psychological Operations Group at Saigon. This is the onetime 442nd member's second tour in Vietnam. He is a graduate of the Army Command and General Staff College and holds an MS degree in journalism from Wisconsin.

Shizeki Matsumoto of Yu-ba City is the proud father of three sons who have seen military service in Vietnam. His eldest, Edwin, now discharged and working in Sacramento, was a first lieutenant in the Army; his second son, Marvin, was just promoted captain in the Marine Corps and is stationed at Camp Pendleton; and the youngest, Army Sgt. Stanley, was wounded in action the day after Thanksgiving Day and is on convalescent leave.

School Front

Sanson Shigetomi, who was assistant dean of vocational-technical education at Rio Hondo Jr. College, Whittier, was appointed Hawaii state director of vocational education, responsible for development of occupational programs at the secondary and post-secondary levels in Hawaii. He is a graduate of Oklahoma State.

Edwin F. Sasaki, 3917 Inverdale Court, Randallstown, Md., associate registrar at Towson State College, is to be listed and honored among distinguished and outstanding "Personalities of the South", an annual Who's Who of the South, published by the News Publishing Co., North Carolina.

Striking San Francisco State College student Paul Yamasaki was among the seven arrested Jan. 8 as violence erupted on the campus for the first time after classes were resumed after a three-week December break. He was previously arrested for student demonstrations, including the anti-drift rally at the Oakland army base.

Awards

Tamotsu Murayama, 63, who died of heart attack Dec. 31 aboard a ship bound for Hong Kong, was posthumously awarded the Order of the Sacred Treasure, 4th Class, on Jan. 11, and the junior third court rank by the Imperial Household Agency. Funeral services were held Jan. 12.

Courtroom

Mrs. Iva Ikuko D'Aquino, convicted of treason as Tokyo Rose in a San Francisco federal court, paid \$4,745 of a \$10,000 fine levied against her in 1949. The fine was paid Jan. 9 in the U.S. District Court at Chicago, where she is working as a clerk in her father's store. The government sought to collect on the fine when it was learned she had two life insurance policies.

Installed Jan. 6 as one of 23 members of the federal grand jury for Central California was Hiroshi Matoba, of 6156 N. Spaulding, Fresno. George Takeda of Hanford was among 30 candidates for the 1969 Kings County grand jury. Louie G. Kobayashi was impeached as a member of the Madera County grand jury Jan. 8 by Superior Court Judge Jack Hammersburg.

The imagery of "Oriental success" has been used to justify white racism and systematized oppression of other minorities. He urged the audience to make a distinction between imagery with racist intent and reality, and to seek a real open and honest society.

Crime

Michael Hoover and David M. Matsumoto, both of Lindsay, pleaded guilty in the U.S. district court at Fresno to charges of misappropriating \$3,500 from the Bank of America in Lindsay. Hoover, assistant cashier, was charged with making 20 entries in fictitious savings accounts while employed at the bank. Matsumoto was charged with using savings account books to make withdrawals, mostly in San Francisco.

Booked on suspicion of robbing Kay M. Naito, 41, of Monterey Park and attempted assault on Hisami Hirao, 27, of Palm Desert, Calif., on New Year's Day, James Lewis, 30, was identified by the FBI as among the 10 most wanted criminals. He had escaped last Nov. 18 from Indiana State Prison, while serving a second-degree murder sentence of slaying a sheriff during a jail break in 1967. He was booked locally as Julius Bouldon but fingerprints revealed the true identity.

Business

Tsutomu Maehara, Anzen Hotel Supply proprietor and active Little Tokyo leader, was elected president of the So. Calif. Hotel and Apartment Assn. last week.

Entertainment

Nearly 30,000 record albums with Beate John Lennon and his Japanese girl friend Yoko Ono in the nude (posterior view) on the cover were confiscated by Newark, N.J. police at the airport Jan. 2 after the covers were ruled obscene by Assignment Judge James R. Giuliano. In South Africa, a page in the latest Life magazine showing the same picture was censored and ripped out of the copies before they went on sale. An American jazz trumpeter Miles Davis Jr. was refused a visa by the Japanese ministry

of justice, thus forcing a Japanese entertainment group to cancel his concert tour. No reason for non-issuance was given.

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Bill Hosokawa

# From the Frying Pan

Fort Lupton, Colo.

**INSTALLATION** — They say that people who live in small towns are, or become, petty, provincial and set in their ways. Such an evaluation would be hard to support in this farming community a couple of hops north of Denver. The installation ceremony and annual dinner of the Fort Lupton JAACL chapter a few weeks ago was a warm, delightfully informal affair that showed every sign of cooperation among the members.

Actually the dinner wasn't at Fort Lupton, where the JAACL usually holds potlucks in the city hall. They moved down the road a way to Brighton where a place called O'Keefe's Kounty Kork, still undergoing a pre-opening shakedown, had invited their patronage. Nonetheless, nearly 90 per cent of Fort Lupton's adult Japanese American community, plus the mayor, the newspaper editor, the banker and the friendly undertaker attended and, as the saying goes, a good time was had by all.

Tom Sasaki and his 1968 cabinet bowed out gracefully after a reasonably good year, and Alfred Watada took over the presidency, allowing as how the people who elected him had more confidence in his abilities than he himself, and promising to do his best with everyone's cooperation.

**SONGFEST** — The feature of the evening, lined up by toastmaster and program chairman Sam Koshio, was Prof. Kuniaki Hata, a young native of Japan who not long ago joined the music faculty at the University of Colorado. Well, that's not quite right. The feature was Professor Hata and Mrs. Hata, because sometimes he sang and she accompanied him at the piano, sometimes they exchanged roles, and sometimes they both sang, and what beautiful voices they have.

Their program was billed as "Songs of Japan," an effort to entertain the Issei who understandably are bored by speeches, and to give the younger folks a bit of an idea as to what Japanese folk and semi-classical music is like. So the Hata couple sang a lilting fisherman's song, and a song about a farmer who had the good fortune to catch a rabbit that stunned itself by running into a stump, but he made the mistake of stopping work in the expectation of catching a rabbit every day with the result that he starved to death. They sang of cherry blossoms and moon over the castle ruins, evoking nostalgic memories. When it was time for folk tunes the audience clapped hands in rhythm, hesitantly at first but then with more enthusiasm, and you knew everyone was having a good time and this would be a memorable occasion.

**WHY JAACL** — It is altogether likely that the good folks of Fort Lupton won't spend a great deal of time thinking about their JAACL chapter, or worrying about its activities, as the year slips by. They are busy people and they have a good many other things to be concerned about. But their chapter will be a good one because the members believe in it, and it's there to spring into action if it's needed. The situation is altogether different from that in Denver, where the Japanese American community is considerably larger, but where the JAACL has been permitted to fade away from malnutrition, lack of interest, and something of the pettiness that wrongfully has been attributed to small town people.

Sam Koshio invited us up for the installation, and we're happy to have been there. It was a pleasant experience and people of the smaller chapters like Fort Lupton's are to be congratulated for the work they are doing. Chapter activities don't have to be earthshaking. It's enough if they're fun.

