PACIFIC CITIZEN

Membership Publication: Japanese American Citizens League, 125 Weller St., Los Angeles, Calif. 90012; (213) MA 6-6936

Published Weekly Except First and Last Weeks of the Year — Second Class Postage Paid at Los Angeles, Calif.

VOL. 77 NO. 2 | FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1973 | Subscription Rate Per Year U.S. $6, Foreign $8.50 | 12 CENTS

Priorities

By HENRY T. TANAKA
National JACL President

As I see it, the Asian American perspective is here to stay. Coalition of interested Asian American groups, including the JACL, will emerge as influential and effective forces in advocating the needs of all Asian Americans.

The National JACL, recognizing this thrust and eager to contribute its re-

Gerontology Project

sources to further this trend, applied for and received a Federal grant to develop the first gerontology training program for elderly Asian Americans. JACL was initially shocked by the avalanche of protests that followed from community based agencies serving the elderly Asian American who felt they were being threatened and used. Joining the protest were other persons who have historically opposed JACL because its establishment oriented structure.

The issue finally came to a head at an open meeting which was given advanced booking by the local vernaculars as a "confrontation" between the National JACL Board and Asian American community groups in the Bay Area. As expected, there was tension in the air. I felt there was a conscious effort on "both sides" to avoid emotional statements which could be counter productive and only increase the tension. Many members of the National Board contributed honest, forthright comments in hopes that this "confrontation" would result in the beginning of better understanding and greater sensivity to each other's problems in fulfilling a common goal; namely, serve those in need. It was my feeling that we achieved a sense of mutual understanding. But it's only a beginning.

After the meeting, there was much exchange of ideas between the two groups. In fact, for almost an hour, most of the people stayed to get better acquainted and share experiences. An essential step of person-to-person communication had taken place.

What did the open meeting accomplish? First, it must be said that there was no intention of reaching a joint resolution on the issues that were discussed. The community groups released several resolutions in advance for which they sought and received the responses from the National Board. In turn, the National Board wished to convey to community groups JACL's continuing interest and concern for meeting the common problems facing all Asian Americans and that its efforts to obtain the gerontology training project were directed with this goal in mind.

There may still be individuals who are convinced that JACL had other motives. This feeling of distrust could well be related to other negative experiences in which the individuals were involved with JACL. If so, it is unfair to accuse the present National staff for its sincere efforts. Given the limited time to submit the gerontology proposal, the National staff should be commended for getting the project started as early as it did. In retrospect, the time limitation precluded the ability to make more extensive and thorough thorough contacts with interested community-based organizations.

Where do we go from here? Gene Moriguchi, project director, has resigned. The community service groups demanded that the gerontology funds be returned. After much deliberation, the National Board voted to continue the project and change its focus from Asian American to Japanese Amer-

Continued on Next Page

QUESTION RAISED OVER SPEED OF APPOINTMENT

Dr. Hata Named Gardena Councilman for Bannai's Seat

GARDENA, Calif. — History professor Donald T. Hata, Jr., 34, was sworn in June 30 as Gardena city councilman, filling the vacancy created by the election of Paul Bannai earlier in the week to the State Assembly.

Dr. Hata, vice-chairman of the Gardena Planning Commisison, had considered himself "an extreme dark horse", having been a resident here since 1970 when he began teaching at nearby Cal State Dominguez Hills and appointed to the city planning commission only last year.

The councilman will serve until April, 1976.

In announcing the appointment after the City Council voted 3-1 for the East Los Angeles-born Sansei, Mayor Ken Nakaoka said:

'Tremendous Asset'

"I'd like to state for the record that Dr. Hata has been a tremendous asset to the Planning Commisison. His educational background, community involvement and interest in the community have also been tremendous . . . I'd like to welcome him to the City family."

Voting to appoint Dr. Hata were Nakaoka, councilmen Dear and Defilippo while Cox dissented.

Cox was reported to have said he opposed the appointment because he was "holding out for some of the fellows who have worked a lifetime in the community".

Ex-Candidate's Petition

As expected, the new appointment brought charges of political patronage from some quarters.

Especially vocal was Dave Martin, a former candidate for a council seat. Martin had petitioned to seek the seat left open by Bannai on the basis that he was the third highest vote getter in the last election for the council.

Martin charges that in light of the 30 days allowed by law for selection of a new councilman, the quick selection of Dr. Hata was an effort by the Mayor and Councilmen Dear and Defilippo to appoint someone favorable to them before any other candidate could be considered.

"It seems strange to me that the press had about 15 minutes notification, yet Dr. Hata was there (at the council meeting) for the swearing in Saturday afternoon."

The most serious charge made by Martin was that he was "convinced" that Dr. Hata was appointed "because he is a friend of the council."

Dr. Hata was connected with Mayor Nakaoka's mayoral campaign in 1972.

Speed Questioned

The Gardena Valley News, in an editorial, questioned the speed with which the new councilman was appointed.

"With blitzkrieg speed," was the way the News reported the appointment. It went on to say that only "15 minutes notice was given to take picture of the swearing-in ceremony . . .

"We regret the necessity of so much haste, which obviated the possibility of pictorial coverage of the event."

It was pointed out by the News that of the council's four members, two now are the mayor's appointees. On this score, the News wrote, "The Senate last week passed and sent to the Assembly a bill authorizing cities to enact an ordinance for the filling of vacancies on a city council by election. We believe such a bill would strengthen the democratic process at grass roots level."

The most educated member on the city council with a Ph. D. in history from USC, Dr. Hata told Gardena Valley News reporter Richard Imamura his experiences on campus are directly beneficial to his upcoming role as councilman.

"I think Gardena is like the community I teach. Just as we have every facet of so-

Continued on Page 3

Dr. Donald Hata

'Order of Canada' honors bestowed upon first Issei

Governor-General cites Regina pioneer

OTTAWA — For the first time in Canadian history, a Japanese Canadian has been appointed as Member of the Order of Canada last month (June 22). He is Issei pioneer, Genzo Kitagawa of Regina, Saskatchewan.

Kitagawa was named along with 54 other distinguished Canadians for distinguished service by Governor-General Roland Michener, with the approval of the Queen, and in accordance with recommendations made by a seven-member advisory council.

Kitagawa came to Canada from Shiga-Ken prefecture of Japan in the early 1900's and settled in Regina, where he opened a clothing store with a partner.

Community Spokesman

Today he operates the chain of Silk-O-Lina stores in Regina, Calgary, Edmonton, Lethbridge, and Medicine Hat.

Kitagawa has been unofficial spokesman for the Japanese community here for many years and active in civic affairs.

Aside from his business and community activities, Kitagawa is also a well known haiku and tanka poet.

Cultural Center leader quits to join staff

TORONTO, Ont. — Sam Hagino resigned as president of the Japanese Canadian Cultural Centre and became its business administrator, assisting managing director Robert Kadoguchi, "owing to the heavy overload in the Centre's administration" which he found after assuming office.

Toyo Takata was named interim president to complete the unexpired term of Hagino's.

FCC reports 689 Asians hired by broadcasters

WASHINGTON — One out of 10 broadcast employees last year was among the four key minorities, the Federal Communications Commission reported July 3 in its first ethnic job survey of the industry. Station owners with five or more employees were required to respond.

Total No. in Survey	130,656
Women (23%)	30,060
Negroes (6.6%)	8,824
Spanish-surnamed (3%)	3,028
Oriental (0.5%)	689
American Indian (0.4%)	532

S.F. NIHONMACHI RESIDENTS SEEK COMMUNITY HELP

July 15 Date Poses Dilemma for Remaining Group

SAN FRANCISCO — The Committee Against Nihonmachi Evictions (CANE), in pre-Fourth of July statement, reasserted its support of having a senior citizens apartment constructed under auspices of the Japanese American Religious Federation in Nihonmachi but also blamed the dilemma CANE faces upon the San Francisco Redevelopment Agency.

The dilemma is that the JARF project is dependent upon the relocation of residents and businesses situated on the block bounded by Laguna, Post, Octavia and Sutter Streets while CANE was formed to ensure the rights and privileges of those in Nihonmachi to be able to remain in the area.

Compounding the situation is the target date of July 15, which the Redevelopment Agency and the JARF project must meet, for if the land is not cleared, and conveyed, the project stands to lose federal funds amounting to $5,795,000, the CANE statement declared.

No Agency Help

"However, these same residents and businesses feel that the Redevlopment Agency has not been as responsive to their needs as may have been proclaimed," the statement continued.

CANE said there are "on site" housing and storefronts available in the Nihonmachi area but not accessible because of the "unresponsiveness of the Agency," it charged.

Some residents also told CANE they wish to move into the JARF project.

The number involved are two families, four individuals, three businesses and three organizations. Some have been issued court orders to vacate without referrals of adequate substitute housing, which should have accompanied the orders, while others have received default notices.

Without Referrals

Without referrals within the the Nihonmachi area, the local residents and businesses who must relocate would have to move away from Nihonmachi. Businesses would also lose a substantial number of their clientele and goodwill which the location has generated.

After a meeting with JARF Project June 28, it was agreed both CANE, the project and its eleven-member sponsoring churches would appeal to the community for support in terms of housing referral information and reiterating to the Redevelopment Agency of the need to establish low-cost housing and senior citizen dwellings in Nihonmachi.

WATERGATE HEARING

Inouye's hopes revealed

HONOLULU — Sen. Daniel K. Inouye (D-Hawaii), who hopes the Senate Watergate committee will "somehow clear the White House," will not vote to subpoena President Nixon to testify.

"It is not our business to shackle the President and drag him to the committee room and force him to testify," said Sen. Inouye, one of the committee's seven members.

"But if he wishes to present his case to us, we would afford him all the courtesies and accommodate him on his terms as to time and place," he told Univ. of Hawaii students last week (July 3).

"Deep within us, we're hoping that our proceedings will somehow clear the White House," he added.

Re: Impeachment

Sen. Inouye said the prospect of impeachment proceeding is "the thing we fear most" on the committee.

"But I must say that, as of this moment, if the testimony of John Dean is permitted to remain unrebutted, then the President looks very bad," the senator said in a question-and-answer period.

Sen. Inouye said he has shied away from discussing impeachment because, if it should come about, he and the 99 other senators "would have to sit as judge and jury" to determine whether Mr. Nixon would be turned out of office.

"At that time, we would have to take an oath declaring that our minds are open. I have tried my best to keep my mind open," he said.

Dean's Testimony

Sen. Inouye also declined to give an opinion on whether fired White House counsel Dean was telling the truth the previous week (June 25-29).

He said Dean "performed exceedingly well" before the Senate panel.

"It takes an extraordinary person to sit there for five days under the lights with all that pressure and respond with a straight face, without batting an eye. It's not easy," he said.

Another Viewer sees Inouye as President

LOS ANGELES — Amid the fluster of comments on the Watergate hearings appearing July 4 in the Los Angeles Times letters section was the suggestion the Democratic Party give "serious consideration to running Sen. Daniel Inouye of Hawaii in the next presidential election".

It was the first of its kind in the Times here though the comment has appeared in the press in Hawaii.

The letter reads:

As a registered Democrat and an observer of the Watergate hearings on TV, I would like to suggest that the Democratic Party give serious consideration to running Sen. Daniel Inouye of Hawaii in the next presidential election.

The senator is articulate, intelligent, presentable and rational. He has illustrated his sense of responsibility and fair-play by reading the White House rebuttal to John Dean (when it seems that no Republican would do so by choice); he has been perceptive in his questioning and reserved and distinguished in his comportment.

The senator has personally tasted the bitter fruits of war and discrimination and has overcome them—he is a fine example of what can be accomplished and what is best in this country.

ESTHER KAPLAN
Fullerton

Asians hope for quick Watergate conclusion

HONG KONG — Asian political and business leaders are hoping the U.S. will survive the Watergate scandals more or less unscathed. They hope that Washington can regain its self-confidence and its international effectiveness.

A visiting editor from India said, "Watergate is bad, very bad; but it's not catastrophic. It could, however, be catastrophic if the United States entered a protracted period of agonized self-criticism and self-hatred. It could be catastrophic for so many non-Americans."

He argued that India ultimately looks to the U.S. for assistance, whatever India's present alignment might be in the international balance of power.

A Hong Kong financier complained that every time there's a new revelation, "the stock market here bounces — usually down". The plight of the dollar, aggravated by the Watergate scandal, is also in the forefront for Asians who depend on the dollar as the world's trading currency and on the U.S. as a primary market.

An Indonesian felt the U.S. might be able to afford Watergate "but we can't".

A Southeast Asian diplomat observed, "When the U.S. sneezes, most of the world catches cold . . . with all the sneezing going on Washington at the moment, everyone out here is developing a bad case of the chills".

First indictments issued to curb illegal hiring

Federal grand jury names two Nikkei

SAN DIEGO, Calif.—The first two indictments in a new drive aimed at slowing the flow of illegal aliens into Southern California were returned by the federal grand jury June 26.

Assistant U.S. Atty. David Curnow said the government is cracking down on employers who hire illegal aliens in an attempt to dry up the job market.

Indictments charging harboring and concealing illegal aliens were returned against Chihiro Takamatsu and Seichiro Tsutagawa, both foremen on the Ukegawa Brothers farm near Oceanside.

The two were subpoenaed during a June 12 raid at the farm and were indicted following an investigation.

Curnow would not comment on possible charges against the farm's owners Joe and Hiroshi Ukegawa, but noted there is no law against hiring illegal aliens.

JACL credit union declares 5½ pct.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah — Pres. S. Ushio of the National JACL Credit Union announced that the Board of Directors declared the eighth consecutive semi-annual dividend of 5½% per annum. The members' share accounts would be credited July 1, 1973 for $45,500.

The directors also approved a $3,000 signature loan limit and a $10,000 collateral loan limit for confirmation by the Credit Committee or the Loan Officers. Loans over $10,000 to $20,000 will be reviewed by the Board of Directors with a recommendation to the Credit Committee.

JACL MAIL POLL UNDERWAY FOR $250,000 BLDG.

Chapters Have Until July 30 to Ratify Board Recommendation

SAN FRANCISCO — JACL chapters were sent their mail ballots by National Headquarters with a July 30, 1973, deadline asking for approval of the amount to be raised for a JACL building here. The ballot asks:

"Shall the recommendation of the National Board to increase the amount to be raised for the JACL National Headquarters building from $175,000 to a goal of $250,000 be adopted?"

National Executive Director David Ushio recalled that at the 1972 national convention, the Northern California-Western Nevada JACL District Council resolution to construct a building at $175,000 was submitted.

A chapter poll followed and by Nov. 15, the resolution was adopted. At the JACL executive committee meeting in Portland last March, a review of the plans necessitated by increased space requirements and escalating construction costs, pushed the total to $250,000 and the National Board at its June interim meeting ordered another chapter poll.

It was also stipulated that a majority of the chapters voting and received at Headquarters by July 30 would prevail. Ballots received after this date will not be included in the tabulation.

Riverside Nisei attorney disbarred for three years

SAN FRANCISCO—The California Supreme Court, following action by the State Bar of California, has taken disciplinary action against a Riverside Nisei attorney.

Following conclusion of disciplinary proceedings by the State Bar, it has disbarred attorney Ralph Sugimura, 3797 10th st., Riverside, from the practice of law in this state, effective June 3, 1973.

The State Bar disciplinary board considered six separate matters involving the respondent.

False Representations

The board found that Sugimura was retained by three clients in divorce and dissolution cases, and that he represented to two clients that their divorces were final and to a third that the marriage had been dissolved, which representations were knowingly false.

In a fourth matter, Sugimura was employed by other counsel to defend an action and failed to file any responsive pleading, a default judgment being entered; and he then falsely advised the other counsel that the law suit would be dismissed and that a default had been entered due to an error in the clerk's office.

In the fifth matter, Sugimura failed to deliver a transcript to a client or to the public defender's office, as requested, after obtaining it for a criminal proceeding and performing the service for which he had been employed.

Failed to Act

In the last case, the respondent failed to file any responsive pleading after being employed to defend an action, a default judgment being entered; and he represented to his client that he would have the judgment set aside but failed to take any legal action with respect thereto.

The disciplinary board had recommended that Sugimura be suspended from the practice of law for three years.

Sac'to Valley plan for center shelved

SACRAMENTO, Calif.—Plans for a proposed community center for the Japanese in the Sacramento area have been postponed until a more favorable time, it was announced here this past week.

The board of directors of the Japanese Community Center of Sacramento Valley, Inc., voted unanimously at their June meeting to await passage of a pending new federal legislation for elderly housing before making further plans.

Current lack of economic feasibility for a proposed 40-unit health care floor for the center was another factor which led to the decision.

Need Still Strong

However need for such a center was reiterated and combined support was expressed for the development of a center which includes elderly housing, cultural and health care facilities.

Plans were made by the board, however, to continue center operations by possibly broadening its scope to offer direct services to individuals.

Peggy Saika, center project director, was asked to head a committee to generate ideas for new programs. She announced that she may be reached at 446-0493 by those who wish to make suggestions.

Issei allowed Social Security credit for time in WRA camp, Rep. Mills says

SAN JOSE, Calif. — Issei Social Security recipients will no longer be considered ineligible for Evacuation time credit on their Social Security record.

They will be given credit for the time they spent interned between Dec. 7, 1941 and Dec. 31, 1946 as provided for in amendment 219, section 147 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972.

This was the news sent June 26 to Mayor Norman Mineta by Rep. Wilbur D. Mills, (D.-Ark).

The local Nisei mayor had written early last month asking the congressman to consider a bill to extend benefits of the law to all Issei.

The Social Security Administration had ruled the Issei were not eligible for additional credit since they were not U.S. Citizens at the time of Evacuation.

Unfair Ruling

Mayor Mineta pointed out in his letter that this ruling was unfair as all Japanese "were barred from becoming American citizens under the then existing law."

Issei residents of the U.S. who had been contributing to Social Security prior to World War II were able to earn S.S. credit on par with the Nisei, but under the original interpretation of the 1972 amendments by the Social Security Administration those who were aliens between 1941 and 1946 were denied extra credit.

Mayor Mineta recommended to Rep. Mills that the Social Security law be amended, but the chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee wrote him:

Re-interpreted

"You will be pleased to know that there is no necessity to change the law in the manner you recommend since

Continued on Page 4

Mineta plans to run for re-election in '74

SAN JOSE—Mayor Norman Mineta announced plans June 22 to run for re-election next year.

Mineta has been frequently mentioned as a potential candidate for lieutenant governor or secretary of state, or for a seat in Congress.

Next year will mark the first time the mayor and council members have been elected in the regular June and November elections in an even-numbered year under new City Charter provisions.

Mineta, who was elected in April, 1971, will serve only 3½ years before having to run again.

TAKESHI YASUKAWA

Envoy from Tokyo among few with ample experience in American affairs

By KAZUSHIGE HIRASAWA
Japan Times

TOKYO — Of the eight postwar ambassadors to the United States, Takeshi Yasukawa, the newly appointed ambassador, is the first that has experience as director general of the American Affairs Bureau of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

One of the eight, Sadao Iguchi, one-time ambassador to the U.S., had ample experience in service in the U.S. before the war, but he had been mainly in charge of information and publicity in the home office. Most of the other career diplomats assigned to the U.S. in postwar years were Europe hands.