# Hayakawa speaks out in interview

Dr. S. I. Hayakawa, embattled acting president of San Francisco State College, was interviewed by two Univ. of Washington Daily staffers: Daily Editor-elect Ray Hallinan and Night Editor Steve Weiner in his office on campus Dec. 30. The interview, published in the U.W. Daily Jan. 7, adds further light to the State College problem.

Here is the complete text: **U.W. DAILY:** At the time when you took over, it seemed that things were pretty hopeless at S.F. State, and you yourself said the situation was pretty impossible. Under those circumstances, why did you take the job?

**HAYAKAWA:** That's a question that's mystified me a little bit, too. Except that I had been thinking about the problems of higher education and its governance for some time, especially since the FSM thing in Berkeley in 1964. You know, I've been a professor all my life, so how a college is run so that teaching and learning continue to be possible is a question of perennial interest to me.

Now that I've been in it for a little while, I think I begin to better understand my own motives. Besides the personal challenge to me is this fact—there are many ways in which higher education is one of the great and important values of the American people. In the middle ages the church contained all the ways and hopes of salvation that

## Damage home of San Francisco State official

**SAN FRANCISCO** — A San Francisco State College official, his Japanese wife and their three children are probably still alive because a fire-bomb tossed into their home failed to explode, wine bottle filled with an incendiary compound—was one of two hurled at the bedroom window in the home of Professor Edwin Duerr, 35, coordinator of internal affairs at State College.

Whoever did the job waited until shortly after midnight, Jan. 9, about five minutes after Duerr and his wife turned out the lights and retired. In the bedroom next to theirs—less than 10 feet away from where the bomb hit—slept Janet, 8, and Edwin, 7, Nancy, 10, was asleep in another room.

**Describes Incident** "I heard a crash — glass breaking," Mrs. Mitsuko Duerr said. Her leg was burned slightly when a caustic mixture splashed from part of the bomb as it hit the wooden floor next to her bed. "There was a yellowish flash so high on the outside of the house where the first bomb exploded and then this — this — fell on the floor, burning."

The "thing" was the neck of the wine bottle, filled with an igniting material. The rest of the bottle—the part containing the incendiary charge—became separated when the bottle hit the window sill on its way in.

Duerr, who was named to explore new ways of developing student grievance procedures at State, jumped to his feet, cutting them on glass.

"We ran from the room while the thing sizzled on the floor," said Mrs. Duerr, a petite woman with a shy smile, "and took the children out of the bedrooms, to safety."

Neighbors, who saw the sheet of flame crawling on the outside wall of the house at 123 Beverly St., quickly called police and firemen. Damage to the home was estimated at \$500.

For Mrs. Duerr it was, ironically, the third time her home had been fired by Americans. As a little girl in Tokyo during World War II her family was twice burned out during air raids.

Now studying for her master's degree at SFSC, she recalled how, as a child, "we had run for a dry river bed while around us, bombs fell."

Duerr, formerly an associate professor of management at the S.F. State, was not inclined Thursday to directly link the terror bombing to dissident elements at the school.

**Disappointed by Acts** "I have no reason to be angry or hostile," he told a San Francisco Chronicle interviewer. "I am very disappointed that whoever did this was unwilling to follow normal paths of discussion and debate and compromise whatever problems exist."

"I think it is highly unfortunate when someone resorts to violence . . . By doing a thing like this they are really working toward a society where more problems will be solved by violence, a society none of us want."

Hayakawa said that he was disappointed that whoever did this was unwilling to follow normal paths of discussion and debate and compromise whatever problems exist.

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ties as a result of the rise of the Nazis. The Nazis did the same thing. They didn't want to discuss anything. They said, "You do it our way, or else," and they beat you up or they sent you off to slave labor camps, or whatever. But they didn't discuss things.

This also is a technique of confrontation, and I'm just shocked that just a generation later there's something like a Nazism all over again among people supposedly interested in democracy.

**U.W. DAILY:** To what extent do you have a breakdown in communication here contributing to the situation?

**HAYAKAWA:** I find that the expression "break down in communications" not quite appropriate in this situation, although I'm sure that this is involved.

Why is there such great discontent with the American system of higher education right now? The current issue of Science Magazine says perhaps our failure is the result of too much success.

There is no system of higher education in the world that does more for young people than the American system. Fifty per cent of the available people of college-age are in college. This is way, way higher than that of the youth of any other country, with other countries having something like 7 per cent, 10 per cent of the available people in . . .

Here, half the kids who are of age to go to college and who want to go to college can go there. So in a sense, our system of higher education is fantastically successful.

And, because of different kinds of admissions standards, if you can't get into a fashionable college you can get into a state university; if you can't get into a state university you can get into a state college or a junior college.

You're far better off as an 18-year-old in the United States than you would be in Japan, France, Germany, Russia or anywhere in the world. So this is where the trouble starts.

There's a curious paradox here that the protest arises not out of deprivation so much as out of an abundance. Notice the College of San Mateo just down the line here. A few years ago they had very few black students. So the College of San Mateo said, "We ought to have more black students than that," and they went out and recruited a large number.

As opposed to a hundred or two a few years ago, they have over a thousand now. And this is the year they're hit with an enormous black student rebellion.

**U.W. DAILY:** On the outside it seems as if the faculty and the students and the administration seem to be going their separate ways, and this was the point of my question. Is this indeed the case?

**HAYAKAWA:** It's a cultural problem, I think, because it's certainly not racial. You see, we have something like 800 or more black students here and 700 of them are going to classes despite threats to their safety. Despite being beaten up for going to class by the 100 or fewer radicals. The bravest kids here are the black kids who are going to classes.

So it isn't a racial question. It's a question of a certain subculture of blacks and whites and others who are determined that reason shall not prevail but that force and storm trooper tactics shall prevail.

This is the way I see it. **U.W. DAILY:** California Assemblyman Willie Brown Continued on Page 6

# Probe court fees given Dr. Abe

**LOS ANGELES**—County Supervisor Kenneth Hahn found it "shocking" last week (Jan. 14) to find \$376,039 was paid in court-authorized fees to 121 physicians during 1968, insisting that spirit of the law is being violated if a doctor on fulltime salary at a public hospital is paid additionally for the work for the court.

While the fees are legal, Hahn moved for full investigation by Director William A. Barr of the County Hospital Department and L. S. Hollinger, county chief administrative officer. The board concurred.

Hahn pointed out that Dr. George Y. Abe, medical director of Metropolitan State Hospital, Norwalk, collected \$43,215 for examining defendants and testifying in court while also drawing a full salary from the State of California.

Dr. Abe told the Los Angeles Times county bureau chief Ray Zeman that such fees began on a substantial scale when the penal code was amended to require examination by both public and private physicians in chronic cases.

**On Own Time** While he makes \$27,000 as a hospital medical director, Dr. Abe said he and the other doctors cited by Supervisor Hahn at the board meeting, are justified in accepting court fees for additional work.

"We appear in courts on our own vacation time and work at night or on weekends in the examinations," Dr. Abe declared. "Otherwise we must make up the time in the hospitals."

Dr. Abe said most of his court appearances are to testify about the sanity of a defendant at the time of a crime and at the time of the trial. The Nisei psychiatrist said that with approval of judges, he charges \$25 an hour for examinations and \$75 for a half day in court as an expert witness.

**Private Rates Higher** Private psychiatrists charge \$150 for a half day, according to Dr. Abe. "I don't think the court fees are equitable for many of us who charge less than the private practitioner," he added.

Dr. Marcus Crahan, County jail medical director, collected \$15,375 in court fees. He insisted his activities as a witness do not conflict with his regular work at the central jail. "I do the court work on my own time," he said.

The list was prepared by the auditor-controller Mark H. Bloodgood. It showed that private physicians were awarded sums ranging from \$8.75 to \$47,950 for court work during the year.

## Racial prejudice not grounds for annulment of marriage, judge rules

**SAN FRANCISCO** — Racial prejudice doesn't constitute grounds for an annulment—if you put up with it too long. Judge Arata, hearing all this in court during the week, asked why Mrs. Ellis had not left her bridegroom as soon as she learned she had been deceived?

Because of an old Japanese custom, her attorney Gerard Glass, told the judge. In Japan, Glass said, a woman wouldn't dream of leaving her husband until his debts were paid, so Mrs. Ellis worked as a waitress until the couple got out of the red.

Judge Arata conceded that Mrs. Ellis probably had grounds for divorce, and he suggested that her attorney amend the complaint.

**Shimanouchi appointed** TOKYO — Toshiro Shimanouchi, 59, former consul general at Los Angeles, was appointed ambassador to Norway Jan. 7. He succeeds Taisuo Suyama, who has been said, Mrs. Ellis learned that recalled home for reassigning her husband "harbored a longment."

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# National JAACL credit union-IDC session continues to be joint Salt Lake event



**DISTRICT BOARD** — Serving on the 1969 Northern California-Western Nevada District Council executive board are (from left): front—Dr. Harry Hatasaka (Sequoia), treas.; Dr. Kengo Terashita (Stockton), gov.; Frank Oda (Sonoma County), youth commissioner; Tom Fujimoto (Sacramento), sec.; Bob Yamamoto (Salinas); Ray Okamura (Berkeley); back—Grant Shimizu (San Jose), past gov.; Charles Boch (San Benito), 1000 Club; Bob Moshimo (Livingston-Merced); Tad Hirota (Berkeley); Paul Yamamoto (Oakland), v. gov.; and Russell Ohana (San Francisco), asst. youth. Missing are John Yasumoto (San Francisco), on business in Washington at the time and Peter Yamamoto (Cortez).



**Sansei Slant**  
By PATTI DOZHEN  
Chairman, Nat'l Youth Council

**Los Angeles**  
Capitalism, the economic philosophy behind financial success in America, is derived from the belief that hard work, personal sacrifice and thriftiness is all that is needed to "get ahead."

Many Americans, having faithfully followed this formula proved it to be very effective.

## The Great American Dream Game

Due to this same formula, many Japanese Americans have also been able to enjoy the environmental affluence that is typical of the average middle and upper middle-class American of today.

We have joined the millions who firmly believe in playing the middle-class game. The rules have been modified for each generation of Japanese; yet remain essentially the same.

The ground rules for the Issei were personal sacrifice for the benefit of the coming generations and the willingness to work long, hard hours. The object for these pioneers was to establish a place in the American society for the Japanese. They played clean and hard and won by saving enough money to start small private businesses.

The rules for the Nisei were similar to the Issei in that they too were required to work hard, but they also had to sacrifice a good measure of their ethnic identity, become loyal citizens and overcome racial discrimination. Their object was to further establish the Japanese-American in the American culture and prove their loyalty as citizens. They too won the game, in gaining the respect and admiration by the majority for their perseverance and efforts during and after World War 2.

Today, the Sansei are the first generation to fully benefit from the efforts of the previous generations. Unmarred by past memories of bare, modest living, hard work, and discrimination, we play an altogether different game.

This game is now highly sophisticated and time and practice is important to play correctly. The rules are long and complicated. The Sansei should have his own car. The individual can buy it himself, or better yet, have his parents get it as a birthday or graduation gift.

He must follow the fashion fads to the fullest extent. The pace is a little hectic; as styles change quite frequently, but money is no longer a problem.

He should live in a large modern home with all the conveniences. There should be at least two or three cars in the family with the same number of TVs. One of them should be a color TV. The Sansei should also have his own TV, record player and private telephone. These are the bare essentials.

## 1969 JAACL Officers

**ALAMEDA JAACL**  
Al Koshiyama, pres.; Tosh Takeoka, 1st v.p.; Betty Akagi, 2nd v.p.; Yas Yamashita, treas.; Amy Maruyama, cor. sec.; Maria Tsujimoto, rec. sec.; Shig Futagaki, 1000 Club; Haruo Imura, scholar-ship; Shig Suetama, civ. rights; Dr. Roland Kadonaga, JHP, pub.; Shig Imazumi, Tates Hanamura, Edna Baba, JHP, Tateshita, Kay Hattori, bd. memb.; George Ushijima, ex-officio.

## Eden Township elects Tosh Nakashima head

**SAN LORENZO**—Tosh Nakashima was sworn in as president of the Eden Township JAACL at Sunol Country Club Jan. 18. Yone Satoda of San Francisco, national JAACL treasurer, was speaker and installing officer.

## San Fernando to hear non-Nisei evacuee Lazo

**SHERMAN OAKS**—The San Fernando Valley JAACL installation dinner will be held on Saturday, Feb. 8, at the Howard Johnson's restaurant here near the San Diego-Ventura freeway interchange.

## Urabe Park

**SALINAS**—Originally donated by John Urabe to the City of Salinas for recreational purposes, the Salinas Valley JAACL is considering having the name of the park changed back to Urabe Park. It is now known as Schneider Park.

SALT LAKE CITY—Continuing a tradition of several years, the annual National JAACL Credit Union dinner meeting and dance is held in conjunction with the first quarterly session of the Inter-mountain District Council here.

This year, it will be held on Saturday, Feb. 1, at the Prudential Auditorium at 33rd South and State.

The IDC-IDYC sessions will start with noon registration and lunch. The credit union dinner meeting will highlight the day's activities but IDC delegates will reconvene Sunday morning if the business agenda is not completed, according to Ron Yokota, IDC governor.

Mas Satow, national director, will report on the national program. District treasurer

## Alameda judge to speak at chapter installation

**ALAMEDA**—Judge Folger Emerson, presiding judge handling the master calendar of the criminal department in the Alameda County superior courts, will be the principal speaker at the Alameda JAACL installation dinner Jan. 25, 6:30 p.m., at the Red Lamp Restaurant.

Al Koshiyama is the 1969 chapter president, succeeding George Ushijima. Koshiyama is a UC Berkeley graduate, currently pursuing his doctorate while serving as supervisor of education for the Alameda Unified Schools.