The fact shows how the ministry has been short of specialists in American affairs.

Prewar Emphasis

In the prewar period, those who were in charge of affairs concerning China, treaties, and Great Britain constituted the "establishment" in the ministry.

With the changes of time, Germany, the Soviet Union and the U.S. had assumed importance. And young diplomats who were responsible for affairs connected with these countries started on an "anti-establishment" movement.

It was in 1934, only seven years before the outbreak of World War II, that the American Affairs Bureau was established as an independent bureau in the ministry. This tells why there have been few experts on American affairs in the ministry.

When Gen. Douglas MacArthur started his occupation rule after the end of the war, many foreign ministry officials had their first experience of contacts with Americans.

Even Yasukawa had not received linguistic training in the U.S. He was supposed to become a specialist in the French language.

But it so happened that he stayed behind in Washington when he accompanied the then Premier Nobusuke Kishi on the latter's American trip in 1957. Yasukawa has since then been in charge of problems concerning the U.S.-Japan security treaty and the reversion of Okinawa.

Ushiba's Dialogues

Former Ambassador Nobuhiko Ushiba, Yasukawa's predecessor, is well versed in economic affairs while Yasukawa is skilled in handling-political affairs.

Ushiba launched an extensive tour of dialogues with Americans across the country, thus drawing attention as one of "the five most active ambassadors in the U.S."

The U.S.-Japan trade imbalance, which vexed Ushiba most, has been improving fast in the past several months.

Now it seems likely that Yasukawa will have to struggle with political and military problems. This is because the increasing strength of the opposition parties at home will show up in such fields of the U.S.-Japan relations.

In Tokyo, the U.S. ambassador is given opportunities to have direct contact with the premier. For better mutual understanding between Japan and the U.S., it is strongly desired that the White House give similar opportunities to Yasukawa.

Sumitomo Group donates $3-million to U.S. groups

TOKYO — The Sumitomo group has made grants totalling $3 million to two American organizations in support of their programs for better U.S.-Japan relations.

Koji Asai, director of the Sumitomo bank, and Hosai Hyuga, president of the Sumitomo Metal Industries, Ltd., presented $1 million to John D. Rockefeller III at the annual general meeting of the Japan Society Inc. in New York June 18.

The grant is to help the society in its policy studies of U.S.-Japan relations.

Another grant of $2 million was made June 22 to Kingman Brewster, Jr., president of Yale University, to help the university expand its policy studies fund.

Modernized o-furo

DEL MAR, Calif. — A Japanese-style bath tub, being produced locally for $3,000, is on exhibit at the 1973 Southern California Fair here. Cost includes the tub, benches and decking of redwood, whirlpool, heating, filters and pressure pump.

Seattle University inaugurates course leading to B.A. in Asian Studies

SEATTLE, Wash. — Seattle University initiates this September one of the nation's more unique programs in Asian studies, leading to a B.A. degree in social sciences.

The career-oriented degree program reflects the city of Seattle's and Washington State's growing and important roles in world affairs and provides opportunities, especially to American minority graduates, to enter either international business and law or foreign service as career diplomats.

The triple-major interdisciplinary curriculum also features third-year overseas study in Japan and the Philippines.

To be administered by SU's foreign languages department, the program will have student advisers in foreign languages, history, political science, sociology and business and from SU's Office of Minority Affairs.

Japanese Added

The first language to be offered will be Japanese, a welcome addition to the foreign languages department's curriculum.

The Asian studies program was developed by a university committee, headed by Robert F. Flor, assistant director of minority affairs and special services. Subsequent approvals were granted by SU's Academic Council and the Board of Trustees.

More recent statistics show King County alone with 13,492 Japanese Americans, 7,590 Filipino Americans, 7,453 Chinese Americans and 1,029 Korean Americans, among the predominant Asian ethnic groups with a combined Washington State total of 44,074.

Overseas Study

The triple-major will involve Japanese language, the Asian area study in either political science or history and economics.

Seattle U arrangements are being made with its sister Jesuit schools, Sophia Univeity in Tokyo and Ateneo de Manila University.

SPARK SEEKS LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

WASHINGTON — Speaking in support of legislation to establish an independent Federal Legal Services Corp., Rep. Spark Matsunaga recently (June 21) declared on the House floor that "if the poor and powerless do not have free access to our legal system, government by law cannot succeed."

Establishment of an independent unit outside of the Executive Branch would protect the legal services program from political influence, he added, urging his colleagues to reject weakening amendments to the bill.

PACIFIC CITIZEN

Published Weekly by the Japanese American Citizens League except the first and last weeks of year. 125 Weller St., Los Angeles, Calif. 90012.
No. 1752

HENRY T. TANAKA, President KAY NAKAGIRI, Board Chairman
HARRY K. HONDA, Editor

Second-class postage paid at Los Angeles, Calif. Subscription Rates (payable in advance): U.S. $6 a year, $11.50 for two years. Foreign $8.50 a year. 1st-class service, U.S. $11 extra per year. Airmail service, U.S. and Canada, $15 extra per year. Japan, Asia, Europe, $48 extra per year. $3.50 of JACL Membership Dues for one-year subscription

News and opinions expressed by columnists, except for JACL staff writers, do not necessarily reflect JACL policy.

Harry K. Honda

Ye Editor's Desk

• • •

TURNING OVER A NEW LEAF—PART 2

This was the week we turned over our pile of assorted clippings and papers to see what lies buried. It's an accumulation of news leads that dates back to May—so it's not as bad as the last time (Jan. 19 PC) when we ventured to unveil a bigger stack.

Calif. Senator Cranston is co-sponsoring S. 630 with Wisconsin Senator Nelson to rollback second-class postage rates to the July '72 level. This bill should be inserted in the PC legislative calendar for it may mean saving about $50 a week. And if a community newspaper is to be regarded as those with circulations of less than 25,000 then all Japanese vernaculars in the U.S. and the Pacific Citizen must be so classified. What is not clear from the news release on hand is whether the rollback is intended for the community press or not . . . A companion piece relates the efforts of a lobby comprised of magazine publishers who have circulations under 250,000. Carey McWilliams, who defended the Nisei during World War II and now editor of The Nation, is a key member of that lobby trying for an exemption of postal rate increase. What we didn't know till now was that last summer, Carey was robbed and beaten inside his own office building in Greenwich Village.

The next batch of papers should have been filed earlier for they were distributed to Pacific Southwest JACL District Council delegates last May. Contained are the proposed budget of $9,400 for the Japanese Welfare Rights Organization—which the PSWDC responded by granting $1,000 toward the Issei group, the district legislative committee report compiled by Mort Kurotori which is most comprehensive, and a brochure on the Creative Workshop that resulted in a district allocation of $500. The PSWDC meets again in August and to whom will the district be a benefactor next?

Herb Ogawa of Dallas, whom we had the pleasure of meeting for the first time here this past month, sent us a tearsheet from the Dallas Times Herald about Dr. and Mrs. Ben Ichinose of San Francisco (Hillsborough) attending an orthodontist convention there. But the story was shaped around his famed wine cellar containing some 18,000 bottles, how it is earthquake-proofed (the cellar, that is), and about their backyard pool with a 1,000 rainbow trout. If you haven't guessed it by now, the article was written by the paper's food editor . . . Enough Nikkei-angle articles have come from Herb from his bailiwick to suggest JACL might have a chapter there soon.

It has already appeared in the Sacramento Asian community newsletter and San Francisco vernacular press, and worth noting here that "The Missing Link in the McClatchy Legacy" by Sacramento State journalism student Joseph Maher wasn't printed in the school publication. It asked why Valentine Stuart McClatchy's name was missing from the masthead of the Sacramento Bee. Maher noted V.S. McClatchy had retired as publisher in 1920 after a dispute with his brother Charles. About the same time, his name was to be identified with rabid Japanese exclusionists and fomenters of the alien land law. We'll have to ascertain whether V. S. McClatchy's name ever appeared on the masthead.

After Henry Tanaka's coverage (PC, June 15) of the Asian American Alliance activities in Tacoma, additional information comes, relating their plight due to funding cutback to sustain the Tacoma Community House, founded in 1910 to serve various immigrant groups and now focusing on Asian Americans. The Rev. Robert Yamashita is house director and VISTA worker Arthur Wang is assigned to the center. We're happy to add that the Puyallup Valley JACL sponsors the Alliance newsletter. The Alliance was also in the midst of having two Asian community workers with the state Dept. of Social and Health Services retained, pointing out minorities are last to be hired and the first to be fired.

* * *

We're now waiting for the new Los Angeles quarterly magazine, "Jade", to hit the stands this fall after reading their original promotional piece. Aiming at the Asian American market, the first issue is expected to cover the Hawaiian political scene, acupuncture, District Attorney Peter Chang Jr. of Santa Cruz County (his father was a rear admiral in the U.S. Navy, highest rank ever attained by an Asian American), tutorial program, jade and the new visual educational kit being used by the Pasadena school system (that looks like the one Visual Communications and JACL worked on) . . . Business being what it is, we're hoping "Jade" advertises its rates in the PC and where to order charter subscriptions.

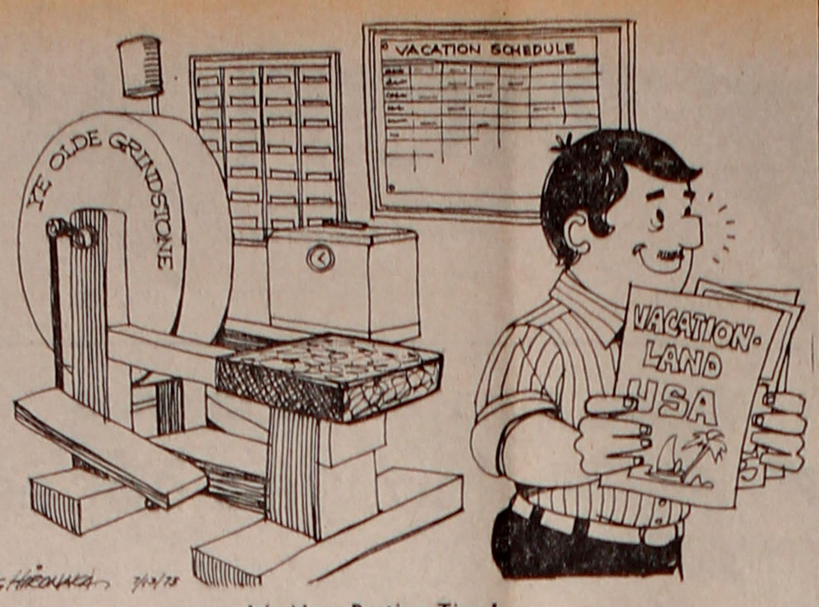
A tip from the Bowling Green University Library advises Frank Ching, New York Times staff writer and editor of "Bridge" magazine, is lecturing on "Far Easterners" in the CBS-TV Summer Semester series, "Immigrant on American Life". Dates are mentioned but it's best to consult with the local CBS-TV station.

So. Cal's 442nd Assn. Newsletter, faithfully being published for some 13 years under the careful hand of Frank Fukuzawa, reports the death (on May 16) of Col. Sherwood Dixon, who helped trained the 442nd and who was lieutenant governor when Adlai Stevenson was governor in Illinois. His annual Christmas report in the newsletter shall be missed by this reader.

* * *

Not quite through with the stack yet, but spacewise we must quit here with Akiji Yoshimura's request for copies of Bill Hosokawa's "Nisei" in Japanese he wanted to send as gift to acknowledge the hospitality he enjoyed during his 60-day tour of Japan with a Rotary study exchange program. Akiji's account with Merrill's Marauders in our Holiday Issue some years back is a classic. We yearn for another classic—this time, his encounter with the "economic animal"—Japan.

If this can be squeezed, we acknowledge Omaha JACLer Cecil Ishii's copy of Photographic Business and Product News (June issue), which develops the sociohistoric impact of photographs through Conrats' "Executive Order 9066" presentation. Author Bob Lehmann says, "It's not an easy exhibit to look at, but it is important, and more than that, it is very valuable."



It's Nose-Resting Time!

U.S. slowly converting to metric system

By SATOSHI SUGITA
(Cincinnati Post & Times-Star)

Alongside itinerant green grocers and fishmongers in a busy Tokyo marketplace, an illicit vender finds his spot and broadcasts the availability of his products. He's usually gone—all goods sold—before the police arrive.

A drug pusher or a pornographic merchant? No, he

GUEST COLUMN

does a thriving business selling rulers based on Japan's centuries-old unit system, which officially was outlawed in 1959 with the adoption of the metric system.

Even though there was an eight-year preparatory period preceding the official conversion and the selling of traditional measuring units is punishable by law, they are still considered more convenient by older people.

* * *

Japan's experience indicates the conversion to the metric system won't be easy.

It will most certainly be a whole new chaotic and painful experience for the United States.

Although the emphasis in this country will be more on encouragement rather than punishment, the total conversion will take five to 10 years, says Dean Cornelius Wandmacher of the University of Cincinnati College of Engineering.

But there are always voices that ask, "Why learn 'their' system? Couldn't we sell 'our' system to them?" Well, let's face it. The U.S. really has no choice but to go metric.

Currently, nine-tenths of the world's nations use the metric system and the U.S. cannot hope to hold its place in world markets if it does not accept the common language of the rest of the world.

* * *

The metric system is more logical—as it is based on decimal units—and permits faster and easier calculation, but it is an arbitrary system and offers no increased accuracy over the customary English system.

The changeover will cost industry millions of dollars in investments in new tools and dies. Thousands of familiar products — from stove bolts to automobile speedometers—will have to be redesigned.

Still, the benefits are considered to outweigh the cost and confusion. A study by the National Bureau of Standards has discovered that the U. S. has been losing export sales in nations where there is a clear choice between metric and non-metric equipment. One survey indicated the nation could earn an extra $10 billion a year in export business if U.S. products were made to metric standards.

Metrification also will facilitate imports, so its effect on the international balance of payments probably won't be vastly helpful. But at least the U.S. will be compatible with the rest of the world in commerce relations.

* * *

Admittedly, the metric system has made slow inroads here. The language of U. S. scientists, for the most part, is metric. Auto mechanics across the nation have had to enlarge their tool boxes to include wrenches in metric standard to handle repairs on an increasing number of imported autos.

The problem now is when and how will the U.S. go metric? Until that is decided, the U.S. will have to cope with problems stemming from the use of two systems of measurement — dual inventories, dual sets of tools and dual thinking.

The metric system will be taught in the fourth grade and up starting this fall, but familiar weights and measures are deeply ingrained and it will take a major educational effort to accommodate a new measurement system.

(Since writing this column as business editor for the Cincinnati Post & Times-Star, Mr. Sugita has moved to New York to join a public relations firm.—Ed.)

Thought for the Week

No mind is thoroughly well organized that is deficient in a sense of humor. — Samuel Coleridge, English poet-critic (1772-1834).

LETTERS FROM OUR READERS

Manzanar plaque

Editor:

It is because of bananas like Sachio Saito (PC June 22) that Mrs. R.A. Baker continues to torment the Japanese community with her lies and fabrications about the Manzanar Committee, the wording on the plaque and the facts regarding evacuation.

The reason Mrs. Baker is not supported by a majority of Japanese in the Southern Calif. area is not because they are "quiet Americans" as Saito says, but because they have seen through the lies and fabrications Mrs. Baker has spilled out. She has received liberal space in the ethnic papers and now that she cannot write about the subject in the Gardena Valley News (so she says), she goes over the airways to vent her racism.

Germany's concentration camps were not associated only with the gas chambers. They also had barbed-wire, guard towers, searchlights, and armed guards. The internees were deprived of their civil rights, property and eventually their lives.

Hasn't Saito read the quotes from prominent Americans during 1941-1946? Doesn't he know that there were people who advocated starving the Japanese to death? To sending them blindfolded and tied off the gangplanks into the ocean? Yes, and even lining them up and shooting them all?

While protesting the use of "concentration camp" on the Manzanar plaque, because America 'didn't have concentration camps', Mrs. Baker uses the Hitler tactics of the big lie to spread her gospel. These tactics were the first steps to the building of the death camps. And no one in the community has confronted her with this contradiction.

When the Manzanar Committee sent out an appeal for support of the wording in December, 1972, we received tremendous support. A letter which said it all came from Beverly Hills, Calif., reads:

"Perhaps, in some miniature cloud now forming and reforming in the atmosphere are the microscopic particles of converted flesh and blood that once rose from the furnaces of Auschwitz. A never to be forgotten portion of my family perished in those flames. The plaques there speak of racism and greed. Today citizens of Germany make pilgrimage to Auschwitz. Tomorrow, it will be to Manzanar, for Americans. Both were Concentration Camps. Despite the fact that both governments called them otherwise . . ."

SUE EMBREY
Manzanar Committee
Los Angeles

* * *

Legislative calendar

Editor:

Since our Sequoia Chapter was responsible for introduction of HR 3424 and HR 3429 (see PC legislative calendar) we would like to spearhead the operations to see them become a reality. Unless steps are taken to urge the bills into passage, no further action will be seen.

The persons who would benefit the most are those Japanese Americans who are ready to retire, or have already retired. If we can assist in any way to help these people to enjoy their well deserved retirement just a little sooner, or add a little to their social security allowance, all of us should unite and work together towards the passage of those bills.

I have just returned from Japan, and fully realize that the passage of such bills is important and necessary for all the Japanese Americans, as concerned citizens identifying with this country. Not to urge the passage of such bills would be an indication of an unconcerned apathetic minority group that is willing to accept any decree from the government without question. Reaction to such bills would certainly indicate a concerned active minority group that is willing to take personal time to work for their rights.

CHUCK C. KUBOKAWA
Sequoia JACL

* * *

Pan-Asianism

Editor:

Thank you for printing the Bay Area Community Chapter position paper on the National Pan-Asian Resolution.

You inserted an editorial comment in the text that we reported a change in our original resolution but none was evident in the '72 National Convention Minutes, (pp. 52-53).

Please note that the change occurred at the NCWNDC and the resolution, as amended was forwarded to the National Convention Resolutions Committee. Apparently, no further changes were recommended at the Convention and the delegates adopted it as received from California.

The resolution attached to our position paper is the official National JACL Resolution as it appears in the Convention minutes.

MARY ANNA TAKAGI
Bay Area Community JACL

* * *

Thank you

Editor:

Thank you for helping to publicize The World Games for the Deaf at Malmo, Sweden, July 21-28, 1973, where our son, Kenneth, will be participating as a member of the U.S. volleyball team.

We wish to express our sincerest appreciation to the Pacific Southwest District JACL and the Montebello Japanese Women's Club and to all the individuals who contributed so generously to the Ken Murashige Fund.

MR. & MRS. LESLIE S. MURASHIGE
Los Angeles

Over 80,000 Readers See the PC Each Week

Priorities

Continued from Page 1

ican. The Federal Administration on Aging, which approved the initial proposal, suspended further allocation of funds until satisfactory agreements are reached with interested community groups and an advisory committee is formed. The grant has been extended to June 30, 1974. Also, because of Federal cutback in training funds, the AoA has required JACL to resubmit a revised proposal.