Among the guests will be: Mr. & Mrs. William McCall (Mayor of Alameda), Mr. & Mrs. Katsuraru Shimizu (Manager of Oakland Sunnyside Bank), Mr. & Mrs. Donald Bell (Principal of Alameda High School), Mr. & Mrs. Grant Brandes (Principal of Encinal High School), Mr. & Mrs. Mas Satow (National JAACL Director), Mr. & Mrs. The Kotman (Publisher and owner of Alameda Time Star), Mr. & Mrs. Mas Yonemura (Attorney), Rev. and Mrs. Yazu Teruo (Alameda Buddhist Church), Rev. and Mrs. Robert Buckwalter (Buena Vista United Methodist Church), Mrs. Kay Yoshimura (Teacher), and scholarship winners John Sugiyama and Ellen Iwataka.

## Narcotics commissioner to address Gardena JAACL

**GARDENA**—Mas Fukai of Gardena, a member of the Los Angeles County Narcotics Commission, will be the main speaker at the Gardena Valley JAACL installation dinner-dance on Feb. 1, 7 p.m., at Mishima's Restaurant, 18515 S. Western Ave.

Jerry Enomoto, national president, will be present to honor the chapter's 1000 Club life members George Kobata, Dr. John Koyama, Kenji Osaka, and 20-year 1000 Club members Joe H. Kobata and Hideo Satow.

PSWDC Gov. Al Hatate will install George Aoyagi, chapter president, and his cabinet members. Bruce Kaji will emcee. The Rev. Peter Chen of the North Gardena Methodist Church will recite the benediction. George Mizuguchi opens with the Pledge of Allegiance.

Shig Maeda's trio will provide the music for the dance to follow. Dinner-dance tickets are \$7 per person. Mas Hamasu will entertain during the cocktail hour between 6 and 7 p.m. Reservations are being handled by: Helen Kawaguchi (321-1629), Helen Kawaguchi (321-2945) and Sue Okada (321-0785).

## Eden Township elects Tosh Nakashima head

**SAN LORENZO**—Tosh Nakashima was sworn in as president of the Eden Township JAACL at Sunol Country Club Jan. 18. Yone Satoda of San Francisco, national JAACL treasurer, was speaker and installing officer.

Aki Hasegawa was emcee. Hayward Mayor Jack Smith, San Leandro Mayor Jack Maltester, Ted Inouye, Fremont JAACL president, and the Rev. Arthur Tsuneishi were among the special guests.

## 1969 JAACL Officers

**ALAMEDA JAACL**  
Al Koshiyama, pres.; Tosh Takeoka, 1st v.p.; Betty Akagi, 2nd v.p.; Yas Yamashita, treas.; Amy Maruyama, cor. sec.; Maria Tsujimoto, rec. sec.; Shig Futagaki, 1000 Club; Haruo Imura, scholar-ship; Shig Suetama, civ. rights; Dr. Roland Kadonaga, JHP, pub.; Shig Imazumi, Tates Hanamura, Edna Baba, JHP, Tateshita, Kay Hattori, bd. memb.; George Ushijima, ex-officio.

## Eden Township JAACL

Tosh Nakashima, pres.; Fred Miyamoto, 1st v.p.; Ichiro Nishida, 2nd v.p.; Tok Hironaka, treas.; Tets Sakai, 1000 Club and rec. sec.; Roy Yamamura, cor. sec.; Mas Yokota, JHP; James Tsurumoto, insurance; Masako Minami, pub. list.; Harry Tanabe, ex-officio; 2 yr. bd. memb.—Gish Endo, Jerry Shibata, Kazu Okada, Mo Yano, Yutaka Kobori, Tets Sakai, Tosh Nakashima, George Nomura, Roy Yamamura, Tok Hironaka; holdover bd.—Harry Kawabata, Sam Kawabara, Aki Hasegawa, Fred Miyamoto, Momo Kawakami, Ichiro Nishida, Moses Oshima, Ben Tanawa, Mas Yokota, Sho Yoshida.

## Gardena Valley JAACL

George Aoyagi, pres.; Sue Okada, 1st v.p.; Helen Kawaguchi, 2nd v.p.; Dr. Paul Sumida, 3rd v.p.; Rosy Rai, treas.; Jean Yamamoto, rec. sec.; Joyce Sasaki, cor. sec.; Dorothy Dohi, John Fujita, Dr. Harry Iida, Bruce Kaji, Tak Kawaguchi, Adam Maruyama, Isao Matsushige, Harry Nani, Kay Nishi, Wilbur Sato, Ko Shibuya, Ronald Shiozaki, Dr. Paul Tsukahara, Tosh Hiraike, Fred Okagawa, bd. memb.

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Frank Yoshimura will present the 1969 budget for adoption. Other reports will be made by:

Dr. Ken Yaguchi, youth; John Arima, 1000 Club; Hit Miyasaki, recognitions; Alice Kasai, human relations; George Koyama, Pacific Citizen; Jack Ogami, chapter of biennium; Sud Morihata, planning; Bill Yamauchi, scholarship; Paul Chinn, group major medical.

Snake River Valley JAACL hosts for the 15th biennial IDC convention this fall, will also present a progress report.

Sam Watanuki, Salt Lake president, chaired the arrangements committee.

## SALT LAKE CITY — The National JAACL Credit Union, having declared a 4.8% per annum dividend for the second half of 1968, announced member's account as of Jan. 1 have been credited.

Net gain for the year was \$31,713.04 and after the adjustment to the guaranty fund, \$26,851.76 remained as dividends, according to Hito Okada, credit union treasurer.

"We feel that this is a good return of dividend (4.8%), since it includes life insurance on the share-savings," Okada added.

The annual dinner meeting Feb. 1 at the auditorium of Prudential Savings and Loan Assn., 33rd South and State, will begin with a prime rib dinner at 7 p.m. (\$2.50 per member, \$6 per non-member). Reservations for the dinner are being accepted at the JAACL Credit Union Office, 242 S. 4th East (Tel. 355-8040).

## Elections

Business meeting with S. Ushio, chairman, in charge commences at 8:30. Highlight will be the election of three directors, whose three-year terms have expired. The incumbents—George Y. Fujii, Kay K. Tashima, Ichiro Doi—agreed to serve again. Incumbent Gerry Wakayama on the credit committee, whose terms also expires, has been renominated. Further nominations from the floor will be accepted if the nominee has agreed to be nominated in writing.

S. C. Umemoto, 2487 S. Redwood Rd., Salt Lake City, is nominations chairman. Social dancing will follow.

## PC CUT-OFF DATE NEARS—FEB. 28

JAACL members who have not submitted their 1969 dues are subject to have their current Pacific Citizen subscription terminate as of Feb. 28—the "PC cut-off date." We urge they renew membership immediately to insure uninterrupted PC service.

While JAACL membership has also expired for those joining late in the year, they are hereby assured their PC would continue until a year's subscription period has been completed.—The Editor.

## CHICAGO JAACL GOES FIRST CLASS

**CHICAGO**—The Chicago JAACL newsletter opened the 1969 year by going First Class with a new staff, new features and a 6-cent stamp to insure speedy delivery. (The PC received its copy two days after the postmark.)

Karen Hanamoto, previous editor, is staying on as associate with Sally M. Nakai assuming the editorial helm. It publishes 10 issues a year; its editorial opinions are those of the staff and not necessarily those of the chapter.

Only five Western nations excel California in wealth and total output as measured in gross national product. It ranks next to the United States, West Germany, United Kingdom, France, and Japan.

## CALL FOR 25,000 MEMBERS IN 1969

We need JAACL to preserve and consolidate the gains made for the well-being of Japanese Americans. . . advance the cause of justice and dignity for all Americans. . . be a vital force in the community, expand programs emphasizing continued appreciation of our cultural heritage. . . In all of this and more, we need active participation and membership support.

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Oakland (\$9, \$15) . . . David Iino, memb. 849 Mandana Pl., Oakland Riverside (\$10, \$15) . . . Roy Ito, memb. PO Box 326, Corona 91720  
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Seattle (\$8.50, \$15) . . . Tom Imori, treas., 3235-424 Av. So., Seattle 98118  
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Members are urged to renew via mail now to insure uninterrupted subscription of the Pacific Citizen and to enable the Membership Committee to secure new members. . . Members can encourage their friends to join. Most people only have to be asked.

## JAACL MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION

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TIE & GARTER: Dr. Frank Sakamoto

## 3,000 Thousanders by 1970

Chicago  
Now that Christmas has gone by and we are over the period of wishing everyone a Happy New Year, I wonder if I can ask all you good Thousand Club members to again go out and recruit a new member for the Order of the Tie and Garter.

I would certainly like to see our new chapter 1000 Club chairman to immediately start putting on 1000 Club programs — and mind you, our realistic goal is 3,000 by 1970 — as we have a big job cut out for us.

In my last article, I forgot to mention that if you would like to see a very pretty girl (and incidentally, one of the top 1000 Club recruiters), her name is June Uveda at the Bank of Tokyo in San Francisco.

Harry Yoshida and I, arriving in San Francisco from San Jose, dropped in briefly to talk to her about other prospects for 1000 Clubbers. But believe me, fellows, if you would like to see a very attractive young lady, who is also very cordial, drop in to see her — and I think she would appreciate your opening an account with her, and believe me, it would be worth your while.

**Jan. 15 Report** — National Headquarters acknowledged 62 new and renewing memberships in the 1000 Club during the first half of January as follows:  
21st Year—Omaha: Robert Nakadol.  
18th Year—Omaha: Mrs. Masako Nakadol.  
17th Year—Cortez: Sam Kuwawara.  
16th Year—San Benito: Kay K. Kamimoto, Seattle; Milton Maeda, Contra Costa; Mrs. Satoko Nabeata, Tamaki Niimiya, Detroit; Minoru Togasaki.  
15th Year—Cortez: Mark Kamuro, Westside; Hank Masaoaka.  
14th Year—Venice-Culver: Mrs. Toki Kunitomo, Contra Costa; Dr. Thomas H. Oda, Stockton; Lou S. Tsunekawa.  
13th Year—Twin Cities: George Rokutani, Livingston-Merced; Lester Koe Yoshida.

More and more students feel that they themselves must get actively involved in working for change, which is consistent with the growing philosophy that involvement in itself is a significant value in life.

In trying to make changes, the students feel that the present system and attitudes heavily endowed with the past, are not only unresponsive but defensive and punitive.

Hence, they (like many students in universities throughout the world) are fighting for real student power, to overthrow the paternalistic, authoritarian, and bureaucratic obstacles to change.

Well, I have gone on long enough. I apologize for the rambling nature and the confused way that I have presented the situation, and for making you work so hard to understand what I intended to say.

But I'm bewildered myself and like any good educational experience my own attitudes are changing greatly, which makes it doubly difficult to describe what is going on.

## Book on Evacuation

**SAN FRANCISCO**—President Edison Uno of the Nisei Voters League, 515 Ninth Ave., revealed that "Pride, War and the Constitution" by tenBroek, Barnhart and Matson has been the best seller in its promotion of paperback books on Evacuation. Over 200 copies have been sold via mail (\$2.50 soft-cover, \$8 hard-cover).

## Hayashi—

Continued from Page 6  
gone. It will take cooperation and a great deal of effort on the part of the senior chapter, young adults and colleagues, but such steps should be taken eagerly as a sign that the Japanese American community can respond to the concerns of today's problems. Let us begin anew.

12th Year—Long Beach: Elliott H. Fukumoto, Salinas Valley; Y. Ichikawa, Downtown L.A.; Chester I. Katsuyama, Fred T. Takata, Matao Uwate, Chicago; Harry Y. Tanaka.  
9th Year—Seattle: Theodore T. Taniguchi, Dr. Ben T. Uyeno, 8th Year—Downtown L.A.: Mrs. Mine Kido, Norikazu Oku, French Camp; Mats Murata, Marysville; Henry Oji, Venice-Culver; Matsunosuke Wakamatsu.  
7th Year—Cleveland: Dr. Toaru Ishiyama, Sonoma County; Dr. Roy Okamoto, Monterey; Akio L. Sugimoto.  
6th Year—San Benito: Tsutae Kamimoto, Snake River Valley; Jim W. Leslie, Milwaukie; Charles Matsumoto, Kengo Teramura, Oakland; Thomas K. Nomura, Seattle; Kenji Okuda, Boise Valley; Michio Takamugi, Contra Costa; Teddy Tanaka.  
5th Year—Omaha: Earl M. Harano.  
4th Year—Contra Costa: Emiko Hitomi, Oakland; Yoshio Isono, Alameda; Jimmy Ushijima.  
3rd Year—Alameda: Sohiro P. Baba, Seattle; Mrs. Catherine N. Chin, Mrs. Hosoe Kodama, Hollywood; Paul Chinn, Downtown L.A.; Fred Kosaka, San Jose; Joe Nishimura, Omaha; Bert Renner, 2nd Year—Sequoia: Ronald A. Enomoto, Contra Costa; William Hirose, David Niimiya, Ben Takashita, San Jose; John Sumida, Seattle; Masahisa Tanaka, Portland; Mrs. Nobu Tsuboi, Cortez; Peter Yamamoto, Salinas Valley; Robert A. Yamamoto.  
1st Year—Seattle: Dr. Yoshitaka Ogata, John Y. Sato, West Los Angeles; Dr. Joe Seto.

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Why can't human beings act more like the angels?

By KATS KUNITSUGU

Los Angeles Rex Harrison sings one of the funniest songs in the hit musical, "My Fair Lady," when he launches into a recitation of all the perverseness women have (as seen from a man's point of view, naturally) in "Why Can't a Woman Act More Like a Man?"

GUEST COLUMN

sunoki of Hokubei Shimpō (New York), are taking the Nisei community to task for becoming interested in the brouhaha at San Francisco State only when Dr. S. I. Hayakawa was named temporary president.