✓

As quickly as possible, JACL will now need to contact interested and appropriate Japanese American organizations throughout the country. An advisory committee will need to be formed, possibly from among the interested organizations. An agreement will need to be reached as to whether the revised proposal (videotapes) is a viable alternative. And finally, an approval must be received from AoA before a new project director is hired.

The enthusiasm, energy and determination of our National staff give me confidence that we can accomplish these tasks in a short period of time. But much of the success will also depend upon the enthusiasm, responsiveness and cooperation of interested and appropriate community based Japanese American organizations.

In the interest of serving the elderly persons for whom this project was conceived, let us hope that we do not fail them this time.

25 Years Ago

In the Pacific Citizen, July 17, 1948

First postwar Nisei (Joe Takao files for Hawaii legislature as Isle's political races slow to get under way . . . Amputee veteran (Kenneth Kengo) enters UC to work for Ph. D. degree . . . Mike Masaoka seeks suggestions on evacuee claims . . . Nisei girl (Eunice Noda) will go to Japan as missionary . . . Olympic Games eight years too late for Takashi Hirose and Bunmei Nakama.

ADC official believes Senate bill "contraband" losses may have chance this session . . . Witnesses accuse Tomoya Kawakita of brutal acts as Los Angeles treason trial in fourth week . . . ADC fund-raisers Joe Grant Masaoka and Kihei Ikeda to tour coast cities . . . Predict Japanese Canadians will win right to vote in British Columbia next year . . . Naturalization bill will be pushed in next congress.

Legislative Calendar

Sufficient information is provided under Synopsis to ascertain the intent of congressional bills of particular interest to Japanese Americans. Persons wishing to inquire or express an opinion on any of the bills should refer to them by specific number. Sample address form:

Senator—
U.S. Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Congressman—
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

* * *

Federal legislation

I—Retirement Credit

S 121 by Sen. Daniel Inouye (Hawaii) on Jan. 4, 1973

SYNOPSIS

Under the provisions of a previous passed statute (5 USC 1076 (passed on July 15, 1952 and subsequently amended Sept. 14, 1960)) Japanese Americans in the postal field service and classified civil service were given special credit for the service for time spent in internment if and only if they satisfied the following two criteria:

1—They were serving on July 15, 1952, in the postal field service or in the classified civil service in positions subject to the General Schedule, and

2—At some time during the period December 7, 1941 to September 3, 1945, by reason of U.S. policy or program or by reason of entry into the armed forces, they had been separated from the service, lost opportunity for or had been denied probational appointment from a civil service registry or been denied reinstatement to a position as described

Senator Inouye's bill would extend the special credit for internment time under 5 USC 1076 to all civilian employees of the U.S. (previous limitation had required employee to be in postal field service and classified civil service). However, it should be noted that the other two requirements of 5 USC 1076 remain unchanged —i.e.—(1) entry into federal employment by July 15, 1952 and (2) separation from federal employment during the period of Dec. 7, 1941 to September 3, 1945

STATUS

Referred to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

II—Minorities

HR 3424 by Rep. Charles Gubser (Calif.) on Jan. 31, 1973; **HR 5555** by Rep. Jerome Waldie (Calif.)

SYNOPSIS

This bill would provide federal civil service retirement credit to federal employees who were Japanese American WW2 internees (including U.S. citizens and aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence). To be eligible for credit an individual must have been evacuated or excluded from a military area or must have voluntarily departed from such an area in anticipation of an exclusion order and must have been detained or interned in a camp. The retirement credit provided by the bill is computed on the basis of the time spent in camp.

A similar bill has been introduced in the Senate by Senator Inouye (See S 1236).

STATUS

Referred to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

S 1236 by Sen. Daniel Inouye (Hawaii) on Mar. 14.

SYNOPSIS

Same as HR 3424 (See above.)

STATUS

Referred to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

III—Social Security

HR 3429 by Rep. Charles Gubser (Calif.) on Jan. 31, 1973.

SYNOPSIS

This is a bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act to provide wage credits under the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program for Japanese Americans who were detained or interned during World War II and performed compensated service during their detention or internment. To be eligible an internee must have been detained or interned in a camp and have performed some service in connection with the operation or administration of the camps for which he received compensation from U.S. Under the terms of the bill, an eligible internee is credited with having been paid the wages actually earned plus an additional $160 for each month that the internee performed the above mentioned services.

An eligible internee can be either a U.S. citizen or a lawfully admitted permanent U.S. resident.

STATUS

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

IV

HR 5171 by Rep. Edward Roybal (Calif.) on Mar. 5, 1973.

SYNOPSIS

Last year, the 92nd Congress passed as part of the Social Security Amendments of 1972 a provision authorizing non-contributory social security wage credits for certain individuals who were interned during WW2 (42 USC 431). The bill was introduced by Senator Inouye.

The Social Security Administration (SSA) has interpreted the statute as providing benefits only to U.S. citizens who were interned during WW2. Congressman Roybal's bill is intended to make clear that the benefits provided by 42 USC 431 are to be extended to aliens of Japanese ancestry as well as U.S. citizens.

JACL has reviewed the language of the 1972 law and believes that the provisions defining eligibility are already broad enough to include almost all Japanese who were interned in camps (citizens and aliens). We have written to the General Counsels Office of SSA requesting a reinterpretation of the statute. Both Senators Inouye and Jackson (D-Wash.) have also written to SSA requesting a reinterpretation.

***By administrative action June 21, Social Security Administration determined non-citizens are also eligible for benefits as U.S. citizens for time interned in WW2 relocation centers.**

STATUS

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

S 1208 by Sen. Hiram Fong (Hawaii) on Mar. 5, 1973.

SYNOPSIS

Same as HR 5171 (See above).

STATUS

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

V

HR 5183 by Rep. Jerome Waldie (Calif.) on Mar. 5, 1973.

SYNOPSIS

This bill would extend the Social Security wage credit benefits of 42 USC 431 (See explanation of 42 USC 431 in discussion of HR 5171) to Japanese Americans who voluntarily left their residence in order to avoid the evacuation and detention.

To be eligible, a Japanese American must:

1—Have been on Dec. 7, 1941, a resident of an area in the U.S. from which Japanese Americans were evacuated during WW2, and

2—Have voluntarily departed from such an area in anticipation of the evacuation.

STATUS

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

VI—Cabinet Committee for Asian American Affairs

HR 261 by Rep. Glenn Anderson (Calif.) on Jan. 3, 1973; **HR 4186** by Rep. Anderson on Feb. 8; **HR 2270** by Rep. George Danielson (Calif.) on Jan. 18; **HR 3169** by Rep. Edward Roybal (Calif.) on Jan. 29.

(All of the above bills are individual bills introduced by each of the above mentioned Congressmen separately.)

SYNOPSIS

Bill to establish the Cabinet Committee for Asian American Affairs.

"Only Federal action can begin to investigate, isolate, and rectify the many inequities and problems relating to the Asian American population.

"This proposal would establish a high-level committee with the specific task of identifying the problems of Asian Americans, developing solutions to those problems, and correcting the injustices that presently confront the Americans of Asian ancestry." (Congressional Record, Feb. 22, 1973).

STATUS

All four bills were referred to the Committee on Government Operations.

VII—'Hibakusha' Assistance

HR 2984 by Rep. Edward Roybal (Calif.) on Jan. 24, 1973.

SYNOPSIS

A bill to provide reimbursement to certain individuals (any citizen of the United States or any individual who has been admitted to the United States for permanent residence) for medical relief for physical injury suffered by them that is directly attributable to the explosions of atomic bombs on Hiroshima and Nagasaki, Japan in August, 1945 and the radioactive fallout from those explosions.

STATUS

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

VIII—(Japanese American Friendship Act)

HR 1487 by Rep. George Danielson (Calif.) on Jan. 9, 1973; **HR 2160** by Rep. Edward Roybal (Calif.) on Jan. 15; **HR 3086** by Rep. Ronald Dellums (Calif.) on Jan. 29; **HR 4369** by Rep. Marvin Esch (Mich.) on Feb. 20.

(All of the above bills were introduced separately.)

SYNOPSIS

Each of the bills would provide for the use of certain funds to promote scholarly, cultural, and artistic activities between Japan and the United States.

As written in HR 4369: "It is therefore the purpose of this act to provide for the use of an amount equal to a part of the sums to be paid by Japan to the United States in connection with the reversion of Okinawa to Japanese administration to aid education and culture at the highest level in order to enhance reciprocal people to people understanding and to support the close friendship and mutuality of interests between the U.S. and Japan."

(Similar but not identical statements of purpose are contained in each of the other bills.)

STATUS

All bills referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

* * *

Oregon

The Oregon state legislature meets for about 5-6 months in the odd-numbered years.

SB 475—Liquor License

SYNOPSIS

Authorizes cancellation or suspension of liquor license when licensee refuses services and facilities on account of race, color, sex, creed or national origin or engages in certain unlawful discriminatory employment practices.

STATUS

Returned May 1 by 15-13 Senate vote to Alcohol and Drugs Committee.

NEEDED ACTION

Letters to Senate-House Joint Alcohol and Drug Committee: Sen. Bill Stevenson (Portland), chmn., Rep. Steve Kaufoury (Portland).

HB 2078—Use of Facilities

SYNOPSIS

Prohibits "public body" from using facilities of discriminatory organizations.

STATUS

Passed Apr 24 by 33-18 House vote; referred to Senate state and federal affairs committee.

NEEDED ACTION

Letters to Senate State and Federal Affairs Committee: Sen Debs Potts (Grants Pass), chmn.; Sen. Howard (Portland), Sen. Mahoney (Portland), Sen. Jernstedt (Hood River).

Washington

The present 43rd Session has recessed but will return for nine days on Sept. 8 and for about 60 days on Jan. 7. During the interim months, the legislature conducts committee hearings three days per month. (Information through courtesy of the Asian-American Advisory Council, State of Washington; Mich Matsudaira, executive director). Bills will * have been enacted into law.

Acupuncture Practice — HB 14 (Bouechel), SB 2696 (Peterson, Day), SFR 132 (Durkan).

SYNOPSIS: Provides for practice of acupuncture under supervision of a licensed physician.

STATUS: Passed by House 98-0 on Mar. 9, referred to Senate committee on social and health services.

***Alien Banks** — HB 423 (Ceccarelli, Rabel), SB 2674 (Mardesich, H B Lewis, Whetzel).

SYNOPSIS: Provides for alien banks, those organized under laws of another country, to operate under certain restrictions with permission of supervisor of banking; also amends existing law permitting any bank with paid-in capital of not less than $1,000,000 to operate branches in any foreign country.

STATUS: Passed by House 91-4 on Mar. 28; by Senate 44-1 on Mar. 28; and signed by the Governor Apr. 20.

Alien Teachers — HB 42 (Eng, Chatalas, Douthwaite, Maxie), SB 2118 (Gardner, Durkan, Fleming) at request of Asian American Advisory Council.

SYNOPSIS: Removes citizenship requirement to each in common schools of state, to take effect immediately.

STATUS: House version in Education committee. Senate bill passed 28-21 on Mar. 17 and referred to House Education committee, where majority and minority reports have been issued Mar. 30.

(The Asian American Advisory Council has cited both federal and state laws to resolve conflict: 1964 U.S. Civil Rights Act makes it unlawful for employer to refuse employment because of citizenship; state code makes it unfair practice for any employer to refuse to hire any person because of "national origin").

Asian American Commission — SB 2005 (Durkan).

SYNOPSIS: Creates 11-member state commission on Asian American Affairs to assure special problems and needs of Asian Americans are assisted by state agencies.

STATUS: Referred to State Government committee.

Asian Development Bank — SB 2510 (Gardner, Whetzel, Dore).

SYNOPSIS: Authorizes investment in certain securities guaranteed by the Asian Development Bank.

STATUS: Passage recommended by Senate Financial Institutions committee.

Bilingual, Bicultural Education Study — HCR 39 (Bauer, Ellis, Hoggins, Luders, Smythe, Brown), HFR 107 (Bauer, Brown, Bender, Warnke, Eng, Ehlers, Ellis, Johnson, Lysen, Tilly), SFR 81 (Gardner, Odegaard).

SYNOPSIS: Requests Supt. of Public Instructions to make comprehensive study of bilingual-bicultural education needs, services and funding; report due Nov. 1, 1973.

STATUS: House Committee on education recommends passage; Senate resolution referred to Rules.

Public Notices — HB 426 (Eng, Brown, Maxie).

SYNOPSIS: Requires public notices of constitutional amendments and referendum bills be published in not more than 15 foreign-language and minority community newspapers whose readers would not normally be exposed to such notices published in legal newspapers.

STATUS: Passed by House 88-4 on Mar. 17, referred to Senate Constitution and Elections committee, which has recommended passage.

Foreign Dentist Exams—SB 2274 (Sandison, Fleming).

SYNOPSIS: Authorizes foreign dentists to take state examination to practice dentistry.

STATUS: Senate Social and Health Services committee has recommended passage.

Preferential College Admission—SB 2900 (Guess, Scott, Donohue, Van Hollebeke, Wanamaker, R H Lewis, Metcalf, Twigg).

SYNOPSIS: Implementing laws of admission or retention of students at state universities and colleges; provides admission without distinction on account of race, color, caste or sex but preference to state residents.

STATUS: Referred to Higher Education committee.

(Seattle JACL is opposed as bill attempts to offset State Supreme Court ruling that schools may use race as a criteria in choosing its applicants as in the Marco de Funis case of Mar. 8. JACL contends minorities require some compensation at this time or continue to be left out of the mainstream of social interaction. Barry Matsumoto's PC column of June 1 develops the point in detail).

***Disadvantaged Students** — HB270 (Bauer, O'Brien, Rabel, Chatalas, Conner, Van Dyk, Valle, Goltz, Bagnariol, Perry, Ceccarelli, Maxie, Smythe, McCormick, Hurley, Laughlin, Williams, Ellis, Parker, Lysen, Erickson, Eng); SB 2194 (Gardner, Keefe, Fleming, Dore, Metcalf, Ridder, Murray, Francis).

SYNOPSIS: Allows grants to certain disadvantaged elementary and secondary students, up to $100 in elementary and up to $300 in secondary; requires state board of education to set up regulations.

STATUS: Passed by Senate 34-12 on Feb. 12, by House 68-27 on Mar. 1; signed by Governor Mar. 13.

Employment Discrimination —HB 693 (Goltz, Eng, Maxie).

SYNOPSIS: Prohibits physical qualifications for employment if found to have exclusionary effect upon women, men, blacks, Spanish-speaking Americans, American Indians, Asians or other minorities more than persons not of each such class.

***Affirmative Action Clause.** (Included on all appropriations bills is an Affirmative Action clause providing preference where necessary to nonwhite and Mexican American applicants "in order to attain the same minority employment ratio" in each agency as with the population of the state at large). State budget for FY 1974 signed by Governor with certain items vetoed on Apr. 23.

* * *

The Pacific Citizen or the Washington JACL Representative, Barry Matsumoto, 1730 Rhode Island Ave. NW, Washington, D.C. 20036, will welcome additions to this compilation, which will be a permanent feature and reprinted from time-to-time as space allows.

QUESTION BOX

'American in Disguise'

Q—The New Canadian reprinted a recent article by Dr. Roy Doi, "The Nisei Identity", wherein he mentions Daniel Okimoto's "An American in Disguise". Where can the book be purchased? And I enjoyed Dr. Doi's comments very much, not only as a student of sociology but also because I am Nisei, too.—M. K., Toronto.

A—Okimoto's book, "An American in Disguise", ($6.95) was published by Walker & Co., 720 Fifth Ave., New York City 10019.

Gardena—

Continued from Front Page

ciety on campus, we have much the same here in Gardena — with probably the best mix in America . . .

"What we have in Gardena might be a model for America. Let's face it: 10 per cent of the population is black and we have a large majority of people with Latin surnames in addition to the large white and Asian populations.

"And this is not an upper-middle class community — people here are hurt by income tax, state tax and other taxes. If we can't make it here in Gardena, we probably can't make it in America."

Dr. Hata made his debut as councilman last Tuesday (July 10).

Bill Hosokawa

From the Frying Pan

• • •

Denver, Colo.

THE HAYAKAWA YEARS—An era is ending for San Francisco State University as its president, Dr. S. I. Hayakawa, steps down. This is an event of more than passing interest to Japanese Americans, some of whom regard Hayakawa, a Canadian-born Nisei, as a hero for the cause of reason while others despise him as an arch-enemy of the new campus liberalism. Whatever one thinks of Hayakawa, San Francisco State came through five eventful years under his leadership and a report on his accomplishments seems appropriate as he moves into the role of president emeritus.

(There is something distressingly aged about that title. It evokes visions of doddering graybeards poring over rare tomes. Neither doddering nor graybearded, Hayakawa plans to continue lecturing in support of San Francisco State and higher education, to write, and perhaps to teach a few classes.)

Hayakawa reported on his period of stewardship in a recent speech to the San Francisco business community, and what follows is excerpted from the text. He noted that an extremely vocal minority of radical students in the 1960s set out "to make the paralysis and destruction at SFS a model to be followed by activists at other institutions" because SFS looked like a push-over.

But under Hayakawa's always determined, sometimes flamboyant leadership, "SFS was the first major institution in which disruption and violence were brought to an end."

Since then a wing has been added to the university library which doubled its capacity. A $6.5 million student-financed student union building is under construction and scheduled for completion in 1975. Two new science buildings have been completed, giving SFS the "best-equipped science teaching facilities on the West Coast, second only to NASA-Ames Research Center in Sunnyvale . . . In creative arts, in education, in the humanities, in the behavioral sciences, and in physical education, and the success of our athletic teams, we see evidence throughout the University of a kind of renaissance, whose dominant themes are community service and innovation of teaching methods."

Hayakawa also pointed out that SFS has developed productive programs for the education of the socially and economically disadvantaged, in helping war veterans to enter college, in training women previously on welfare to qualify for and hold down steady jobs.

Hayakawa noted that for the better part of a decade "views dissenting from those of the liberal-radical left coalition have not been permitted to be heard on campus . . . At many of the most distinguished universities in America, administration buildings and research laboratories have been bombed and destroyed by passionate devotees of peace. We were faced with many such attempts to destroy the academic environment at SFS. Today, however, in classrooms and public lectures, rational and many-sided discussions have replaced the chanting of slogans and the screaming oratory of only a few years ago . . . In the early 1950s, the restoration of academic freedom meant protecting the rights of liberals and radicals to be heard. Today it means securing those same rights for moderates and conservatives. It looks as if academic freedom is being restored at SFS."

Hayakawa also pointed out that SFS has launched a program centering on U.S. relations with Pacific nations. Among the accomplishments is in a chair of U.S.-Japan Relations to prepare American students for work in Japan—in diplomacy, education or business.

San Francisco State has seen many momentous times since it was founded in 1899, but perhaps the most memorable were the years in which its president was a Nisei.

William Marutani

East Wind

• • •

YELLOWER 'N YOU

Philadelphia

IT'S NOT UNCOMMON among blacks to hurl the "blacker-than-thou" assertion, particularly during tense arguments. While I'm not quite sure just what this implies, I do sense a claim being made of deeper "soul" brother (or sister) than another black. I've yet to hear a Nisei claim to be "yellower" than another Nisei. That is, unless something such as claiming samurai lineage constitutes such as assertion—in which case, however, since every Nisei who deigns to speak on the matter asserts warrior forebears, everyone ends up in a parity anyway. (The more expansive Nisei will claim a "daimyo" or two along the line, a claim I view with even greater askance, wondering why his forebears left such a good position for the rigors of a railroad gang in America.)