It is a newspaper axiom that readers are more interested in what is closest to them. A kidnapping in Beverly Hills is more interesting to a Los Angeles reader than a border skirmish in the Middle East.

On second thought, however, Mr. Matsui and Miss Kusunoki are only exhibiting another human trait — belief in the perfectibility of man.

Dr. Hayakawa himself is guilty of this same kind of thinking. Judging from his speeches and actions in the past, we have to conclude that to Dr. Hayakawa, acceptance was the acme of all that the racial and ethnic minorities desired.

There was nothing wrong with that advice, except that the WASP majority kept insisting on thinking of us primarily in terms of our color, and Dr. Hayakawa was not expending nearly as much vigor in pointing out this embarrassing bit of truth to the WASP community as he was in taking us to task for not acting like the WASP majority.

Be that as it may, we happen to agree with Dr. Hayakawa's actions at San Francisco State because the issue there is anarchy vs. order. That much of the student discontent there is justified cannot be denied, but the expression of that discontent has deteriorated into meaningless slogans and a thirst to destroy.

Here, Dr. Hayakawa's concept of himself and his role as a bridge between two rapidly polarizing communities has merit, especially since he seems determined to speak plain English and avoid the cant-ridden professorial which tends to clutter the air these days.

One thing he has made clear is that he will not tolerate those whose primary interest is in destruction. One cannot talk and negotiate with persons who are determined not to listen and not to yield.

A person who is determined not to go by the ground rules always has an advantage over those who would. In the early days of Dr. Hayakawa's appointment, when he jumped on the sound truck and tore the wires loose to prevent the protestors from adding fuel to the fire, he was roundly criticized for breaking the law by destroying property.

I feel that under the circumstances, Dr. Hayakawa rapidly weighed the value of going by the letter of the law or of getting a vital message across to the protestors by direct action and opted for the latter.

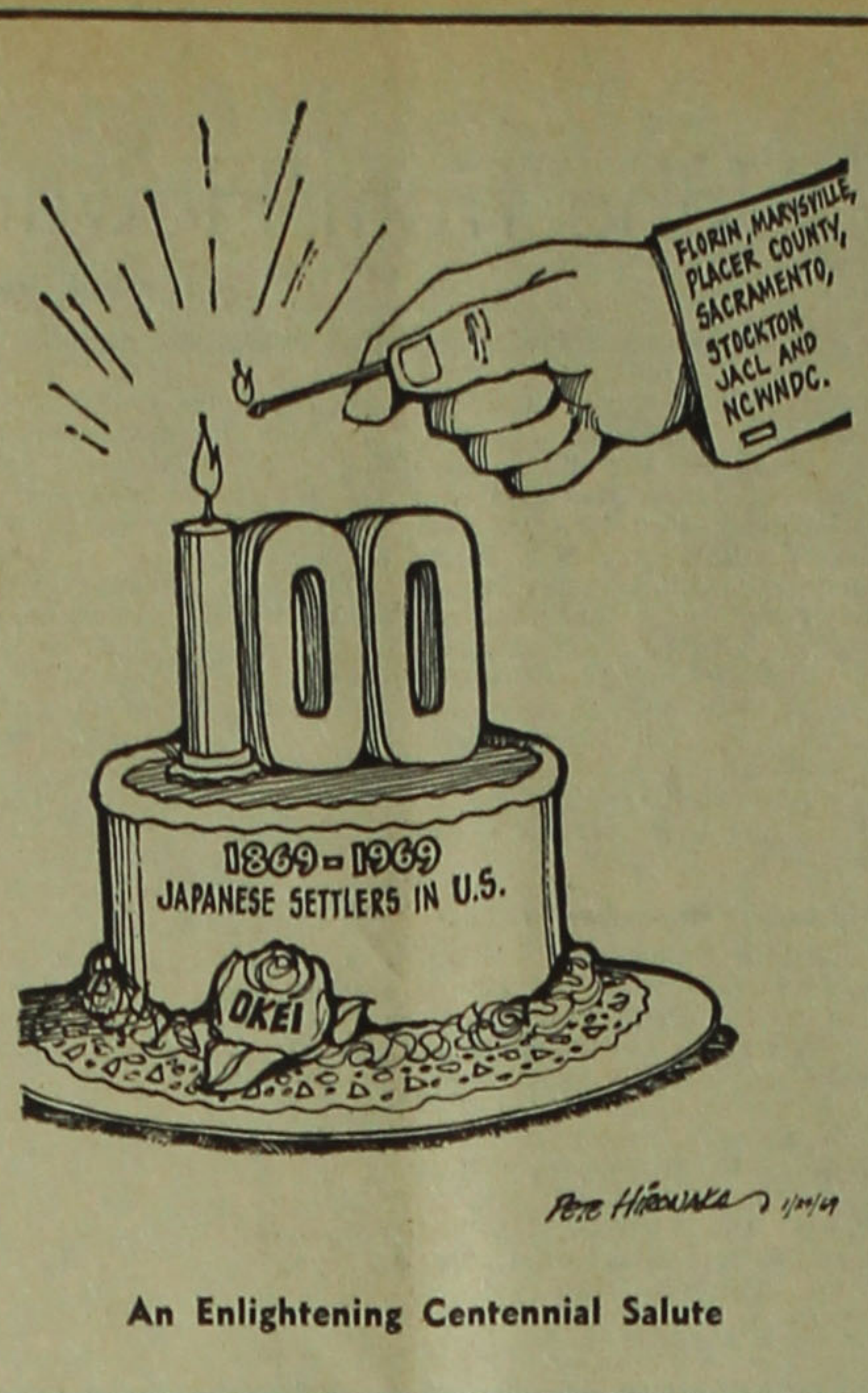
Well-meaning sympathizers are often blind to the tactics of extremists who justify any means by the end. "The Establishment will not listen to us until we show them we can destroy!" they cry. It's true the Establishment often will not listen until they are threatened, but it is also true that one can reap the whirlwind when one was only interested in stirring up a little dust devil.

Nisei who are concerned with the mutual distrust growing between the Negro and Japanese in the United States feel that Dr. Hayakawa is allowing himself to be used as a tool by the WASP community to put down the Negroes.

"Why was Hayakawa, who is without administrative experience, appointed as acting president at such a critical time?" they ask suspiciously. The answer would seem obvious. Precisely because the times were so critical, "administrative experience" did not weigh as heavily as a willingness to step in and attempt the delicate task of peacemaking.

The situation is and will continue to be critical for some time. It behooves us, it seems to me, not to be tempted to "solve" everything, at least in our own minds, by basing our thinking on the simplistic question of "which side are you on — black or white?"

Now is the time when we need more thinking men of



An Enlightening Centennial Salute

HAYAKAWA -

Continued from Page 3

said recently that you should be removed because you were "the symbol of Ronald Reagan in San Francisco." How do you respond to that?

HAYAKAWA: I don't need to respond. It's his problem. I've never met Mr. Reagan to start with, and he's a Republican and I'm a Democrat. I don't know what his educational philosophy is because he's never told me. He's never tried to dictate any educational philosophy to me. Or any

THE TEXT

educational policy. If Mr. Brown sees me as an extension of Ronald Reagan he's hallucinating.

U.W. DAILY: President Smith when he resigned cited political action by numerous groups—such as the governor's office, the board of trustees and student radicals—as one of the reasons for his intention to bring about a settlement. Have you found similar problems or have you received more support?

HAYAKAWA: I have not found political interference from the legislature, the governor or the trustees. They have not been interfering with my job at all up to this point. In that respect I don't have an identical experience as President Smith said he had. I have found plenty of political interference on the part of dissident students and the American Federation of Teachers. They are preventing from establishing order on campus.

U.W. DAILY: Do you feel AFT spokesmen have been acting reasonably in this situation? (Ed. note: The AFT recently struck at S.F. State.)

HAYAKAWA: I don't feel that they are particularly, no. I believe that they're sort of grabbing on the coattails of somebody else's cause in order to push themselves into prominence.

U.W. DAILY: Would you be willing to recognize them under other circumstances as legitimate constituent representatives?

HAYAKAWA: That's not my function to decide. It's up to the faculty to choose a collective bargaining agent—assuming collective bargaining belongs at all in a university setting. They voted a year ago to choose the Association of California State College Professors as their bargaining agent. And no vote has been taken since then to withdraw that authority from the ASC-CP to give it to the American Federation of Teachers. Whatever the faculty wants is all right with me, but do note that the American Federation of Teachers is not the recognized bargaining agent according to a vote of the faculty itself as of now.

U.W. DAILY: You said that you will use as much police power as necessary to keep the campus open and yet the presence of police in some instances such as the Democratic National Convention in Chicago has seemed to have inflamed students rather than quieting them. What is going to prevent that from happening here?

HAYAKAWA: Well, first of all, we're not responsible for anything that happened in Chicago. I will say this, this argument that the presence of police in some instances such as the Democratic National Convention in Chicago has seemed to have inflamed students rather than quieting them. What is going to prevent that from happening here?

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New Year party had something for everybody

By JOE OYAMA

Last night the Niko Niko Club of New York, together with the 442nd Vets Association and Boy Scout Troop 557, held its annual New Year's Party at the comfortable Nippon Club on 57th Street in the heart of midtown Manhattan.

MANHATTAN ECHOES

firms anchored in Manhattan. The social hall, large and comfortable and frequently rented by resident Japanese and Japanese American organizations, is architecturally constructed to dignify the people using the hall.

Elegant in the underplay of its decor and lighting, the ceiling is brought down to dimensions where a person with a Japanese physique appears in complete balance and harmony with the hall. A Caucasian, somehow, looks oversized in the hall.

But in this comfortable surrounding with wall-to-wall carpeting, some 200 Issei old-timers of New York, Nisei and their third-generation offspring, the Sansei, commended and had a wonderful evening with some overseas Japanese, mostly young people, immediately dressed, and and members of New York's other ethnic groups.

For the youngsters, mainly Boy Scouts, a TV was set up on one of the side tables so they could watch the end of the exciting Jets-Colt Super Bowl football game. There was something for everybody, family style.

We noted that of all the groups seated at the various tables, the 442nd veterans were the most integrated and the least self-conscious—Nisei with their Caucasian wives, Black couples, mixed couples, and Eurasian vets with their numerous friends.

Troop 557, too, was integrated to the extent of having several Blacks, one of whom played a classical piece on the piano during the entertainment part of the program. The master of ceremony, Jim Shiona, who is always smiling, is a classic example of the leadership in the Niko Niko Club.

The program was real homey. The only professional touch was the Karate demonstration by a man and wife team with the help of a Sandan. The atmosphere in the hall was electric, the "ki" vibrated in the air, and the sound of cracking boards resounded throughout the hall.

In another sequence one of the young men stripped to his waist, and went into a quivering breathing trance, until he reached a point of concentration where he was completely selfless. His partner swiftly brought a thick pole down on his wrist and the pole flew in two pieces.

There were also singers who volunteered, mainly a couple of young men from Japan, leading everyone in the hall to clap and sing, and Dick Kawamoto, a former president of the organization who was instrumental in organizing a Nisei softball league, led the group in singing the Tanko Bushi. He is the original "Niko Niko." (We wouldn't qualify.) For his size, Dick, an MIS veteran, has more energy than six people.

Within the softball league, there is a "Chinese" team (2nd and 3rd generation Chinese-Americans) and an overseas Japanese team who call themselves "Tokyo," the 442nd Vets (a well integrated team with many blacks and whites) and the Niko Niko Club team itself, another integrated team with some Puerto Rican members.

The New Year's "Gochiso," spread out in gorgeous display on two large tables, was something we hadn't seen since a childhood "Tenchoseisu" celebration in Northern California, and was replete with a large Tai (red snapper), partially cut and filed into sashimi on a large Imari plate, the rest of the plate filled with delicate pink fish arranged like sea waves reflecting the morning rising sun (New Year's), and the lobster arranged on another large ceramic platter with its symbolic streamers and pine and kelp and two jutting stones representing tiny stone islands in the ocean, spanned by a dark bridge of ropes, and pine trees atop the rocks.

The bar, attended by volunteers, served both soft (for the young) and alcoholic beverages included in the admission price of \$5.00 per person and \$1.50 for children. Dessert: eclairs and cream puff. Real Vets, that is.

This year's president of the Niko Niko Club, Henry Sugimoto, held an exhibit of his paintings at the Wiener Gallery last fall.

Whether the above is wholly or partly valid or not, the content and tenor of its presentation was such that it could not be linked to the arrogant and unreasonable image that most media present of the "strikers." Just for that aspect, the chance to hear him was worth it. If,

as I believe is a definite possibility, the structure of our academic establishments is so hidebound that students and instructors cannot be effectively heard, then we as citizens and taxpayers better get concerned about examining the cause, instead of just attacking the symptoms.

Accent on Youth Alan Kumamoto

Young Adult Now

More and more we are hearing the voices and echoes of the Chicago YJAs (Young Adult Japanese Americans). These Adult category of under 30 commentaries have been appearing in the Pacific Citizen, over doers 20. Hope for change does shine also on the too few, 30 age-group which emerges on the horizon as a high caliber post-World War II product possessing differing social group skills and experiences.

But some of the searching may be in vain if we review the statistics on the Japanese American population figures. For indeed our survey would reveal some of our smaller numbers falling into the younger Nisei and older Sansei types, and their very late 20s on up into the mid-30s.

What we must prepare for now is the rise in the Sansei population which is pouring into the fringes of what could be a most dynamic and important age group JACL can attempt to capture, the young adult.

We invite comments and expressions on this "age generation." We are off to a start with a few voices in some of the chapter and district areas. Sound out! We want to know.



Alan Kumamoto

Potshots Don Hayashi

When the Junior JACL was first conceived, it was thought that the organization would prepare Sansei to eventually enter adulthood JACL. Today, we find the original Junior JACLers dropping out of the youth program and not entering "senior" JACL. What went wrong with the intended goal?