BUT AS I SAY, no flat-out "yeller 'n you" claim. So far. On the contrary, the assertions drive in the opposite direction of "out-whiting the whites", whatever that's supposed to connote. (I first thought there was a typographical error when I read that article in "Newsweek": I thought it was "outwitting".) Personally, I'm not for "out-ing" anyone. For better or for worse, this corner is content—nay, proud—to be an American of Oriental ancestry, and welcome to those to whom it makes no difference, and to those to whom it does—simply please have the courtesy to stand out of the way.

MORE RECENTLY, HOWEVER, there appear to be some contentions among fellow Asian Americans as to who is "more Asian". Again, whatever that means. And for a moment there, it seemed that ethnic chauvinism (of which, by the way, the Nisei can be guilty as well as others) was such that an Asian was ready to declare that another Asian wasn't an Asian at all! Utter claptrap.

ALL I KNOW is that there is a peculiar strain of racial virus that particularly hosts upon Oriental Americans. And those Americans of Oriental ancestry had better get on with the main task, together, instead of expending our enegies and depleting ourselves with collateral issues. And this, incidentally, is a criticism that this corner can make first-hand about the way some black groups operate, the inter-group strifes that plague a specific Oriental group (with which this writer has been working closely), and no doubt is true of other minority groups.

WE'RE ALL IN that proverbial "same boat". We'd better stop worrying about the "banner". And start rowing. Together.

Elderly Japanese playing "goh" at the Little Tokyo Pioneer Center.
Photo by Toge Fujihira

Sansei children racing at Denver community picnic.
Photo by Toge Fujihira

Straightening out Japanese on Nikkei in U.S.

In conjunction with the 1973 Overseas Japanese Conference held in Tokyo in mid-May, the Mainichi Daily News published a supplement to update the key roles of Nikkei around the world. The major article pertained to the Nisei in the United States (see below). The supplement, edited by Yoshihiro Tanaka, was applauded by JACL President Henry Tanaka for being "most informative".—Editor.

• • •

By HARRY H. L. KITANO
Director, Univ. of California Tokyo Study Center

SPECIAL REPORT

The idea that the Japanese citizens of Japan and the Japanese Americans in the United States are identical has long been a part of American thought. Whether a person is a Sansei, several generations removed from Japan and totally acculturated to America, or whether he is an immigrant newly arrived from Japan, it is assumed that because both look Japanese, they must know about the culture. So it comes as a surprise to Americans when all Japanese looking persons do not automatically speak Japanese or are not particularly interested in the Japanese culture.

Similar perceptions are held by the Japanese people in Japan. Because the Japanese American has identifiable Japanese features, it is assumed that he knows Japanese and is acquainted with its culture. It comes as a surprise and a shock to the Japanese who discover that this person in their midst is perhaps similar in some ways to themselves, but dissimilar or entirely different in other ways.

The close relationship between these perceptions has significance beyond that of academic interest because such ties have affected the treatment of the Japanese in the United States. A history of the attitudes of the United States towards Japan is also a history of American attitudes towards Japanese Americans. When relationships between the two countries were strained, Japanese Americans were treated as enemies and when there were periods of good feeling, Japanese Americans were viewed favorably.

Periods of Strain

The years leading up to World War II were characterized by great strain. As early as 1907, incidents involving Japanese nationals in America were cast in international terms so that a move to segregate Japanese students in the San Francisco public schools came to the attention of President Theodore Roosevelt.

Roosevelt pressured the School Board to rescind the segregation edict, partly because of his respect for Japanese armed power which had defeated Russia in the just concluded Russo-Japanese War.

But this era of a grudging respect for the modernized Asian nation meant that Japan was also to be viewed as a competitor and as a potentially dangerous enemy.

There were emotional fears of a "yellow peril," where the legendary "horde of Asians," if wedged with modern technology, would overrun the white world.

Japanese immigrants were considered unassimilable. Their "alien" mentality and culture were considered unfathomable through Western eyes. Americans translated these negative feelings into localized actions. Hostile and discriminatory actions were the order of the day — Issei could not become United States citizens; they could not vote and the right to own land was restricted.

Job and housing discrimination shaped ethnic ghettoes and terms such as sly, sneaky, suspicious, pushy and overly aggressive were used to describe the Japanese whether residing in Japan or in the United States. Finally, in 1924, the United States government passed a law denying Japanese permission to immigrate.

Overt Conflict

Feelings towards Japanese and Japanese Americans remained consistently negative up to World War II. The Japanese invasion of China, the Axis tie-up, and the consistent clash between Japanese and American interests in the Far East strengthened the view of a dangerous Japan.

The attack on Pearl Harbor meant a change from covert to overt conflict. Japan was now a mortal enemy and the Japanese in America were also viewed in these terms. Even though the majority of them were now American-born Nisei and citizens of the United States, it made little difference.

All persons of Japanese ancestry were summarily excluded from West Coast areas and eventually placed in wartime relocation centers. They were placed in these camps without benefit of a trial and were presumed to be guilty by reason of their race. As the historian Daniels comments, the actions of Germans were attributed to "evil individuals" while the deeds of the Japanese were attributed to an "evil race." All Japanese, including those born and raised in the United States, were to be treated as enemies.

Better Relationships

The postwar rebuilding period saw closer and friendlier attitudes between Japan and the United States. There emerged a spirit of cooperation and an admiration of the strength and energy of Japan.

This favorable atmosphere also benefitted the Japanese Americans who were attaining a rapid degree of upward mobility. Improved attitudes have contributed to the present so that there have been some who have dubbed the Nikkei as the "model American minority." However, there appear to be current signs of strain between the United States and Japan, and it will be interesting to not if attitudes towards Japanese Americans change as a result.

Relationships with Japan

A short analysis of the Japanese immigrant by generation may illuminate the justification of Americans' perception of the Japanese in both nations as similar.

1. **The Issei**—The Issei, who left for the United States (1890-1924), were products of Meiji Japan. Their primary education, language, and life styles were Japanese. Discrimination and prejudice limited their participation in the American social structure so that in their segregated lives, they practiced the culture they brought over from Japan.

Few Issei had professional or technically skilled backgrounds. Even fewer had inherited wealth so that their major asset was their ability to work hard. Many initially went into farm labor and some eventually rose to entrepreneural status. In the cities, small businesses such as cleaning establishments, restaurants, and small hotels were opened. Gardening and other service enterprises were also important employment sources.

Since the Issei retained much of the family and community structures of Japan, ethnic organizations, festivals, and ceremonies played an important part in their lives. They preferred to marry Japanese women and created miniature Japanese communities which were dubbed "Little Tokyo" and "Little Osaka." Ironically, most of the immigrants, being from Kyushu and Southern Honshu, were not acquainted with the city life of Tokyo and Osaka.

If there was any justification for lumping the Japanese of both countries together, it was during the early Issei era. However, the relative isolation of the Issei meant that subsequent changes that occurred in Japan were only minimally felt by the immigrants. With the arrival of their Nisei children, their lives further changed. Even those who had originally planned on returning to Japan began to think of an American life with the birth of their United States born children.

2. **The Nisei**—Although there were some exceptions (e.g., the Kibei, who were sent to Japan for their education), the Issei wanted their Nisei children to become Americans and obtain a good American education. Nisei acquisition of the American culture was high and could be compared to those of the second generation of European immigrant groups but with the one important limitation of racism. The motivation of the Nisei was great — they participated in school acitvities, became class officers, joined the YMCA's and the Scouts.

But, the barriers of anti-Japanese prejudice were everywhere. The Nisei college graduates working in fruit stands or as salesmen in art goods stores were familiar sights. There was much disillusionment and despair and a study from Stanford University in the 1930's was aptly titled "The Second Generation Japanese Problem."

It was also the period of the great depression so that a college education did not automatically mean a good job. Nevertheless, the Nisei continued in their attempts at Americanization. They organized groups dedicated to becoming "better Americans in a greater America." Their acculturation was rapid even though their acceptance was not.

However, even the most pessimistic were not prepared for the events that followed the bombing of Pearl Harbor. It was a drastic blow to be herded into "concentration camps," and for some it was the final straw. A few renounced their American citizenship and chose expatriation to Japan; more chose to demonstrate their identity with the United States by cooperating with the evacuation, and some even ended up fighting for the United States Army.

The end of World War II could have been the end of the Japanese in the United States. There was talk of sending them all back to Japan, and the tenor of the times could have encouraged such drastic solutions.

However, American attitudes towards a defeated Japan were vastly different from when there was overt conflict — rather than annihilation, there was charity; rather than revenge, there was understanding, and rather than punishment, there was rebuilding.

Similar attitudes toward the treatment of the Japanese American became widespread in the United States. Officials began to question their role in the wartime evacuation, and there were some who publicly admitted the incarceration of the Japanese American was an error. Economic and educational opportunities became available, and Nisei flocked into colleges and into a relatively open labor market.

Heretofore closed areas of employment such as in the civil service, public school teaching, and private business were now open and Nisei advanced rapidly.

By 1970, the Japanese ranked among the highest of all groups in the United States in education and their incomes, perspectives, life styles, and tastes indicated a middle-class status.

Nisei are especially prominent in professions such as medicine, dentistry, pharmacy, and engineering. Gardening has evolved into an independent and adequately paid profession while a significant number still remain in agriculture. The change in the Nisei farmer can be inferred by his current identification as an employer, rather than as a member of the laboring class. Many Nisei hold civil service positions and the public schools absorb a goodly number of Japanese American teachers.

But the surface successes have hidden a great number of Nisei problems. Most have encountered severe acts of prejudice and discrimination, including the wartime evacuation, and yet have repressed these experiences. Yet when a case like that of Dr. Noguchi, the County Coroner of Los Angeles, surfaces, there is great support from the Nisei. In this incident, Dr. Noguchi was fired by the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors, but the Japanese American community rallied to his support and charged the Board with racist motivations.

He was reinstated, and one partial explanation for the widespread community support was the feeling of many Nisei that they too had suffered forms of discrimination and were willing to back a fellow ethnic in his fight.

Generally, discrimination against the Nisei is subtle. It may be hidden in the executive level or in positions of public prominence. Hollywood, television, and the movies still portray Japanese Americans as stereotypes and tend to use Asian actors in restricted roles.

The widely publicized nature of the current stereotype which includes high educational achievement, creates special difficulties for Japanese Americans who do not possess college degrees or special aptitudes.

Family and intergenerational conflicts are common. The Nisei retain enough of the Japanese ways of their Issei parents to be Japanese and yet are acculturated products of America. Their Sansei children see them as "square and old fashioned" while the Issei feel that the Nisei have forgotten their Japanese ways. Generally, Nisei are curious about Japan but know very little through their travels as tourists or from stories told by their parents.

3. **The Sansei**—Most evidence indicates that the Sansei are totally American. Their language, interests, values, and life styles are similar to the rest of their American peers, and the only factor which remains Japanese is physical appearance.

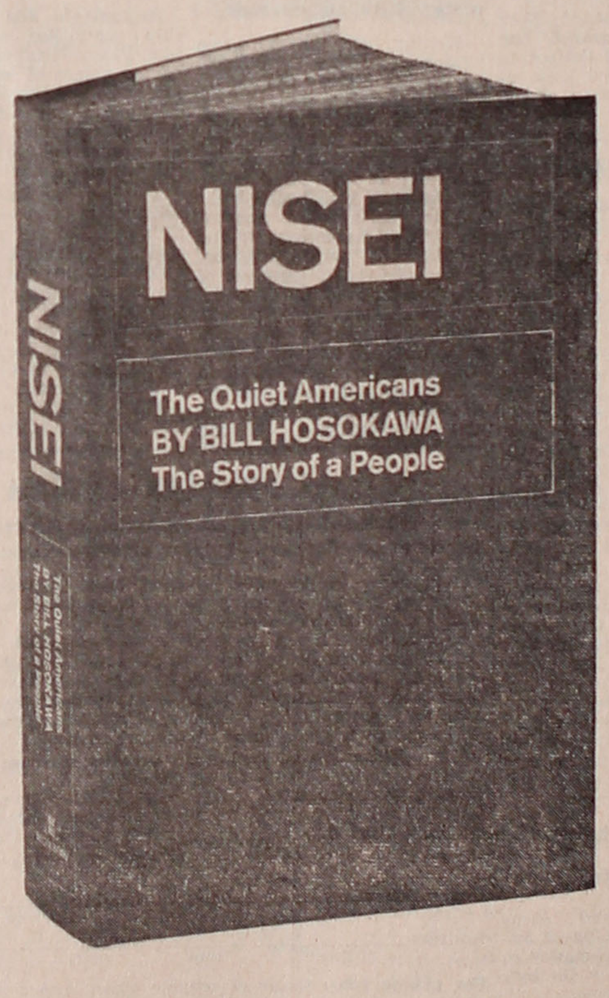
Many of them indicate that they have never personally faced overt discrimination, and Sansei question the mild adaptive responses of the Is-

Continued on Next Page

'TWO WORLDS OF JIM YOSHIDA' AVAILABLE

True story of a Nisei strandee, "The Two Worlds of Jim Yoshida", by Jim Yoshida and Bill Hosokawa (Morrow: $6.95) supplies a missing chapter in the annals of Nisei history. Present rebirth of interest in the fate of Japanese Americans during WW2 gives this book appeal to the young adult reader.

Readers may purchase a copy from the Pacific Citizen at the special cash and carry rate of $6.60 each or $6.95 postpaid.



Now in a Revised Paperback Edition at $3.95

William Morrow & Company, Inc.
Publishers

544 pages—
100 black and white photographs.

Dedicated to the Issei "who made it all possible."

This distinguished work commemorates and records the heritage, the ordeals, and the splendid triumphs of all Japanese Americans during the past 100 years.

It is a book deserving of a place of honor in your home—a book your children and their children will read some day with great pride and pleasure.

".. an eloquent contribution to the classic immigrant story that focuses on a small but not insignificant segment of the American people."
—William Hogan, *San Francisco Chronicle*

"...the most searching and dramatic inquiry into the genesis of the evacuation program."
—Gladwin Hill, *New York Times Book Review*

"...a well-reasoned and eminently readable history which might well be a required textbook for Japanese Americans in search of their heritage."
—Ray Inouye, *Seattle Times*

Japanese Edition ($13.50 list price)
List price: $10.95 (Hard cover edition)
Special price to subscribers of this paper $9.00 with coupon below.

PACIFIC CITIZEN
125 Weller St., Los Angeles, Calif. 90012

Please send_____ copies of NISEI @ $9.00. (Hardcover)
Paperback ($4.30 postpaid) Enclosed $_____
Japanese Edition ($12 postpaid with coupon)

Name_____

Address_____

City, State, Zip_____

WEST VALLEY: Dave Muraoka

Enryo Syndrome Still Around

Up to now I've reported on events and meetings attended, and impressions thereof. Perhaps, it might be appropriate to discuss for a moment the current state of the West Valley chapter as I see them.

Recent chapter activities witnessed less than enthusiastic support and turnout

CHIAROSCURO

which might indicate a lack of interest by the membership or a failure in the chapter leadership to properly publicize or select activities of interest, or a combination of both.

During the last four years, our Club has more than doubled in membership. However, during this same period, the number of "active" members has stayed relatively constant. By active, I refer to the members who help plan and implement chapter activities.

To a certain degree this circle stays small because of the tendency to call on familiar names. As a result, new members are not being asked to participate. When reviewing questionnaires turned in by the membership, it appears that very few show a willingness to take active participation in the chapter. However, this in itself may not be too meaningful since most clubs experience this and when you review the character of the Nikkei by virtue of the enryo syndrome.

My assumption then is that we can discount to a large degree this apparent lack of response and assume that all we have to do is call on the membership and they will respond. That is, if we can provide programs of general interest.

Therefore, in the months ahead, all committee chairmen are encouraged to call upon and recruit as many new members as possible.

Kitano—

Continued from Page 3

sei and Nisei when faced with discriminatory acts, especially during the wartime evacuation. Rather than submitting and cooperating with the authorities, they indicate that they would have adopted a style of confrontation and resistance.

The Sansei represents a wide variety of perspectives. Some identify with the struggles of the non-white third world groups and participate in militant activities. Many continue along the paths of their parents and obtain college degrees and become successful professionals.

Others struggle with the problem of an ethnic identity in a white society and are extremely curious about Japanese language and culture. And many could care lass about Japan, its language, and its culture.

However, one consistent trend appears significant when discussing the future of the Japanese in the United States. It relates to their rates of intermarriage: the Issei married other Japanese and the Nisei also generally married within the group. But the Sansei are not as selective and a recent study by Manning and Kitano shows a 50 per cent rate of Sansei out-marriage. The choice is usually with a Caucasian.

Implications

There remains a feeling among many Japanese and Americans that the Japanese American can play a special role between the respective countries. Since he is a product of both cultures, it is presumed that he can provide a link or a bridge to better understanding.

At first glance such a mission appears to be a very attractive one, but it may also be extremely unrealistic. As we have seen, the Japanese American has been a pawn between the two giants and has never had the power to truly change the interactions. Instead, he has been the one to feel the effect of positive and negative feelings between Japan and the United States and has often played the role of "victim."

Therefore it is difficult to see how Japanese Americans as a group can play a major role in fostering better relations between the two countires. Each new generation inevitably takes the Japanese American farther away from Japan, and it is only through the stereotype of physical identifiability that the myth of identicalness remains.

This is not to deny the important role that individual Japanese Americans can play in helping to foster better relationships between the two countries, nor of the importance of Japan as the source of national and psychological identity for many Nikkei.

But the fact remains that better understanding and relationships between America and Japan lie between the two countries and are not within the power and the ability of a small group of Japanese Americans to affect.

In the final analysis, most Nikkei would rather be judged on their own achievements and accomplishments, rather than as victims of international relationships. Only then will many Nikkei begin to feel comfortable in achieving an independent identity, for the wartime evacuation during World War II still serves as a strong reminder to an ethnic group that is viewed in a special fashion.

Mineta—

Continued from Front Page

the Department of Health, Education and Welfare has changed its interpretation of this provision.

"This section (231) does not explicitly limit non-contributory Social Security wage credits to persons who were United States citizens at the time of internment.

"The Department of HEW had earlier interpreted the provision as being limited to U.S. citizens on the basis of the legislative history of the provision."

Nisei Week office

LOS ANGELES—Nisei Week Festival has reopened its office at the Sun Bldg., Rm. 206, 125 Weller St. with Mrs. Reiko Kasama in charge, assisted by Jill Tanabe. Open during the week from 9 to 5, the telephone number is 624-6091.

CALENDAR

July 13 (Friday)
West Valley—Sr Citizen baseball night, Candlestick Park, 8 p.m. (Giants vs. Pirates).
July 14 (Saturday)
PNWDC—Salmon Fish charter, Westport, Wash., 7 a.m.-4 p.m.
July 15 (Sunday)
PNWDC—Qtrly session, Puyallup Valley JACL hosts, Canterbury West Motel, Westport, Wash., 10 a.m.
Riverside—Picnic.
Bay Area Community—Mtg, Eastbay.
Contra Costa—Picnic, Little Hills Ranch.
July 16 (Monday)
Contra Costa—Baseball night, Oakland Coliseum, 8 p.m. (Oakland vs. Baltimore).
July 17 (Tuesday)
West Valley—Bd Btg.
Seattle—JACL mtg, JACL office.
July 21—22
West Los Angeles—Crenshaw Square carnival.
Seattle—Obon Festival.
July 22 (Sunday)
Reno—Picnic.
Cleveland—Picnic, Stone Hill Park.
Seattle—NVC picnic, Johnson's Hi-Dive, Lake Surprise.
July 28—29
West Los Angeles—Obon Festival, Buddhist Church
July 29 (Sunday)
West Valley—Hakone Garden Society Obon.
Aug. 4 (Saturday)
Philadelphia—Picnic, Washington Crossing State Park, New Hope.
Aug. 5 (Sunday)
Cincinnati—Picnic, St. Edmund's Camp.
West Los Angeles—Steak bake.
NC-WNDC—3rd Qtrly Session, West Valley JACL hosts.
July 18 (Wednesday)
San Diego—Cred Union Bd mtg.
July 27 (Friday)
San Diego—Bd Mtg. VFW Post 4851, 7:30 p.m.
Aug. 10 (Friday)
Philadelphia—Bd Mtg, Roy Kitares.
Aug. 11 (Saturday)
PSWDC—3rd Qtrly, West L.A. JACL hosts: Surfrider Motel, Santa Monica.
Aug. 12 (Sunday)
Portland—Comm picnic, McIver Park Are B, 11 a.m.
San Mateo—Obon Festival, Palo Alto Buddhist Church.
Bay Area Community—Mtg, San Francisco.
Milwaukee—Picnic, Brown Deer Park Area 3.
Aug. 13 (Monday)
West Los Angeles—Bd Mtg.

SCHOLARSHIP HONOREE—Mt. Olympus JACL honored graduates June 8 at Chuckarama Restaurant where Glen Morinaka, flanked by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hideo Morinaka of Salt Lake City, accepts the $250 James Michener scholarship administered by National JACL from Tosh Hoki (right), chapter president.

CHAPTER PULSE

Scholarship

Mt. Olympus awards three scholarships

The 13th annual **Mt. Olympus JACL** graduation dinner was held on June 8 at the Fashion Place Mall Chuckarama Restaurant. Douglas Matsumori was master of ceremonies.

Highlight for the evening was the awarding of three scholarships: (1st) Glen Morinaka (2nd) Doris Fujii and (3rd) Diane Yamasaki. Winner of the Mr. and Mrs. James Michener Scholarship was also announced with the award going to Glen Morinaka from the National.

Special speaker was Doris Fujii and a musical selection on the concert marimba was given by Don W. Marsh.

In charge of the event was Mrs. Lily Shino, assisted by Mieko Hashimoto, Helen Oniki, Mardi Motoki and Wuta Tsuya.

San Mateo awards eight local $75 scholarships

The **San Mateo JACL** scholarship committee had a monumental task selecting winners for local scholarships that, after several meetings, it was decided to award eight of equal amounts of $75 for a total of $600. Based on grades; school, community and church activities; interview; teacher and counselor recommendations, and leadership potential, the committee reported there were any qualified candidates.

The winners were:
Aragon High—Julia Shoyama, Karen Tamura, Yoshiye Yamanaka.
Hillsdale High—Kyoko Hasegawa.
San Mateo High—Keith Nakada, Dora Ojwa, Lisa Sakaguchi.

The awards were presented by Tad Masaoka at the various high school award nights.

Twin Cities program marks 10th anniversary

Writing on the theme "Value of Further Education", 26 Sansei from the Twin Cities area competed for top awards in the annual scholarship program sponsored June 3 by the **Twin Cities JACL,** according to Mrs. Kimi Hara, Chairman of the Committee.

This year's event marked the 10th Anniversary of the Scholarship Awards program. One of the unique features of the organization is that the original members of the committee, comprised of Mrs. Hara and the following, Tom Ohno, Lucy Kirihara, and Agnes Deverell, have remained active throughout the various administrations of the past decade.

Mrs. Hara commented that the graduates this year were so competitive at every level that duplicate awards were made in each of the top three categories of winners. Placing first in achieving awards of $250 each were Susan Hijikata of South St. Paul and Richard Semba, Minneapolis-Washburn, with Ellen Somekawa, Wayzata, and Alyce Tomita, St. Paul-Harding running a closely contested second place with awards of $200 each. All four winners were in the top 98 percentile of their classes, or higher.

Janet Aisawa, Hopkins-Eisenhower, and Lynn Oyanagi, St. Paul-Johnson, took third place honors with $150 awards, while a young student from Japan, Narumi Ohara of St. Paul-Highland, with a 98 percentile average, won a special $100 award. Other winners were Nancy Kimura of Minneapolis-Washburn, Joni Sugimura and Scott Takekawa of Richfield, and Midori Winges of Minneapolis-West, all for $100 scholarships. A total of $1,970 was awarded including special chapter recognition awards of $270.

In a stirring tribute to the general membership for making this anual awards program possible, Mrs. Hara noted that in addition to the all-out efforts of the members during its annual fund-raising projects, donations and memorials from both Issei and Nisei during the 1972-73 year boosted the fund by $655. Each year, the Old Log Theatre project is undertaken by the chapter to perpetuate the scholarship fund.

Chapter President Mrs. Ken Tanaka extended a warm welcome to the more than 80 persons attending the event at the lovely lakeside home of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Hara. After the program, an impromptu spaghetti and meatball supper was served by Mmes William Hirabayashi, Tsug Sumada, Tom Ohno, and Miki Kirihara.

Sacramento reveals scholarship winners

Sacramento JACL scholarship committee chairperson, Mrs. Frank Hiyama, announced the names of four recently selected community college scholarship recipients who will be transferring this fall to another college or university to pursue their studies.

Three Sacramento JACL scholarship awardees are:

Tokuji Kimura, son of Rev. and Mrs. Hiromichi Kimura, who will be attending UC-Davis, to major in political science toward a law career;

April Okimoto, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ted Okimoto, will transfer to UC-Berkeley to study optometry; and

Floria Fujita, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Fujita, will major in theatre and art at UCLA this fall.

The fourth, Norris Nagao, son of Mrs. S. Nagao, recipient of Mrs. Kazu Hayashi memorial scholarship, will matriculate at California State university, Sacramento and major in history.

The recipients were honored last month (June 14) at a dinner given by Sacramento Sumitomo Bank of California at Wakano Ura to commemorate the bank's 20th anniversary.

• • •

July Events

Oakland Buddhists to join Contra Costa JACL picnic

The **Contra Costa JACL** and the Oakland Buddhist Church members and friends will meet at their annual picnic at Little Hills Ranch in San Ramon on Sunday, July 15 from 11 a.m.

The ideal picnic locale offers a large outdoor swimming pool, ball ground, volley ball court, ping pong tables, and games for both adults and children.

On the committee are:
Jack Imada, John Hiramoto, chmn.; Grace Goto, Hazel Sawyer, games; Ben Takeshita, auction; Jerry Irei, finance.

Eight new records set in 21st S.F. JACL Olympics

Girls competition added to trackfest

BERKELEY, Calif. — Before a crowd of 500 spectators, eight new records were set in the San Francisco JACL Nisei Olympics held June 10 at Berkeley High School — a last-minute change of site from Kezar Stadium.

Berkeley JACL won its fourth straight NCWNDC championship with an aggregate total of 129 points, based on scoring in the Open and Lightweight divisions only. The Berkeley athletes dominated the meet by winning team titles in four divisions—including the new girls division, Junior Teens.

Fred Ogawa, meet director, and Wes Doi, San Francisco JACL president, were in charge of the event.

The summries:

CLASS A (Open)

100—Lawrence Fong (B), Rempiangos Isszy (B), Keith Hayashi (Sac), Joseph Augie (TC), 10.3s.

220—R Isszy (B), K Hayashi (Sac), L Fong (B), Derrick Gee (Sac), 23.1s.

44—Roddy Lee (B), Steve Joe (Sac), John Toki (B), 52.3s.

880—John Toki (B), S Joe (Sac), Collin Kageyama (MP), Chester Nozaki (SJ), 2m.2.6s. (New record. Old mark, 2m3.5 s., George Pagan, Orange County, 1971.)

70 High—Roddy Lee (B), Harvey Tahara (Sac).

120 Low—Roddy Lee (B), Jerry Nakamura (TC), 13.1s. (New record. Old mark, 13.3s., Jerry Nakamura, Tri-City, 1971.)

Triple Jump (New event) — **John Kawaguchi (B), Ken Wui (B), Robert Hamaguchi (LM), L Fong (B), D Gee (Sac), 44 ft. 1½ in**

LJ—Ken Wui (B), J Kawaguchi (SJ, R Hamaguchi (LM), L Fong (B), D Gee Sac), 20 ft.-11 in.

HJ—Tony Nozaki (SJ), John Kobara (WV), Steve Honda (SJ), Rick Kurosawa (TC), Burt Fujii (TC), 5 ft. 6 in.

SP—Don Morishige (B), Randy Yamada (TC), Ted Tahira (SJ), 45 ft. 6 in.

Discus—Don Morishige (B), Ben Kubota (SJ), Larry Ishii (TC), Don Kimura (SJ), Randy Yamada Sac), 126 ft. 11 in.

880 Relay—Berkeley, Sacramento, 1m.33.4s. (New record. Old mark, 1m.34.3s., Berkeley, 1971.)

SCORING: Berkeley 75, Sacramento 33, San Jose 33.

CLASS B (Lightweight)

50—Rick Kimura (Sac), Cteve Isono (B), Clay Yoshida (B), Ronald Tsumura Sac), Kyle Uda Sac), 5.9s.

100—Rick Kimura (Sac), Tony Fernandez (B), C Yoshida (B), Gene Hane (SJ), Gerald Hane (SJ), 10.8s.

660—Chester Nozaki (SJ), Bryant Hironaka (Sac), Clifford Kimura (Sac), Dan Joyce (SJ), 1m.30.8s.

120 Low—Tony Fernandez (B), G. Hane (SJ), Irvin Tamura (GII), Wayne Haraguchi (SJ), Ronald Tsumura (Sac), 14.2s.

LJ—Steve Isono (B), Dan Young (SM), C Kimura (Sac), G. Hane (SJ), Jeff Inami SJ), 20 ft. 6½ in.

HJ—Tony Fernandez (B), J. Inami (SJ), C Kimura (Sac), G Hane (SJ), W Haraguchi (SJ), 5 ft. 4 in.

Triple Jump (New event)—Steve Isono (B), J Inami (SJ), Bob Imai (TC), David Nakayama (B), Brion Hoshino SJ), 39 ft. 10 in.

440 Relay—Berkeley, San Jose, Sacramento, 47.1s.

SCORING: Berkeley 54, Sacramento 36, San Jose 35.

CLASS CEE (Junior)

50—Ronny Nakagawa (Fr), Sherman Takata (B), Kenneth Nizawa (GII), Riki Terada (SM), Bobby Mametsuka (SFYBA), 6.1s.

100—Ronny Nakagawa (Fr), Brian Motooka (Seq), John Kimura (Fow), Ron Fong (B), K. Niizawa (GII), 11.2s.

LJ—John Kimura Fow), D Endo (B), B Motooka (Seq), Steve Sawamura (TC, R Fong (B), 19 ft. 5½ in. (New record. Old mark, 19 ft. 1 in., Steven Isono, Berkeley, 1971.)

Bsbl T—Cubby Nakamura (B), Ricky Ito (B), Jeff Sano (B), Don Joyce (SJ), Glen Hamamoto (Seq), 256 ft.
Gilroy, 50.5s.

440 Relay—Berkeley,San Mateo, Berkeley 35, Sequoia 12, West Fresno (Fr) 12.

CLASS D (Bantamweight)

50—Jeff Sasagawa (Seq), Ted Kuwada (GII), Gordon Jee (Seq), Robert Kajikami (SM), Shawn Leonard (Seq), 6.4s, (New record. Old mark, 6.6s., Brian Motooka, Sequoia, 1972).

LJ—Dean Konaya (SM), Lyle Kashima (Seq.), Eugene Yun (SM), Dean Kumagai Seq.), Kevin Nakagawa (SF), 12 ft. 11 in.

HJ—Shawn Leonard (Seq), Toshi Hirasawa SF 12), J Sasagawa (Seq), 4 ft. 2 in.

Bsbl T—Ted Kuwada (GII), G Jee (Seq), James Matsuda (Seq), E Yun SM), Jeff Flier (SM), 211 ft. 6 in. (New record. Old Mark, Brian Motooka, Sequoia, 1972.)

220 Relay—Sequoia, San Mateo, Sequoia, 28.8 s. (New record. Old mark, 29.7s., Sequoia, 1972.)

SCORING: Cequoia 37½, Sacramento 17½, Gilroy 10.

CLASS E (Pee Wee)

40—Timmy Ishida (SM), Darrell Sasagawa (Seq.) Gary Ozawa (TC), Troy Shinseki (TC), David Sato (TC), 6.6s. (New record. Old mark, 6.6s, Dean Kumagai, Sequoia, 1972.)

LJ—Timmy Ishida (SM), Sato (TC), Wil Anderson (SF), Rod Misuoka (SM), D Sasagawa Seq), 11 ft. 10½ in.

Bsbl T—Gil Tachibana (TC), T Shinseki (TC), Garrett Higa (TC), Craig Kanaga (SM), Tod Uyeda (Seq), 154 ft. 2 in. (New record. Old mark, 134 ft. 9 in., Lon Tokunaga, Tri-City, 1972.)

SCORING: Tri-City 28, San Mateo 19, Sequoia 7.

CLASS G (Girls)

Junior Teens

50—Kathy Kashima (Seq), Amaya Yoshida (B), Teri Obata (Girl), Jill Niizawa (B), Liz Kobara (WV), 6.9s.

LJ—Jill Niizawa (B), K Kashima (Seq), Mia Yoshida (B), T Obata (GII), Lorraine Nakaji (WV), 14 ft. 7½ in.

Relay—Berkeley, Gilroy, Sequoia, San Francisco, Tri-City. (Time Missing).

Sub-Teens

40—Joyce Takeyasu (GII), Vickie Nakanishi (Seq), Kelly Nakai (SF), Pat Matsuura (SM), Cathleen Obata (GII), 5.9s.

LJ—Joyce Takeyasu GII), Tami Yamagishi (GII), V Nakanishi (Seq), Kerry Onishi (SF), Jackie Sawamura (TC), 12 ft. 4 in.

Relay—San Francisco, Tri-City, Sequoia, 34.5s.

SCORING: Jr.—Berkeley 20, Sequoia 11; Sub-Teens—Gilroy 17, San Francisco 10.

Nam's Restaurant

Cantonese Cuisine
Family Style Dinners
Banquet Room - Cocktail Lounge
Food to Go
205 E. Valley Blvd.
San Gabriel, Calif.
Tel. 280-8377

Tin Sing Restaurant

EXQUISITE CANTONESE CUISINE
1523 W. Redondo Blvd.
GARDENA
DA 7-3177
Food to Go
Air Conditioned
Banquet Rooms 20-200

Sam J. Umemoto

Commercial Refrigeration
Designing Installation Maintenance
Certificate Member of RSES
Member of Japan Assn. of Refrigeration.
Lic. # 208863 C-38
SAM REIBOW CO.
1506 W. Vernon Ave.
Los Angeles AX 5-5204

Eigiku Cafe

Dine - Dance - Cocktails
SUKIYAKI • JAPANESE ROOMS
314 E. First St.
Los Angeles • MA 9-3029

EMPEROR

RESTAURANT
949 N. Hill St.
(213) 485-1294
PEKING FOOD SPECIALTY
Cocktail Lounge
Party & Banquet Facilities
DINAH WONG, Hostess

New Ginza

The Finest in Japanese Cuisine
RESTAURANT
Luncheon • Dinner
Cocktails
TAKE-OUT LUNCHEONS
Group Parties
704 S. SPRING • Res. MA. 5-2444

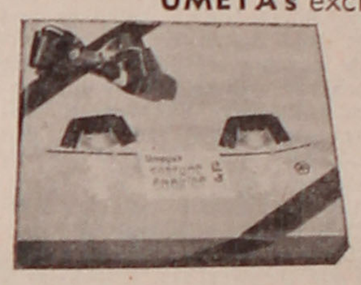
KONO HAWAII

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT
Tea Room
Featuring
TEPPAN YAKI
Polynesian Dancers
at LUAU SHACK
Superb Musical Combo
from Las Vegas
Cocktails in
Kono Room
226 So. HARBOR BLVD.
(South of Disneyland, near First St., Santa Ana)
Ph. (714) JE 1-1232
Luncheons: 11 a.m. - 2 p.m.
Dinners: 5 - 10 p.m.

GRAND STAR

Lunch • Dinner • Cocktails
Entertainment
3 Time Winner of the Prized Restaurant Writer Award
BANQUETS TO 200
951 N. Broadway Free Parking
Los Angeles • 626-2285

UMEYA's exciting gift of crispy goodness



Tops for sheer fun, excitement, wisdom . . . plus Flavor!
Umeya Rice Cake Co.
Los Angeles

Yamasa Kamaboko

—WAIKIKI BRAND—
Distributors: Yamasa Enterprises
515 Stanford Ave., L.A. Ph. 626-2211

SAN KWO LOW

Little Tokyo's Finest Chop Suey House
Famous Chinese Food
228 E. 1st St. Los Angeles MA 4-2075

Poinsettia Gardens Motel Apts.

GARDENA — AN ENJOYABLE JAPANESE COMMUNITY
13921 So. Normandie Ave. Phone: 324-5883
68-Units - Heated Pool - Air Conditioning - GE Kitchens - Television
OWNED AND OPERATED BY KOBATA BROS.

MIYAKO

VISIT OLD JAPAN

Luncheon Dinner Cocktails
PASADENA 139 S. Los Robles • 795-7005
ORANGE 33 Town & Country • 541-3303
TORRANCE 24 Del Amo Fash. Sq. • 542-8677

STOCKMEN'S MOTOR HOTEL • CASINO

Box 270, Elko, Nev.
Tel. 738-5141
BAR • COFFEE SHOP
RESTAURANT
SWIMMING POOL
INDOOR PARKING
Fully Air Conditioned • TV

CAL-VITA PRODUCE CO., INC.

Bonded Commission Merchants—Fruits & Vegetables
774 S. Central Ave. L.A.—Wholesale Terminal Market
MA 2-8595, MA 7-7038, MA 3-4504

Eagle Produce

929-943 S. San Pedro St. MA 5-2101
Bonded Commission Merchants
— Wholesale Fruits and Vegetables —
Los Angeles 15

Bush Garden

SUKIYAKI
SEATTLE 614 Maynard St. PORTLAND 121 SW 4th St. SAN FRANCISCO 598 Bush St.

Woman's Club supports Keiro Nursing Home

LOS ANGELES — The Montebello Japanese Woman's Club (CFWC) sponsors of the Nisei Week Fashion Show and Luncheon on Sunday, July 29, at the Century Plaza Hotel, will donate the proceeds to the Recreational Therapy Fund of the Keiro Nursing Home.