The Sansei views JACL as an older, Nisei PTA, where there's a lot of talk, but little action. An organization that his parents pay dues to, but rarely participate in. He asks, "Has JACL outlived its usefulness or function?"

I am dismayed with the high drop-out rate and wonder why adults have not recognized JACL's falling. When many chapters are desperately searching for "new blood," new direction, and new leadership, the collegian or young adult is rarely sought.

At the same time, the Junior JACL "graduate" is not overly enthusiastic about joining "seniors." He boasts about his youth chapter and complains what a lousy job those young high school kids are doing with their organization. He blames his parents of being old-fashioned and downright apathetic about JACL, the community, and social crises. Yet, he is unwilling to do anything about it.

Recognizing the need for a Japanese American, community-wide organization, I am frustrated that a potentially good program may go down the drain. It is imperative that the present JACL leadership and those leaving the youth program recognize this need and do something about it.

There are three steps which should be on every chapter's agenda to remedy this malady.

1—A new, youthful, dynamic image of JACL must be formed. It must cease being exclusively for the over-45 bunch. It must provide meaningful existence and relevant purposes to collegians, young adults, and adults alike. It must seek out new goals which are of deep concern and importance to the Japanese American and greater communities today — not 20 years ago.

2—Adult JACL must actively solicit young adults and older college-types in their program, as well as allow youth to set up their own programs. Former Junior JACLers well acquainted with JACL, is a logical start. College students should attempt to establish communication to JACL expressing the needs of Sansei. Meaningful involvement — not menial tasks — should be given to Juniors, because they can do it. Respect and unity are the two keys which make change possible. Senior chapters must give full support to the collegian and young adult and let them do their own thing. After all, they are old enough now.

3—Adults must take on more of the leadership of Junior JACL, especially in the form of advisors. Collegians and young adults must not be used as babysitters. One of deep and sincere concerns of older Junior JACLers is what will become of the organization when they leave. Adults must be the strong backbone for the youth program.

It will not be possible to embark on broader programs in JACL without the 21-25 year old Sansei. Certainly any new program cannot carry that broad age range, but we must begin now before older Junior JACLers are

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25 Years Ago

In the Pacific Citizen, Jan. 22, 1944

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TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS WHO ARE MOVING

New Address City State ZIP Effective Date

Director's Report

BY MASAO W. SATOW

IMMIGRATION CENTENNIAL — We are still in process of deciding what form the National commemoration of 1969 as the Centennial of Japanese immigration to the United States will take. We hope to resolve this when Mike Masaoka comes out this way early next month.

Meantime, the NC-WNDC is moving ahead on the Wakamatsu Colony Centennial. This week some 10,000 leaflets on the Wakamatsu Colony were distributed through the NC-WN Chapters, and we hopefully anticipate an average return of a dollar from each copy to raise the necessary wherewithal. Even at the prewar JACL National Conventions there was considerable talk about memorializing the Okei grave, and now this unfinished business will be completed at last.

A great deal of credit goes to Mrs. Fern Sayre and Mr. Soichi Nakatani, both of Sacramento for delving into the history of the Wakamatsu Colony, and especially to Henry Taketa whose dedicated and painstaking research on the subject the past several years makes him the authority on this, as reflected in his fine article in the PC Holiday Issue.

Another person prominent in keeping alive the Wakamatsu Colony and Okei grave is Mr. Muneichi Yamasaki of Placer County. It was he who located the rock which will form the basis of the monument to be erected near Gold Hill.

In connection with the monument dedication, an informative booklet is contemplated which will also include general material on the coming of the Japanese to the United States. We are currently exploring the possibilities of having several large firms underwrite this publication.

MATERIAL ON JAPANESE AMERICANS — We foresee considerable use to which such material will be put, especially with emphasis upon ethnic studies now current. While activities at UC Berkeley and San Francisco State have highlighted such studies to be included in the curriculum, a number of school districts have actually antedated this need so far as this office is concerned, and we anticipate an increasing request for this office to locate and supply such material. We are also getting an increasing number of requests for talks to school groups.

Our thanks to San Francisco JACLer Rose Nieda of Tiburon for pinch hitting for us this past week before several classes at Redwood High School at Larkspur.

Of late a number of requests for information on Nisei personalities has prompted our National Publications Committee to explore the practicality of a Nisei Who's Who.

WITH CHAPTERS — We still have a number of commitments to Chapters on the round of installations. Thanks to several of our National officers for filling in on a number of chapters. Our Holiday sojourn to the Southland wound up with seeing in the New Year with the Gardena Valley Chapter — a most congenial group and nice to meet with a whole new group of JACLers.

The Holiday Season was saddened by the passing of active prewar JACLer John Ando, one of the pioneer Nisei who should have been a National JACL President. John helped to lay the foundations for and give stability to JACL in its early days in Los Angeles.

1969 MEMBERSHIPS — West Los Angeles Chapter is setting the pace for 1969 memberships with more than 500 remitted. Other Chapters with substantial returns to date are Contra Costa, Cortez, Seattle and French Camp.

23RD NATIONAL PINFEST—Bowlers participating in our Nationals this March should have met the Jan. 19 entry deadline this week. Word from Salt Lake indicates that the city where the Nationals was born in 1946 will bid to host the Silver Jubilee tournament in 1971.

Ye Editor's Desk

WE ARE WHAT WE ARE

It has been more than five years since Dr. Logan Fox, the Japan-born son of American missionaries, addressed a predominantly Nisei audience stateside. The near-300 Orange County JACL installation dinner audience—not only roared with laughter at the "in" jokes which depended on how much Nihongo you remembered, but his message on "Belonging" struck a responsive chord.

While the Sansei may have their hang-up with "identity," the El Camino College professor in psychology who fought a similar battle as a "gaijin" during his first 13 years in Japan offered a neat solution: "We are what we are . . . and for the Japanese American, he has two strands of cultural heritage—American and Japanese, which is more challenging but richer. We cannot deny our heritage for that is given. By greater and deeper understanding of both heritages, it then becomes one of commitment, of action . . . If we're sure of ourselves, there is no need to get upset. We are only upset when we aren't sure . . . Not all Americans have a heritage as the Japanese American has, hence you are blessed."

Undoubtedly if more Sansei understood Nihongo to savor those "in" jokes, there would be less search for "who are we?"

Of the commitment which Japanese Americans can play, Dr. "Kitsune" (which he preferred over Ho-ku-su) urged we help fill that great communication gap existing between Japanese and Americans. A sore point, for example, is the atomic bombing of Hiroshima. The Japanese still "Remember Hiroshima." Telling some collegians it should have never happened when asked about it, he countered by asking them about Pearl Harbor. It filled a communication gap. He also suggested that Americans should carry "Remember Hiroshima" stickers on their auto bumpers while the Japanese do likewise with "Remember Pearl Harbor" signs. Greater understanding can be nurtured by such actions, he felt. It would commit both peoples to never perpetrate such inhumane acts.

We commend Dr. Fox to be invited to more Nisei gatherings. And make it a Japanese dinner this time. He misses sashimi and sushi or natto over gohan.