Tickets at $12 per person are available from club members and at Naris Cosmetics, 3820 Crenshaw Blvd.; and Funakoshi Insurance Agency, 321 E. Second St. Reservations are being taken by Kimi Yasui (723-5948).

Order PC for Your Schools or Libraries

Japan firm constructs highrise N.Y. hotel

TOKYO — Kitano Arms Corp., a New York-based Japanese firm, was scheduled to open July 11 a new 18-story hotel on Park Avenue.

The hotel, to be named Kitano, has 124 guest rooms as well as a Japanese-style restaurant and tea room, a banquet conference hall and a cocktail lounge.

Kitano Construction Co., parent firm of the New York Kitano Arms, is also planning to build similar hotels in Jakarta and other foreign cities.

SEN. FONG AIRSHIPS FRESH LICHEES TO D.C.

WASHINGTON — Some 500 pounds of fresh lichee, the Chinese fruit, was recently flown into Washington by Sen. Hiram Fong from his Kaalaea farm. Each senator on Capitol Hill, Vice President Agnew and several ambassadors, officials and friends were recipients of this fruit, which was a mystery to some, a great delight to others and a source of varying comments.

In Sen. Robert Taft's office, they thought it was petrified strawberries. Sen. Clifford Case wasn't sure what part of the fruit to eat since he had heard of the Lichee Nut and wanted to know if he should crack the "nut" (i.e., center seed) and eat that. For Sen. Metcalf, it reminded him of his college days at Stanford and visiting San Francisco where he first tasted fresh lichee.

ISSEI PIONEER ALBUM

Pictorial History of Japanese in America
Sponsored by JACL and Japanese American Research Project

In order to properly interpret each photograph with captions, donors are asked to fill in as much as possible the the information requested below.

Photo not used in the book will be returned.

Donors who do not wish to send original photographs or other mementoes could go to their own photographers and have photographic copies for reproduction made to size 5 x 7 glossy. All photographs or other materials will be returned to the respective donors if requested.

Please send all photographs and other materials to:

Toyo Miyatake Studios
Issei Pioneer Album
318 East First Street
Los Angeles, Calif. 90012

or to:

Mrs. Michi Asawa
Issei Pioneer Album
16766 Bollinger Drive
Pacific Palisades, Calif. 90272

Donor's Name_____ Tel._____ (include area code)

Address_____
Street City State Zip Code

For photographs: Name of specific event. For example: anniversary portrait, Shizuoka Kenjinkai picnic, family and friends outing, Garden City School baseball game, etc.

Date_____ Location_____

Name of person or persons in the photo, whenever possible, from left to right, 1st row, 2nd row, etc._____

Other interesting information regarding photograph, if lack of space, please attach additional paper._____

☐ Return photo to donor.
☐ Deposit in JARP Special Collection, UCLA Research Library.

If sending articles or calling attention to such articles, please note:

☐ Article is enclosed.
☐ Return Article to donor.
☐ Existence of article being mentioned only.

Name of newspaper, book, magazine_____

Author_____ Location_____

Date_____ Publisher_____

Other Information:_____

ORANGE COUNTY JACL CHARTER FLIGHT TO JAPAN

VIA JAPAN AIR LINES

DEPART: Sept. 2, 1973 RETURN: Sept. 24, 1973

— Officially Approved by National JACL —

$298, Tax Included

Based on 130 pro rate passenger . . .

Limited space available for JACL and immediate family. Full payment of $298.00 per passenger will insure your seat on this flight.
Tours of 7, 14, or 21 days available from $237 per person including 7 days in Japan.

Grand Tour includes: Hakata, Nagasaki, Beppu, Hiroshima, Takamatsu, Nikko, Hakone, Nagoya, Osaka, Kyoto, Toho Movie Studio in Tokyo, Asahi Pentax Camera, Honda, Suzuki, Mikimoto Pearl, Noritake China, Suntory Brewery, Yabusane Archery—National Holiday, Bonsai Tour, Kabuki, Sumo, Yukata Dye, Standard Tour of the Temple, Castle and all over Japan.

LIMITED SPACE AVAILABLE—RESERVE NOW

Call for information, Orange County JACL

Pres. Henry Sakai.....(213) 922-1216, (714) 893-8903
Treas. Ben Shimazu.....(714) 541-2271, 892-6378
Board member, David Ichinaga.....(714) 547-6995, 842-5356

Gardena Valley JACL

Pres. Stuart Tsujimoto.....(213) 370-8531, 328-5829
Treas. Terry Furutani.....(213) 327-0360, 321-0942

JACL CHARTER FLIGHT TO JAPAN

Sponsored by San Jose JACL and authorized by National Travel Committee

LEAVE
San Francisco International Airport on JAL for Tokyo Sept. 13, 1973

RETURN
To San Francisco from Tokyo Oct. 7, 1973

All JACL members, spouses, dependent children and parents in same household are eligible

Round Trip Fare—$335.00

Seat on a first come, first served basis. Mail payment to or for information on terms of flight contact:

GRANT SHIMIZU
724 N. First St., San Jose, Calif. 95112

Aloha from Hawaii

by Richard Gima

Hawaii Today

Honolulu

Pilots of small private planes in the islands have been told by the Federal Aviation Administration that they will **not be able to refuel** at two major island airports until further notice. The order affects Kahului Airport, Maui, and the Hilo Airport on the Big Island. The notices read that 85 and 100/130 octane gasoline will not be available at those airports until further notice.

For the first time since 1890, Neighbor Island resident **population growth** exceeded that of Oahu during 1972. Maui had a growth rate of 9 per cent during the year, followed by the Big Island with 7.7 per cent. Oahu was third with 4.7 per cent, while Kauai had a 3.6 per cent growth rate. By counties, the approximate population was Oahu, 660,000; Hawaii, 68,400; Maui, 49,200; and Kauai, 30,800. The statewide total includes 52,000 members of the armed forces and 66,200 military dependants.

Education

Chaminade College graduated 217 seniors at the school's 15th annual commencement in the Honolulu Concert Hall. With the 111 degrees awarded last Dec., the May 20 ceremony brought the number of graduates for the academic year to 328, the largest in Chaminade's history and more than double the size of the graduating class three years ago. Robert L. Stevenson, president of the First Insurance Co., and former state adjutant general, gave the commencement address.

Political Scene

Frederick Erskine, director of the state Dept. of Agriculture, has acknowledged that he may become a candidate for lt. governor. "I'm not running around soliciting support, but if there is a void and if I'm needed by the Democratic party, I'm available," Erskine said. "Quite a few people have suggested that I become a candidate, but I have not yet said either yes or no."

Mayor Frank Fasi said on May 22 that Iwao Yokooji, the chairman of his last campaign, has begun working toward his election as governor. But, Fasi said, "I want to say that I have not authorized Iwao and his group to act on my behalf in any way."

Business Ticker

Honolulu retail merchants have launched a media campaign seeking public support to **combat shoplifting**. It is estimated that in Honolulu alone some $82,100 in merchandise is stolen from store shelves every shopping day.

Names in the News

Shikajiro Matsumoto, a resident at Hale Nani Hospital in Honolulu, is believed to be the oldest Issei in Hawaii. He is 104 and will be 105 on July 3. Though somewhat hard of hearing, Matsumoto still drinks a little sake daily, smokes cigarets and reads the newspaper. He has five children.

Lyric soprano **Clare Hamamoto** won top honors May 19 in the San Francisco opera auditions for the Honolulu region. Miss Hamamoto won a $300 award and was credited by opera general director Kurt Adler of making "enormous progress" over prior efforts in the same competition. Contralto Kennedyne Wong was awarded second place, and soprano Anne Van Etten won third place.

Alan T. Murakami, son of the Shigeo Murakamis of Hilo and a graduate of Santa Clara; and **Dwayne D. Yoshina**, son of the late Dr. and Mrs. George S. Yoshina of Hilo, with East-West Technology and Development Institute, have been named East-West Center scholarship grantees . . . Mark Nishimoto's group, the **Dimensions**, are back after a three-week promotional tour in Japan singing Japanese songs. The Island combo is seriously involved in discotheque music in Waikiki. Nishimoto, 24, is on the organ, Dennis Imai on the guitar, Paul Flynn on brass and Marvin Nishiki on bass.

Nearly 100 Army reservists joined Honolulu Fire Dept. rescue men May 20 for a renewed effort to locate 19-year-old **Matthew Chang** in the Koolaus. Chang, a Univ. of Hawaii student from Kaneohe, has been missing in the area between Ft. Shafter and the Wilson Tunnel since May 5 when he went there on a day-long hike.

The Hilo fire dept. rescue squad on May 20 ended a three-day search for missing Hilo fisherman **Robert Oshiro**, 4. He had not been seen since May 17 when he failed to rejoin two other men who were fishing with him near Honolulu Landing in the Hilo area. Oshiro's family held memorial services May 20 near the spot where he was last seen.

Big Island **Shunichi Kimura's** four-bedroom home in the Ainako area was badly damaged by the quake which hit the Big Island recently. The house suffered severe structural damage when two retaining walls shifted, and damage to the belongings within the home was extensive. "I haven't assessed all of the damage yet," Kimura said, "but I know I can't afford to make the major repairs. I probably could get a loan, but I can't afford to carry another loan. The mortgage is enough already."

Governor's Office

Gov. John Burns on May 17 ordered strict new sending guidelines for all state agencies in an attempt to avoid bankruptcy. Burns said that increasing demands for services and spiraling costs were at fault in the current fiscal crisis and noted that the new guidelines reflect "maximum austerity." Only capital investment cost categories in the budget are exempted from the latest order.

A **Haleiwa bulldog** given the name "Lele Wale II" and entered as Gov. John Burns' representative in the International Frog Jumping Jubilee at Angels Camp, Calif., didn't do so well May 19. He finished 18th out of the 19 frogs entered in the Governor's contest after hopping only four feet and seven and one-half inches. The winning hopper, entered by Gov. Tom McCall of Oregon, went 19 feet, which is just shy of the world's record.

Medical Notes

Guests attending the Hawaii Heart Assn.'s annual meeting May 21 at the Cannon Club got an unexpected view of emergency **cardiopulmonary resuscitation** in action. Mrs. James Orbison, 59, wife of the director of medical education at Queen's Medical Center, choked on a piece of roast beef. Dr. Judson McNamara, heart surgeon, whipped out his pocket knife and quickly made an incision into her windpipe. Mrs. Orbison, who had stopped breathing, responded immediately to the tracheotomy. She was in satisfactory condition at Tripler Hospital.

Univ. of Hawaii

The **Univ. of Hawaii** held its 62nd annual commencement exercises May 20 at the Waikiki Shell where more than 2,600 degrees were conferred on students. Stuart Ho, chairman of the school's board of regents, presided. Invocation was by Rabbi Julius Nodel of Temple Emmanuel. The UH concert band provided the music. Dr. George Akita and Virgil Jacobs received excellence in teaching awards. Albert Tester, a professor of zoology, received the excellence in research award, along with Robert Clopton, a retired education professor, who received the Willard Wilson Award for distinguished service.

Hilo College English **Prof. Frank Nelson**, who is fighting the Univ. of Hawaii's attempt to retire him at 65, has been named outstanding teacher at Hilo College. The award, determined by a student-faculty selection committee, was presented at commencement exevrises.

The Univ. of Hawaii **medical school** will go ahead with a planned expansion of its program in July Dr Terence Rogers, dean of the UH medical school, has confirmed that the school would expand its current two-year instructional program to a four-year format on July 9. Rogers admitted, "As a new school we've not been habituated to federal funding, as have many other medical schools, and we realize that we're growing up in the lean and hungry years."

Congressional Score

Three bills are pending in Congress that may provide relief for Hawaii's ailing pineapple industry, according to **Rep. Spark Matsunaga.** (1) Proposed trade reform act of 1973, which would give the President a powerful negotiating tool if enacted before the September trade talks in Tokyo, (2) duty hike on foreign-grown canned pineapple and juice, and (3) quota system for pineapple, allocating Hawaii companies 65% of the domestic market and remaining 35% divided among foreign countries presently shipping pineapple to the U.S.

Deaths

Judge William Haehae Heen, 90, died June 1. Of Chinese and Hawaiian extraction, he was regarded as Mr. Democrat during the 31 years he served in the Territorial Senate which was then preponderantly Republican. A strong advocate of statehood, which was achieved in 1958, he ran unsuccessfully for the U.S. Senate in 1959. President Wilson appointed him to the circuit bench in 1917, resigning his judgeship to run for city-county attorney in 1919.

Maui councilman **Yoneto Yamaguchi**, 45, in office since 1966 died June 21 at Kuakini Hospital. He was a Hawaii delegate to the Democratic National Convention in Chicago in 1968 and was president of the Hawaii State Assn. of Counties last year. He was also a national director of the U.S. Jaycees.

Sansei to compete in Army net finale

By PHIL MATSUMURA

SAN JOSE, Calif.—A young husky Sansei tennis player, Rick Ishikawa of Mountain View, recently swept through tough competion in the 1973 U.S. Army Pacific Tennis championship at Zama, Japan, to capture the coveted singles crown by downing the quick-serving and elusive Dan Scanlan 6-3, 7-5. Dan himself, had reached the finals by upsetting a former title holder, who was on his way to a repeat performance.

Later, Rick paired with Phil Krieger to represent Korea in the men's doubles championship. In the match against Hawaii, they came from behind to take the game and title 6-3, 6-1, after losing the first set 3-6 to the Island duo of Dennis Coupe and Bob Schrimsher. This summer at Virginia, Rick will represent the All-Pacific unit in the All-U.S. Army tennis championship.

He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Kiyoshi Ishikawa of Mountain View. He graduated San Jose State University with honors on Dean's List in 1972, and while a student here, he played on its championship varsity team which took the PCAA singles and doubles crown in 1972. Rick is now stationed in Seoul, Korea. Prior to entering the service, he was Mountain View city champion in both single and doubles.

BOOK SHELF:

'Gook Syndrome'

Over 3 million yong Americans have been involved in the affliction known as the Vietnam war and Dr. Robert Jay Lifton adds a human dimension very little understood in his HOME FROM THE WAR (Simon and Schuster: $8.95). His chapter, "Gooks and Men", analyzes the so-called "gook syndrome" as only a professor in psychiatry, which he is at Yale, might. The gook syndrome was a part of the collective American psychological adaptation to the counterfeit niverse in Vietnam, he explains. The apathetic Asian American who reads the entire chapter to learn what it means will wake up fighting mad. Even angrier will be the GI veteran of Chinese or Japanese ancestry who served in Vietnam.—H.H.

A Child's Delight

Latest in the series of beautifully photographed books on how children throughout the world live, JAPAN: A WEEK IN DAISUKE'S WORLD (Macmillan Children's Book: $4.50) tells a typical week in April of second-grader with his parents and two brothers. There are many kinds of activities covered by photographer Minoru Aoki, now a photojournalist in New York, and the parent who reads the text of Martha Sternberg might be elated to learn the children in Japan go to school six days a week.—H.H.

Bibliography

Asian-American bibliographer Che-Hwei Lin at the UCLA Library has compiled a PRELIMINARY CHECKLIST of M.A. Theses and Ph. D. Dissertations related to Asian American studies in the UCLA Library. As of Aug. 31, 1972, the library as 337 titles starting with Steven K. Abe's 1958 doctoral dissertation at the Univ. of Utah on the personality characteristics of the Nisei as measured by the Edwards personal preference schedule and Minnesota multiphasic personality inventory. Earliest one on file is dated 1906 by Taira Nakamura on a comparative study of public elementary school curricula of the U.S. and Japan for his master's at Columbia.
—H.H.

Thousand Clubbers
Donate $25 a Year

CARTOONIST JACK MATSUOKA

WW2 drawings of life for teenager in Poston camp basis of new book

SAN FRANCISCO — Cartoon book titled "Camp II, Block 211" by Jack Matsuoka revealing the humorous and lighter vein in the WW2 Relocation centers will soon be published by the Japan Publications Trading Co., (USA), Inc.

It is a collection of cartoon sketches made by Matsuoka during the years he spent in the assembly centers and later in a more permanent camp, Poston, Ariz.

Much has been written about these camps but this is the first time that cartoons are used to illustrate the activities in the camps. Another interesting note is that it is a camp life as seen through the eyes of a teenager — Matsuoka being a teenager at the time.

Teenagers in Camp

Consequently, activities involving the teenagers such as scenes of school and block dances, boys and girls bull sessions, basketball and baseball games are perhaps little more detailed than his other drawings of camp life.

Scenes of chow time line up, mess hall mess, hastily contracted out-house type latrines, lack of privacy and etc. are captured in a humorous manner by the artist.

On the other hand, cartoons showing the activities of the FBI likened to the Nazi Gestapo, round up of the "dangerous aliens" — all aged Issei whose only crime perhaps was looking after the welfare of the less fortunate countrymen, MP's questioning look at a Nisei visiting his folks behind the barbed wire are all satirical humor along the line of editorial or political cartoons.

Whether it was so intended or not, these cartoons are serious, thought provoking and perhaps disturbing to some.

Why Publishing Now

Why the publication now — so late?

Author cartoonist Matsuoka explains it in this manner:

"I recall doing lots of sketches and there was plenty of time for that. Somehow my mother kept all my drawings and we came across them last year as we were cleaning our basement.

"I actually found myself chuckling over these rather crudely drawn cartoons. It brought back memories, both sad and good.

"My friends saw these and suggested that these be put on display because the younger generation, the Sansei," are greatly interested in things like this.

Recent Exhibit

"I took this up with Hideo Shirayanagi, vice president of the Bank of Tokyo and he graciously permitted me to use their conference room in the Japan Center.

"I sort of kept track of Caucasian visitors reactions and what I found out was rather disturbing. The older people recollected something about the Japanese nationals being forced to evacuate but then it was wartime and such drastic measures were probably necessitated for national security reason.

"The ultimate was when a young couple from Phoenix dropped in and casually remarked that there was no such place called Poston in Arizona.

Upsetting Ignorance

"This was really upsetting but what irritated me more was the idea that majority of the general public especially the younger generation are totally unaware of the fact that such camps did exist in the United States.

"With all that has been written about these camps? Why?

"The answer came from an unexpected source. An Asian student at U.C. asked me if I read a book about the struggle of the Ainu people in the present day society in Japan? I was sorry to say that I didn't even know that such books were available. But it did make one point very clear.

"It was simple fact that I was not interested in who they were and what happened or was happening to them. Therefore, I never bothered to pick up a book on them. The same can be said of the general public's attitude toward the plight of some 110,000 persons of Japanese ancestry.

"Those living in Dallas, Miami, Boston or Green Bay could care less.

Create Interest

"What then can be done creating this interest?

"I know there are few influential organizations active in promoting programs to educate the public about such happenings, and to make them aware that such things can very well happen again.

"I don't know to what extent a cartoon book can help in such movements but I do know that grade level students are more likely to pick up a cartoon book and glance through it than they would on a scholarly looking text-like books. To borrow an old cliche — if one student picks up this cartoon book and after glancing through it asks his teacher about the content, then the prime purpose of this book — "to create an interest' has been accomplished.

"It is hoped that this cartoon book will help in lessening the number of people who will give you a blank look over such names as Manzanar, Topaz, Tule Lake, Minidoka, Heart Mountain, Gila River, Amache, Rohwar, Jerome and Poston."

Japanese Proverb

Kyuyu ni masaru kagami nashi. "There is no better mirror than an old friend." An old friend will not hesitate to tell you when you are in the wrong.

"For the Finest in Travel Service"

Mitsuiline Travel Service
327 E. 1st St., Los Angeles, Calif.
Tel. (213) 625-1505

Fred Takata

—PRESENTS—

FAMILY NISEI FUN TOUR TO JAPAN
Departing: Aug. 6, 1973 via Canadian Pacific and Japan Air Lines

This tour will overnight in Vancouver, B.C. on the way to Japan. A special sightseeing trip has been arranged the following morning of Vancouver, before continuing on to Tokyo. You will return via Japan Air Lines and will have the option of stopping over in Honolulu if you so desire. The tour in Japan will cover the entire country for the first time, from Hokkaido in Northern Japan to the Southern Island of Kyushu. This will be a complete tour using deluxe accommodations throughout to assure you and your family the very best tour possible to Japan. We invite you to join this group now, since we are now finalizing all reservations.

NISEI FUN TOUR TO MEXICO
Departing: Aug. 10, 1973 via Mexicana or Western Airlines

This is an exciting ten day tour that will take you to beautiful Mexico City with its colorful Ballet Folklorico, Bull Fights and the pyramids of the Aztec Civilization, then on to Merida, Uxmal, Chichen Itza with its beautiful pyramids of the Mayan Cultures. You will then enjoy the beautiful Island of Cozumel located in the clear blue waters of the Carribean and then on to fabulous Acapulco. The real highlights of Mexico are rolled into one tour to give you a perfect vacation for the whole family. We are now accepting reservations for this tour, but we suggest that you get your reservation in very soon.

U.S.A. AND EASTERN CANADA TOUR
Departing: Sept. 16, 1973 via American Airlines

Visit Chicago with its famous museums, Niagara Falls in all its splendor, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal in Eastern Canada, New York with its famous skyscrapers, Washington, D.C. with its famous monuments, Orlando with its Disney World, New Orleans where Jazz was born, Houston with its Astrodome is considered the 8th Wonder of the World and NASA (Mission Control) for Apollo, El Paso with its neighbor Juarez in Mexico and the famous Carlsbad Caverns. A great Adventure awaits your arrival on this fabulous tour. Reservations should be made as early as possible since space will be limited.

AUTUMN NISEI FUN TOUR
Departing: Sept. 16, 1973 via Japan Airlines

This most popular tour going to Japan has a special spot reserved for you and we look forward to having you aboard. This tour has been covered by TV, radio and the press on many occasions in Japan and is well known by the Hotels, Restaurants and Tourist attractions throughout Japan. If you enjoy going first cabin and getting the best in attention, may we suggest that you join us now for this most memorable visit to Japan.

NISEI FUN TOUR TO THE SOUTH PACIFIC
Departing: Oct. 12, 1973 via Air New Zealand and BOAC

This will mark our second tour to the South Pacific after a very successful tour last year. There have been some new things added to this year's tour to make it even more exciting for each tour member. The tour will visit Tahiti, New Zealand, Australia and Fiji over a three week period with an option to stopover in Honolulu on the way home. The South Pacific is fast becoming the leading tourist area and there are still many places that have not received many tourists and we plan to take you to these areas where you can enjoy nature as it really is, before the hotels and other resorts begin to blossom in these areas. Visit the South Pacific now, why you can enjoy the beauty of these areas as you've always pictured them to be. Reservations are a must for this tour and we are now accepting reservations.

Naris
cosmetics
"Naris is the difference"
3830 Crenshaw Blvd. • Crenshaw Square
Los Angeles, Calif. 90008
(213) 299-2118

CLASSIFIEDS

• Announcement

MEN OR Women—If you are interested in earning $770 per month, part time with only $1950 to invest, fully returnable, call COLLECT, Mr. Peters (213) 243-1981.

$150 WEEKLY possible addressing mail for firms. Begin immediately. Details—send stamped, envelope. Fortune Enterprises, Box 607, Canutillo, Texas 79835.

• Employment

Mechanical Electrical Engineer

Kaiser Foundation Hospital seeks a Mechanical/Electrical Engineer to work as a member of team of professionals in planning medical facilities. Responsibilities will include monitoring specifications, prepared by outside architectural and engineering firms, developing designs and design modifications to existing systems, establishing design criteria, evaluating proposals, etc. Applicant must have a bachelors degree of equivalent in eng. with a min. of 3 yrs. exp. Hospital exp. desirable. Salary commensurate with qualifications and experience. Exceptional employer pair benefits.
Prompt consideration will be given to those submitting detailed letter or resume.
Reply to:
KAISER FOUNDATION HOSPITALS
Dept. of Facilities Planning,
Suite 503, 1515 N. Vermont Ave.,
Los Angeles, Ca. 90027
Equal Opportunity Employer

HOUSEKEEPER—LIVE-IN. Lovely Beverly Hills Home. Private room and bath in separate wing. Color TV, no children. Salary open. Might consider day work or couple. Call (213) 271-7608 after 5 p.m.

• Real Estate-

20 PLUS acres in beautiful, fast growing California City. High above the smog, healthy climate, the place of the future. Owner moving. Call (213) 758-2677.

Toyo Printing
Offset - Letterpress - Linotyping
309 S. SAN PEDRO ST.
Los Angeles 12 — MAdison 6-8153

1973 CHEVROLET
Fleet Price to All—Ask for
FRED MIYATA
Hansen Chevrolet
11351 W. Olympic Blvd West L.A.
479-4411 Res. 826-9805

Wesley WSCS Cookbook
13th PRINTING
Oriental and Favorite Recipes Donation $2.50 Handling 50c. Wesley United Methodist Church, 566 N. 5th St., San Jose, Calif.

SAITO REALTY CO.
HOMES • INSURANCE
One of the Largest Selections
2421 W. Jefferson, L.A.
RE 1-2121
JOHN TY SAITO & ASSOCIATES

MARUKYO
Kimono Store
101 Weller St.
Los Angeles
628-4369
京

Ask for . . .
'Cherry Brand'
MUTUAL SUPPLY CO.
1090 Sansome St., S.F. 11

Mikawaya
Sweet Shop
244 E. 1st St.
Los Angeles MA 8-4935

REPAIRING REGULATING
Artistic Piano Tuning
By HIRAOKA
With Yamaha Tuning Scope
YOICHI HIRAOKA
Tel.: (213) 294-2811
(Call before Noon or Evenings)

Los Angeles Japanese Casualty Insurance Assn.
— Complete Insurance Protection —

Aihara Ins. Agy., Aihara-Omatsu-Kakita-Fujioka 250 E. 1st St	626-9625	
Anson Fujioka Agy., 321 E. 2nd, Suite 500	626-4393	263-1109
Funakoshi Ins. Agy., Funakoshi-Kagawa-Manaka-Morey 321 E. 2nd St	626-5275	462-7406
Hirohata Ins. Agy., 322 E. Second St	628-1214	287-8605
Inouye Ins. Agy., 15029 Sylvanwood Ave., Norwalk		864-5774
Joe S. Itano & Co., 318½ E. 1st St		624-0758
Tom T. Ito, 595 N. Lincoln, Pasadena 794-7189 (L.A.)		681-4411
Minoru 'Nix' Nagata, 1497 Rock Haven, Monterey Park		268-4554
Steve Nakaji, 4566 Centinela Ave	391-5931	837-9150
Sato Ins. Agy., 366 E. 1st St	629-1425	261-6519

IMPRESS SOMEONE
Your mother. Wife. Big Brother. Boss.
Girl Friend. Neighbor. Bookie.
Maybe Even Your Dentist.
Just Rent or Lease an Impressive 1973 Car
From
Auto-Ready, Inc.
"We're Ready When You Are"
208 S. San Pedro St. Los Angeles 90012
624-3721

Empire Printing Co.
COMMERCIAL and SOCIAL PRINTING
English and Japanese
114 Weller St., Los Angeles 90012 MA 8-7060

Chick Sexing Course
(18-weeks)
• Starting September, 1973
• Accepting applications now.
• Prepare for an income of up to $24,000 a year.
• Approved for Veterans training.
• Limited enrollment
• Evening classes; can work days.
Send for Free Brochure and Application Form
AMERICAN®
CHICK SEXING SCHOOL
222 Prospect Ave., Lansdale, Pa. 19446

— Business and — Professional Guide

Your Business Card placed in each issue for 25 weeks at:
3 lines (minimum) $25
Each additional line $6 per line

• Greater Los Angeles

FLOWER VIEW GARDENS FLORIST
1801 N. Western Ave. (213) 466-7373
Art Ito welcomes your Floral Gift orders for the Greater L.A. Area. Mention PC.

JACL Group Health Ins.
Jimmy Gozawa • (213) 765-9715
7359 Cleon Ave., Sun Valley 91352

NISEI FLORIST
In the Heart of Li'l Tokyo
328 E. 1st St. MA 8-5606
Fred Moriguchi Memb. Teleflora

YAMATO EMPLOYMENT AGENCY
312 E. 1st St., Los Angeles 90012
MA 4-2821
New Opening Daily

YAMATO TRAVEL BUREAU
312 E. 1st St., L.A. (90012)
MA 4-6021

• Watsonville, Calif.

TOM NAKASE REALTY
Acreage Ranches - Homes
Income
Tom T. Nakase, Realtor
25 Clifford Ave. (408) 724-6477

• San Jose, Calif.

EDWARD T. MORIOKA, Realtor
Service Through Experience
Bus.: 246-6606 Res.: 241-9554

• Sacramento, Calif.

Wakano-Ura
Sukiyaki • Chop Suey
Open 11 - 11 Closed Monday
2217 10th St. — GI 8-6231

• Seattle, Wash.

Imperial Lanes
2101 — 22nd Ave. So. EA 5-2525
Nisei Owned — Fred Takagi, Mgr.

Kinomoto Travel Service
Frank Y. Kinomoto
521 Main St. MA 2-1522

• Washington, D.C.

MASAOKA - ISHIKAWA AND ASSOCIATES, INC.
Consultants — Washington Matters
2021 L St. NW (20036)

Support PC Advertisers

— 24 Hour Emergency —
"We Do Anything In Glass"
PESKIN & GERSON GLASS CO.
Est. 1949 — Licensed Contractor
Store Fronts - Insurance Replacements
Sliding Glass Doors - Louvres - Mirrors
Glass Tops - Plate Window & Auto Glass - Free Estimates
724 S. San Pedro St., L.A. 90014
(213) 622-8243

Nanka Printing
2024 E. 1st St.
Los Angeles, Calif.
ANgelus 8-7835

Appliances - TV - Furniture
TAMURA And Co., Inc.
The Finest in Home Furnishings
3420 W. Jefferson Blvd.
Los Angeles 18
RE 1-7261

Complete Home Furnishings
Koby's Appliances
15130 S Western Av
Gardena, DA 4-6444, FA 1-2123

NISEI Established 1936 TRADING CO.
• Appliances - TV - Furniture
348 E. FIRST ST., L.A. 12
MAdison 4-6601 (2, 3, 4)

Aloha Plumbing
PARTS & SUPPLIES
— Repairs Our Specialty —
1948 S. Grand, Los Angeles
RI 9-4371

ED SATO
PLUMBING AND HEATING
Remodel and Repairs Water Heaters, Garbage Disposals Furnaces
— Servicing Los Angeles —
AX 3-7000 RE 3-0557

NEW LOCATION
Kimura PHOTOMART
Cameras and Photographic Supplies
316 E. 2nd St., Los Angeles
622-3968

TOYO Miyatake STUDIO
318 East First Street
Los Angeles, Calif.
MA 6-5681

CINCINNATI ECHOES: Joe Oyama

Memories of Pain

Cincinnati, Ohio

Criticism is often levelled at the Nisei about a profound experience that they cannot adequately put into words nor care to express. There is a Japanese saying, "Silence speaks louder than thunder."

The experience of internment was a bottomless sort of thing. When the tall, wide wired gates sturdily protected at top with layers of protruding barbed-wire opened wide at the Santa Anita Assembly Center to let our busload of men, women and children in, and the gates shut closed, something indescribable happened to our psyche.

Just outside of the fence, life was going on as usual, so we thought in our deeply subjective feelings. The contrast of the bright Southern California sun reflecting on the shimmering palm trees and the bright impressive horse race stadium with its surrounding auxiliary buildings and the spacious well-kept grounds with red and yellow flowers, contrasted wildly with the row upon row of grim, black tar-papered barracks covering the entire parking area as far as one's eyes could see . . .

It wasn't so much the physical discomforts of the camp—the mass diarrhea we had to endure one day, nor the open toilets or the blackouts at night in fear of possible "raiding Jap planes", or the spotlights zero-ing in on you at night, but it was seeing the crowd of people almost ten deep at the entrance gate, watching and waiting to see who was coming in next, and seeing people pull their baggages and some household goods, some of them on toy carts, trying to make some semblance out of their disrupted lives . . .

It was the loneliness at high noon listening to the clatter of the tin utensils from the huge mess halls labeled, Red, Green, Blue, and looking at the steps that led to the screened entrance. This was regimentation.

* * *

It was the incongruity of a brilliant 19-year-old Nisei teaching law to a group of depressed Nisei in a darkly lit barrack, and a well-meaning UCLA graduate Nisei psychologist organizing a "democratic self-government" under internment conditions, and seeing a 5-year-old Sansei niece playing inside of a barrack with no place to go.

It was taking a walk early in the morning to see the sun rise and seeing over 100 Issei kneeling on the ground, their heads bowed in prayer, and watching young boys their hands grasping the wired fence, looking toward the sign on the theater marquee in the distance.

Oh, yes, there was levity and time for laughs like the time a Nisei girl ordered something through either Montgomery Ward or Sears and Roebuck only to have sent to her—a genuine, horse collar, because she lived in one of the horse stables or was it a morbid coincidence.

But it was working on the camp paper and writing about democracy in the editorials and reprinting bureaucratic directives, and having a group of educators come to observe our office and see them shake their heads, their eyes wet, unbelieving as they looked at our copies of the Nation or New Republic and other magazines, staunch defenders of democracy. They shook their heads and silently left.

* * *

The Sansei will never know, like the people who were living on the other side of the fence, who were telling us to "keep our chins up, we're all having a bad time, after all we're at war!"

It wasn't the discomfort of taking a century old train with kerosene lamps with black shades drawn to a relocation camp deep in Arkansas from Santa Anita, but it was seeing the faces of the thousands of people we saw for the last time.

It was the uncertainity of the future (what if Japan won the war?) with the Hearst press crying for our blood—"send them back to Japan," etc. We knew that we were pawns in wartime America, and it was not until the news of the sacrifice of the 442nd and 100th became known that were our hopes to rise.

We were then catapulted from camps into feverish wartime America, with rationing, manpower shortage where everyone seemed to be in uniforms (even women) and everyone seemed to be marching. Unless you wore a uniform you were out of step.

While the bodies of the Nisei were being blown up in this world holocaust, some of their homes on the West Coast were being vandalized and burnt, and cremated bodies of Nisei GIs were being shipped home.

There were feelings at times that the forces of Evil were overwhelming until remedial legislation for the Japanese went into effect.

* * *

The echoes of the Evacuation are gone, but memories lie deep in the collective psyche of the Nisei.

Watergate, again, brings to mind how the greatest proponents of "Law and Order," like the evacuation order, disregard existing constitutional law. The victims in this instance are all of us, and the scars remain.

Sakura Script

By JIM HENRY

High Prices—On the basis of this writer living in Japan for some years, I have several recommendations to make for all readers planning to go there:

1—Pay in advance for package tours.

2—Make the stay there as short as possible and go instead to South Korea, Philippines, Indonesia, Malaysia and Thailand.

Potpourri

What this writer cannot understand is the fact that the Japanese quietly submit to such outrageously high prices without complaining. If the same high prices were to appear in the United States, the Government here would be toppled — something is amiss —somewhere?

* * *

Newspapers — When you visit Japan, the first thing you might notice about the Japanese newspapers is that you can get the popular Tokyo papers in any city or town in the nation. There are three major papers (Asahi, Mainichi and Yomiuri) which publish morning and evening editions nationwide.

Each one has a circulation of several millions — that means more than half of all Japanese families are subscribers to the big three.

If you want to subscribe to the Los Angeles Times from the East Coast or would like to read the New York Times in Los Angeles, you usually have to wait for the mailman. But in Japan, almost everyone in any place has the leading papers, all of whose headquarters are located in Tokyo.

* * *

Owning a Car — Tokyo is probably the toughest place in the world to find a parking place.

Yet 6 million vehicles—cars, trucks, buses and motorcycles —move on the streets of Tokyo every day.

The streets are narrow and twisting, and parking is off limits on most. If it were allowed, they would be blocked.

What's more, land prices in the downtown area of the city —at up to $5,000 per square foot — are so steep that investment in ordinary parking lots simply doesn't pay.

Tokyo provides some underground parking, but prices are sky-high. A regular parking place may cost three times more than an average Japanese family pays for rent. But a parking spot has become a necessity for many Japanese. A Tokyo resident cannot legally buy a car until he proves he has a place to put it.

Local Scene

Los Angeles

Stars will shine when the local Asian communities celebrate and display their cultures, customs and traditions at the Day of the Lotus, Saturday, July 14 at Echo Park. The "stars" will be the many Oriental newspersons, actors, actresses and entertainers who will perform at the event which will be held from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. The festival is scheduled for the second year to time with the blooming of the lotus blossoms at the north end of the lake.

The Dames, sponsors of the 1973 Nisei Week baby show being held Aug. 11 at Koyasan Hall, said applications are being limited to the first 200 entrants by Aug. 1, according to Mmes. Pat Takanashi and Akemi Sakoda, co-chairmen. Applications are available at most Sumitomo Bank and Bank of Tokyo offices in the two county area, Toyo Miyatake, Kimura Photomart, Mikawaya and other shops where many Nikkei patronize. Winners in the 5 yr.-6 yr. 11 mos. category will ride as prince and princess in the Nisei Week parade.

San Francisco

Some 150 Japanese community residents availed themselves to the free medical screenings during the "Health Weekend" held June 23-24 at San Francisco District Health Center No. 5. It involved some 200 medical professionals, para-professionals and community volunteers and sponsored by United Japanese Community Services (UJCS).

San Diego

The Union of Pan Asian Communities (UPAC) of San Diego County endorsed the Outreach Program initiated under the city's Public Employment Program. It was under this program that the Chinese Social Service Center has hired a worker to define community needs and devise means to meet them. The Filipino-American organizations have already compiled a list of their community activities, while similar needs in the Japanese American and Guamanian communities here have been revealed.

Drum-bugle corps seeks donations

LOS ANGELES—The "Third Generation" drum and bugle corps, initially underwritten by the Japanese American Optimist Club, is in need of community support, according to Edwin Hiroto, corps advisory committee chairman.

To help meet the cost of instruments for the 60-member corps, the parents have pledged $4,000 toward the $10,000 bill with the remainder expected to be met by membership in the Advisory Committee. Basic support is the $10 sustaining membership and $25 or more for patron or corporate memberships.

The corps is comprised of Sansei between ages 11 and 21. No experience is necessary, according to Mrs. Lil Okawa (722-0371) and Mrs. Grace Kimura (268-6714).

NEWS CAPSULES

Education

Robert Mizusawa, youngest of three sons of Mrs. Tomoko Mizusawa of Garden Grove, Calif., who graduated 15th in his class of 411 at Santiago High, will use his National Merit Scholarship as a biology major at Loyola University.

A National JACL (Dr. Terami Memorial) scholarship awardee, **Mrs. Marge Yoder,** daughter of the Mitsu Haradas of Rocky Ford, Colo., finished her junior year with a 4.0 GPA at Colorado State and will be student teaching at Poudre High.

George S. Iwasaki, 38, electronics instructor, and a past Seattle JACL president, was named "Educator of the Year" in community college district. Nominated by students and faculty, the North Seattle College instructor has been teaching since 1960 in the public school system and joined the college faculty in 1966.

Los Angeles Times grants-in-aid were presented to 300 area high school seniors, including five Nikkei: **Katharine K. Katsumata** of Gardena High, **Katherine Nakamura** of Roosevelt, **Gail S. Yamamoto** of San Pedro, **Carol H. Isago** of University and **Janice R. Okazaki** of Venice. Grants were each worth $250. The funds are generated by the Times Indoor Games, Charity Football Game and Grand Prix for Sport Cars.

A UC Berkeley Phi Beta Kappa graduate in electronic engineering and computer science, **Randall A. Tamura,** son of the Spud Tamuras of Los Angeles, accepted a research assistant grant and scholarship from Princeton. He graduated from Eagle Rock High in 1969 with honors and studied two years at Harvey Mudd College before transferring to Berkeley.

Univ. of Colorado graduate **Gordon E. Uno,** son of the Hirato Unos of Roggen, Colo., was among 14 in the college of arts and sciences receiving the first Jacob Van Eck Awards in recognition of scholastic merit and contribution to the intellectual life of the academic community.

Named to new administrative assignments announced by Los Angeles School Supt. William J. Johnston for the next school year were: Vice-principal **Geoffrey S. Doi** of Broadacres Ave. Elementary School, now principal of 28th St. School; **Harry Nishisaka,** executive director of Asian American Education Commission, now principal of Brockton Ave. School; **Mrs. June Ushijima,** principal of 28th St. School, now principal of Grant Elementary School.

Grace Shimizu, a junior American Studies major at Occidental College of Los Angeles, was one of five Occidental students leaving the United States last month for 10 weeks in Africa as part of "Operation Crossroads Africa Program." She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Susumo Shimizu of Berkeley.

Radio-TV

KABC Talkradio has added **Kei Takahashi,** 21, to its staff as sales coordinator. The recent Loyola University graduate in business administration had assisted KABC's ombudsman service as a college intern this past year and also worked with the KLOS-FM sales department.

Book

"Five Gentlemen of Japan", a study of the Japanese character by **Frank Gibney,** editor of the Encyclopedia Brittanica's Japanese-language edition, has been reissued by Tuttle in June as a paperback ($3.50). It first appeared in hardcover form in 1953.

Fine Arts

Internationally known designer **Tadao E. Inouye** of Los Angeles has U.S. Patent Office approval for two original designs in furniture: a pedestal for a table (#D2227214) and frame for a seat (#D227-527). A graduate of Chouinard Art School, Inouye has designed furniture commercially and in 1969, his famous classic Kantan Chair was selected for the prestigious "Please Be Seated" show, sponsored by the American Federation of Arts in collaboration with the Cooper-Hewitt Museum of Design, Smithsonian Institution.

JACL CHARTER FLIGHTS—Showing off a round red sticker with the 1000 Club knight symbol for the traveler's suitcase and a white and blue JACL 1000 Club pennant that tour guides will hoist, the ideas were the brainchild of PSWDC 1000 Club Chairman Akira Ohno. Life member Fred Takata of Downtown L.A. JACL and Mitsuiline had the pennants made.

1000 CLUB NOTES: Dr. Frank Sakamoto

Thank You, Mitsuiline

Chicago

On behalf of the 1000 Club members, I would like to thank the "heavies" like Fred Takata of Mitsuiline at this time. Of course the bright idea of a tour flag should be given to Aki Ono, PSW 1000 Club chairman, who had a difficult time leading his 1000 Club tour members in Japan.

So now you, 1000 Club members, whenever you are on tour, watch for this flag and be sure to get 1000 Club suitcase stickers, so your baggage will not be shipped to other ports.

The pleasure of visiting Los Angeles was meeting PSW governor Helen Kawagoe at Merit Savings who will ask you in a gracious way to open a large savings account and when she walks up to you with her body movements, it will be very hard to say no. I also met the mayor of Little Tokyo, Al Hatate, who states that not many people live too long if they do not do business with Merit.

I also met the prominent Dr. Paul Tsukahara of Gardena who used to practice in Chicago. Anyone visiting L.A. must stop in to see Mrs. Betty Yumori for her famous cocktail parties of sashimi, abalone, and scotch. Thank you, Betty! Incidentally I met some other gracious people — such as Susie Oi, June Lee and June Bingo who certainly made my visit to L.A. a memorable one.

For those contemplating a JACL flight, here are the regulations (in the adjoining columns).

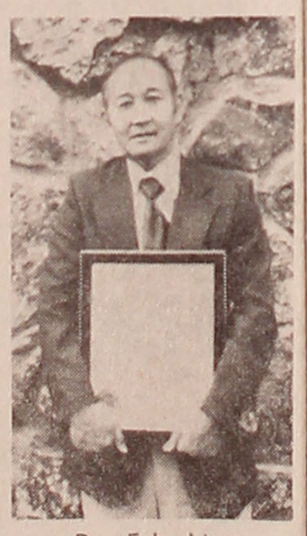
Nat'l High School Athletic Coaches Assn. recognizes Nisei mentor

JACKSON HOLE, Wyo.—Dan Fukushima of Piedmont Hills High School, San Jose, Calif., was presented with the National Basketball Coach-of-the-Year award at the annual convention of the National High School Athletic Coaches Association last month (June 29) with more than 700 coaches in atttendance.

The selection was made on the basis of over-all coaching record, professional honors, and contribution to the sport and to the highest and best in amateur athletics.

National Coaches - of - the - Year in other sports are:

Football—Ron Bracewich, Cincinnati, Ohio; Baseball—James Phipps, Skokie, Illinois; Track—Nathan Long, Salt Lake City, Utah; Wrestling—Jerry Halmrast, Bismarck, North Dakota.



Dan Fukushima

Coaching Since 1947

The 1973 National Basketball Coach-of-the-Year began his career serving as student coach at UC-Berkeley, 1947-50. He was head coach at East Contra Costa Junior College when the Vikings took runner up honors in the small colleges tournament.

He was at James Lick High School for 22 years as an English instructor and publications director. During his tenure at James Lick, his teams compiled 350 wins against 198 losses and had 17 consecutive winning seasons.

Fukushima has lectured at numerous clinics and has conducted basketball clinics throughout Japan in 1964 and 1967. Named Teacher-of-the-Year in 1967, he was also Santa Clara Valley Coach-of-the-Year. He was named head coach of the West All-Stars in the 1968 East-West Game, and again named Coach-of-the-Year in 1969-70.

He received the Kiwanis Distinguished Service Award and awards for Service to the Youth of the Community from the Lions Club, Rotary, and Optimists.

25th-Year Honors

Last year, his 25th year in coaching, he was named winner of the William S. Rockwell Award presented annually to the California Coach-of-the-Year, and in his fourth term as National Basketball Chairman, was given the title of "the Nation's most honored high school basketball coach."

At the District VIII headquarters in Oregon, last April, Fukushima was named winner of the District VIII Coach-of-the-Year award which encompasses the western states of Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Alaska and Hawaii. Earlier this year he served on the 7-Up Basketball clinic staff which included Gene Bartow, Memphis State University; Guy Lewis, University of Houston; George Raveling, Washington State University; and Bob Knight, Indiana University.

Fukushima is accompanying the U.S. Prep All-Star this month as advisory coach for a series of ten basketball games in Mexico City. He will also conduct basketball clinics at the University of Mexico, Vera Cruz Naval Academy, and at Poza Rica.

On his return from Mexico, he is scheduled to speak at the Virginia Coaches convention in Roanoke, and at the Oklahoma State Coaches clinics at Tulsa University and Oral Roberts University.

1000 CLUB CORNER

Memberships for June

* Fifty Club ** Century Club *** Corporate

National Headquarters acknowledges 99 new and renewing memberships in the 1000 Club during the first half of June:

CENTURY CLUB (First Year)
Aratani, Geo T (DTLA)
Sadataki, Wm S (Cle)
Shimamoto, Geo G (NY)

FIFTY CLUB (First Year)
Rikimaru, J I (SMat)
Ushijima, Geo W (Ala)

ALAMEDA
19—Ushijima, Geo W**
7—Ushijima, James

BAY AREA
11—Wada, Yukio

CHICAGO
4—Aoba, Dr T J
1—Goodland, Mrs Eiko
2—Hamamoto, Ayako
2—Kadoi, Stanley
7—Kaihatsu, Omar
4—Katagiri, Shiro
1—Nixon, Daniel
1—Okada, Yasushi
4—Payne, Mrs Fumiko
2—Sonoda, Jeff
21—Wesley, Dr Newton

CLEVELAND
18—Kadowaki, Joe
12—Sadataki, W S **
19—Suzuki, George

DETROIT
1—Oda, Roy

DOWNTOWN L.A.
25—Aratani, Geo T**
23—Kushida, Tats
17—Mayekawa, Shigeo
15—Nakajima, Ichiro
19—Sayano, George K

EDEN TOWNSHIP
1—Blount, Ronald
1—Gafkowski, Adolph Jr

FRENCH CAMP
8—Itaya, Yoshio T

FRESNO
11—Nishio, Dr Frank

GARDENA
12—Jow, Dr William M
25—Kobata, Joe
18—Minami, Sam
17—Nakaoka, Kiyoto Ken
1—Ogawa, Sumihisa
2—Sakai, Dr George M
1—Wald, Wayne S

LONG BEACH
7—Nakagawa, Fred S
19—Nakayama, Dr Leo
11—Sugiyama, Frank S

MARYSVILLE
3—Nakagawa, George
7—Rudge, Ronald

MILE HI
15—Kumagai, Samuel

MILWAUKEE
1—Jankowski, Mrs Sally
1—Meychar, Mrs Sachiko

NEW YORK
17—Shimamoto, Geo G**
16—Shiotani, Tatsuji M

OAKLAND
1—Kikuno, Mrs Joyce

ORANGE COUNTY
12—Chida, George
18—Goya, Tachio
13—Uyesugi, Mas

PHILADELPHIA
1—Dulkowski, Mrs Kazue L
20—Endo, S Sam
12—Horita, Kaz
6—Ikeda, Albert B
23—Iwasaki, Tetsuo
2—Shigeoka, Dr Edward H
1—Uehara, Miss Misao

PLACER
11—Uyeno, Koichi

POCATELLO
9—Endow, Kazuo

PUYALLUP VALLEY
17—Tanbara, Dr George
13—Tsuboi, Toshio

RENO
15—Baba, Mas

SACRAMENTO
1—Hamatake, Eddie
1—Miyagawa, Starr T

ST. LOUIS
9—Eto, William H
17—Oshima, Fred K

SALT LAKE CITY
2—Yagi, Jiro

S. FERNANDO VALLEY
17—Sakaguchi, Dr Bo

SAN FRANCISCO
20—Hironaka, David
1—Keeler, Mrs Hiroe K
12—Matsumura, Albert
15—Negi, Donald K
1—Takeda, Herbert S
19—Yamazaki, Warren T

SAN JOSE
6—Hashiguchi, K Clifford
7—Mineta, Helen

SAN LUIS OBISPO
2—Kawaoka, Kingo

SAN MATEO
10—Rikimaru, J I*

SANTA BARBARA
18—Hide, Mike Makio

SANTA MARIA
25—Shimizu, Harold Y

SEABROOK
7—Oye, Ted

SEATTLE
17—Kashiwagi, John M
17—Ogino, Rose
15—Toda, Dr Terrance M

SEQUOIA
6—Hiura, Dr Gregory M

SONOMA COUNTY
4—Tway, Mrs Michiko

STOCKTON
19—Hayashino, Harry S

TWIN CITIES
1—Haigh, Mrs Yoneko
1—Hashimoto, Mrs Haruko
1—Kawamura, Mrs Mary
1—Olson, Mrs Clifford
1—Petersen, Mrs Harlean
20—Tsuchiya, Takuzo

VENICE CULVER
13—Inagaki, Mrs Yaeko
2—Muise, Richard R

WASHINGTON, D.C.
6—Kuwabara, Dr Roger K
2—Otagaki, Dr Richard K

WEST VALLEY
6—Sakai, David M

WILSHIRE
25—Nishikawa, Dr Roy

MPDC (Misc.)
19—Matsubara, Charles S

PSWDC (Misc.)
1—Johns, Leonard

JACL REGULATIONS

Travel Projects Outside Mainland U.S.

(The regulations below have been adopted by the National JACL Board at its interim session at San Francisco, June 21-23, 1973).

1—Sponsoring Chapter or District Council must secure approval from the National JACL Travel Committee by submitting Travel Project Form at least 12 months prior to departure. (Application forms are available at National JACL Headquarters).

2—Scheduled airlines are to be contracted.

3—JACL-sponsored flights are limited to those who are Chapter and National JACL members at least six months prior to departure, in accordance with current Civil Aeronautics Board regulations. Such JACL-sponsored flights to be open to all regular JACL members in contrast to special members, i.e. 1000 Clubbers.

4—No charter or group affinity flights will be authorized which conflict with the dates of the JACL National Biennial Convention.

5—Publicity on such Chapter or District sponsored flights to be limited to Chapter bulletins and Pacific Citizen.

6—An official representative of the sponsoring Chapter or District and/or official representative of the carrier shall be on the round-trip flight.

7—A financial report on the flight shall be submitted to all flight passengers upon the conclusion of the flight.

Note: If flight is not approved by National JACL Travel Committee, National disclaims any and all liability, and Pacific Citizen will not accept any publicity for such unauthorized flights.

Government

Edward Yamamoto, JACL 1000 Club life member and Columbia Basin JACL president, was appointed by Moses Lake (Wash.) Mayor Otto M. Skaug as chairman of the city interracial commission.

Churches

The **Rev. Koju Terada** of the San Diego Buddhist Church participated in the Oriental seminar held July 2 at the Univ. of San Diego, conducting a Buddhist service in Founders Hall on the Catholic campus. Del Schneider, assistant professor of Oriental Studies, had invited the Buddhist Church of San Diego to participate.

Ben Fujita of the Plymouth Congregational Church in Montebello, Calif., was unanimously elected moderator of the Ad Hoc Committee for the Asian Caucus, United Church of Christ, at its meeting held in Fresno on June 9. Members from Sycamore Congregational Church, Hollywood Independent Church, Montebello Plymouth Congregational Church and Fresno Japanese Congregational Church met to finalize plans to present a proposal at the Ninth General Synod of the United Church of Christ, which met June 22 to 26 at St. Louis, Mo.

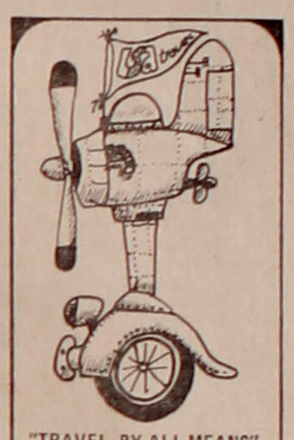
Rev. J. Emery Fleming, 44, of Southern California has been named new minister of Buena Vista United Methodist Church, Alameda. A former Presbyterian missionary to Japan the past decade, Rev. Fleming is fluent in the Japanese language, taught sociology at Meiji Gakuin University and Doshisha University. He and his wife, Miyeko, have two daughters and two sons.

Organizations

Howard T. Kubota, professor in marketing management at San Bernardino Valley College (and a Riverside JACLer), addressed some 200 incoming Rotary Club presidents and officials in leadership and management development at a district assembly June 15-16. He attended high school in Ogden, earned his BA and MA degrees at USC, served with the U.S. Army intelligence in Japan in the mid-1950s before returning to Los Angeles, where he eventually became merchandise staff manager for Thrifty Drug Co. until joining the college faculty in 1968.

Deaths

Mrs. Mine Abe, 96, of Los Angeles, long associated with the prewar Saji Trading Co., died June 28. Surviving are a s Danar, d Haseko Ambe (Japan), 11 gc and 11 ggc.



"TRAVEL, BY ALL MEANS"
LSA travel
LAWSON SAKAI ASSOCIATES
6116 Camino Verde Drive
San Jose, CA 95119
578-2630

Three Generations of Experience
FUKUI Mortuary, Inc.
707 E. Temple St.
Los Angeles 90012
626-0441
Soichi Fukui, President
James Nakagawa, Manager
Nobuo Osumi, Counsellor

Shimatsu, Ogata and Kubota Mortuary
911 Venice Blvd.
Los Angeles
RI 9-1449
SEIJI DUKE OGATA
R. YUTAKA KUBOTA

How would you like to realize a minimum net capital gains of 35% per annum
Minimum $15,000. Write for Details.
DYKE D. NAKAMURA
Registered and Licensed by the Tokyo Securities Exchange Commission
International Financial Counsellor and Fiduciary
REPRESENTING
YAMA KICHI SECURITIES CO.
100-C Tokyo Masonic Bldg.
1-3 Shibakoen 4-chome, Minato-ku
Tokyo, Japan (105) Tel. 432-4891/5

We've got a yen for your new car at a low interest rate:
Come Drive a Bargain with
THE BANK OF TOKYO OF CALIFORNIA
Member FDIC
San Francisco Main Office: Tel. (415) 981-1200
S.F. Japan Center Branch: Tel. (415) 981-1200
Mid-Peninsula Branch: Tel. (415) 941-2000
Oakland Branch: (415) 839-9900
San Jose Branch: Tel. (408) 298-2441
Westgate Branch: Tel. (408) 298-2441
Fresno Branch: Tel. (209) 233-0591
North Fresno Branch: Tel. (209) 233-0591
Los Angeles Main Office: Tel. (213) 687-9800
L.A. Downtown Branch: 616 W. 6th, (213) 627-2821
Montebello Branch: Tel. (213) 726-0081
Crenshaw-L.A. Branch: Tel. (213) 731-7334
Western L.A. Branch: Tel. (213) 391-0678
Gardena Branch: Tel. (213) 327-0360
Santa Ana Branch: Tel. (714) 541-2271
Panorama City Branch: Tel. (213) 893-6306
San Diego Branch: Tel. (714) 236-1199

VACATION TIME
Where? Trip to Japan
Trip to Europe
Trip to Anywhere
MAKE IT POSSIBLE THROUGH YOUR
National JACL Credit Union
Mail: P. O. Box 1721, Salt Lake City, Utah 84110
Office: 242 S. 4th East, Salt Lake City
Tel.: (801) 355-8040
Remember You Can Borrow Up to $1,500 on Your Signature

Low cost new auto loans!
Sumitomo Bank of California